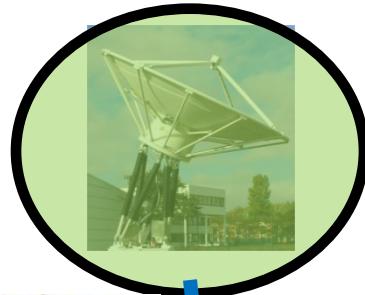


# SEASnet

Le réseau de stations de réception  
de l'IRD et ses partenaires

French Guyane, 05



French Polynesia, 04



French Guyane, 98



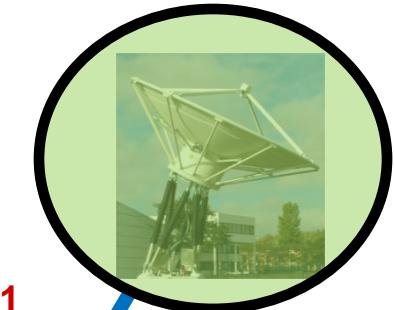
RU COOL



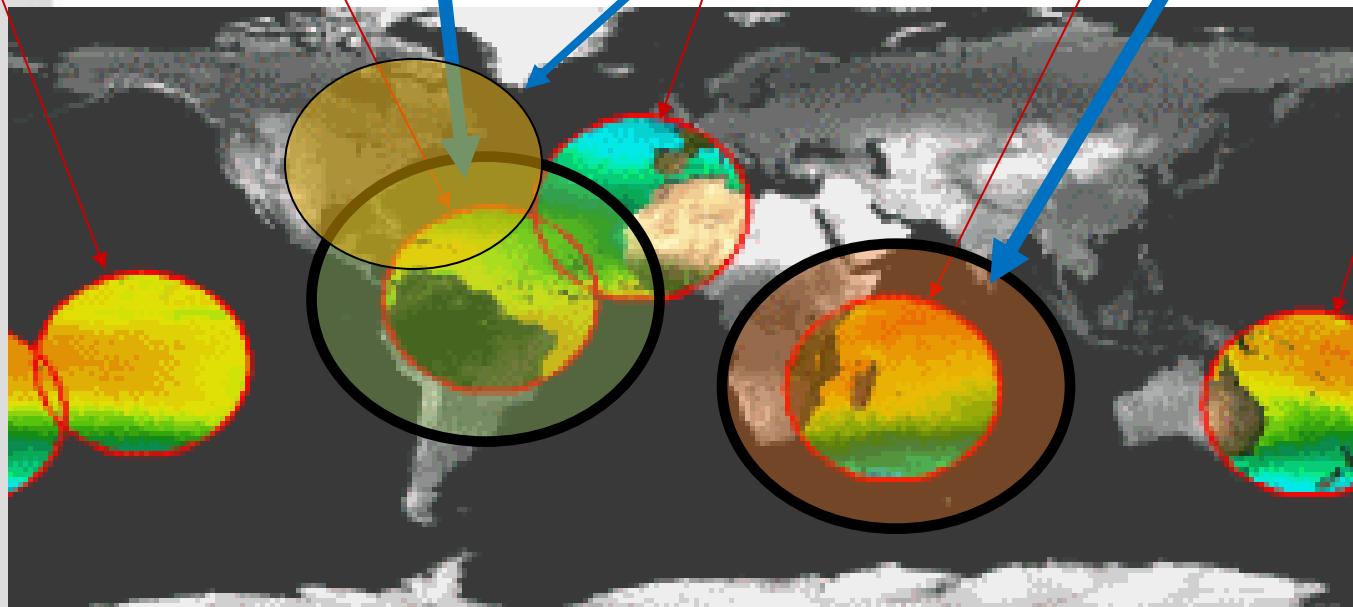
Réunion, 91

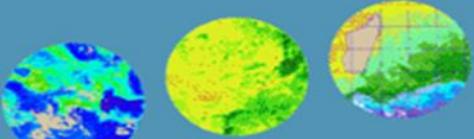
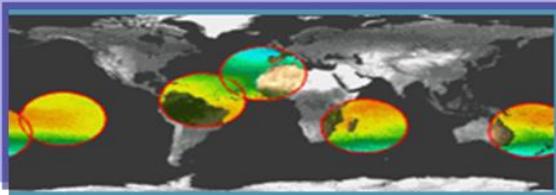


Réunion I, 11



New Caledonia, 97





**SEASnet**  
**CONSTELLATION**

**ASAR**

ASAR/ENVISAT



**Altimeter**

GEOSAT



JASON



ENVISAT

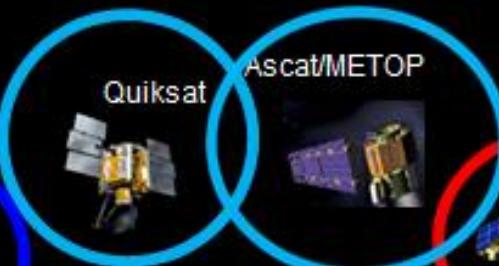


MERIS/ENVISAT



**Wind scatterometer**

Ascat/METOP



Aqua



Noaa 15



Noaa 17



Noaa 18



NOAA 19



**Multispectral EHR**

SPOT 2



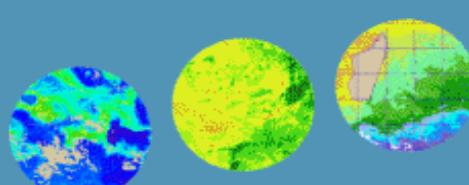
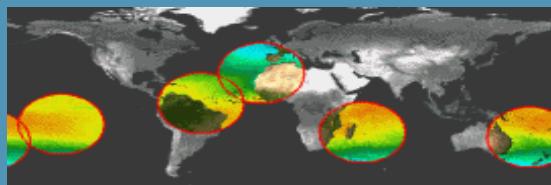
SPOT 4



SPOT 5



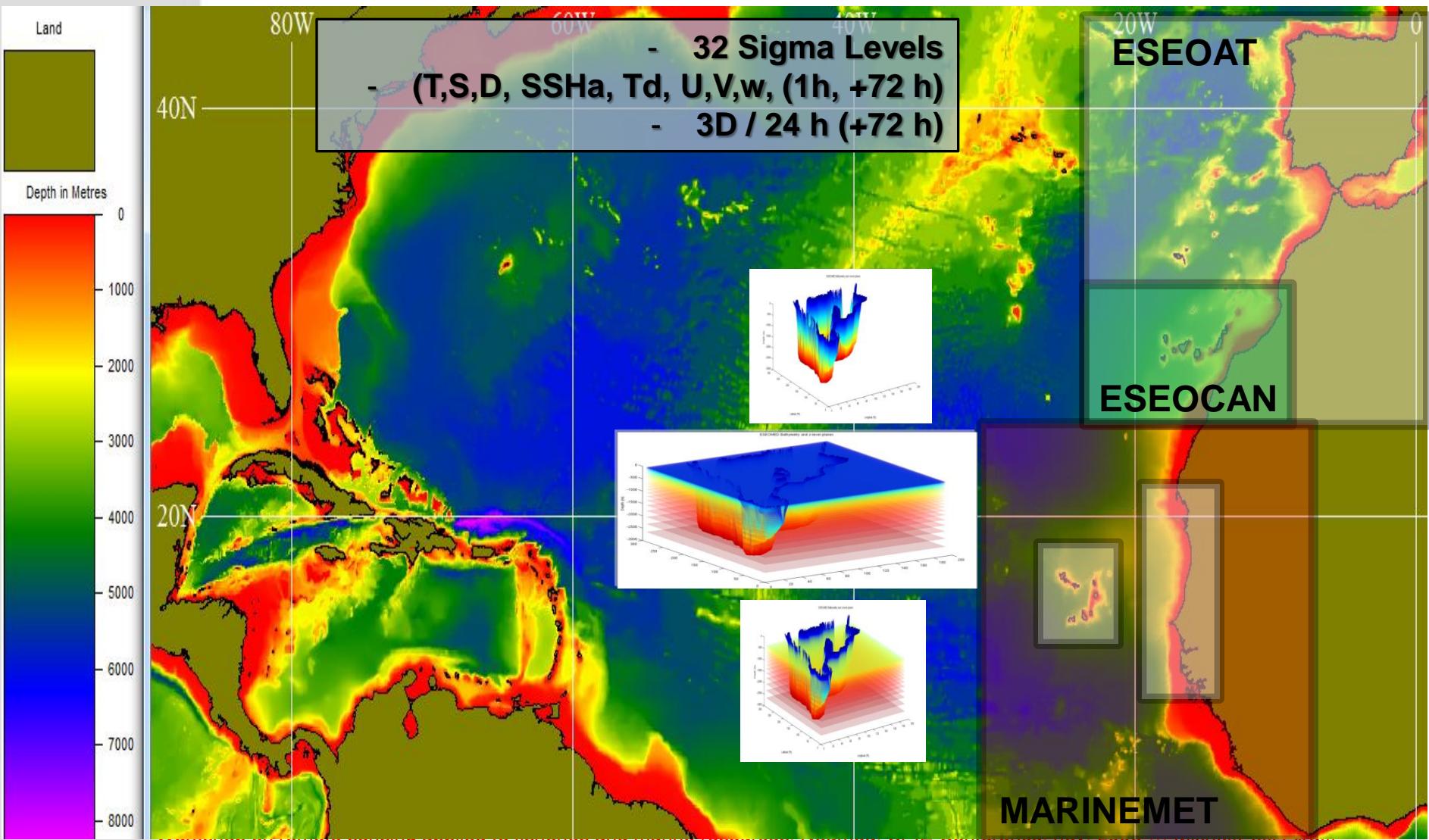
**Multispectral VIS / IR**

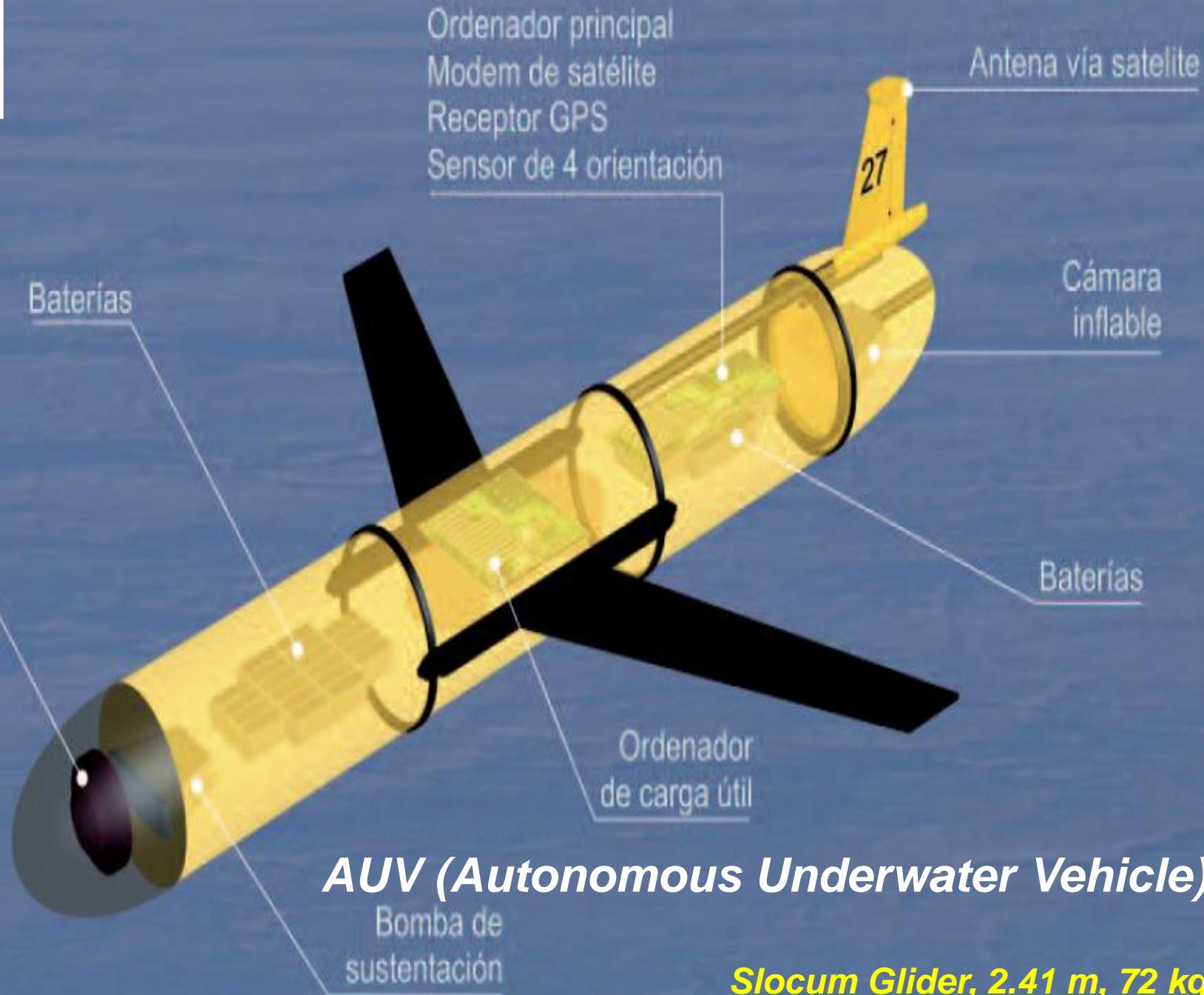


# SEASnet

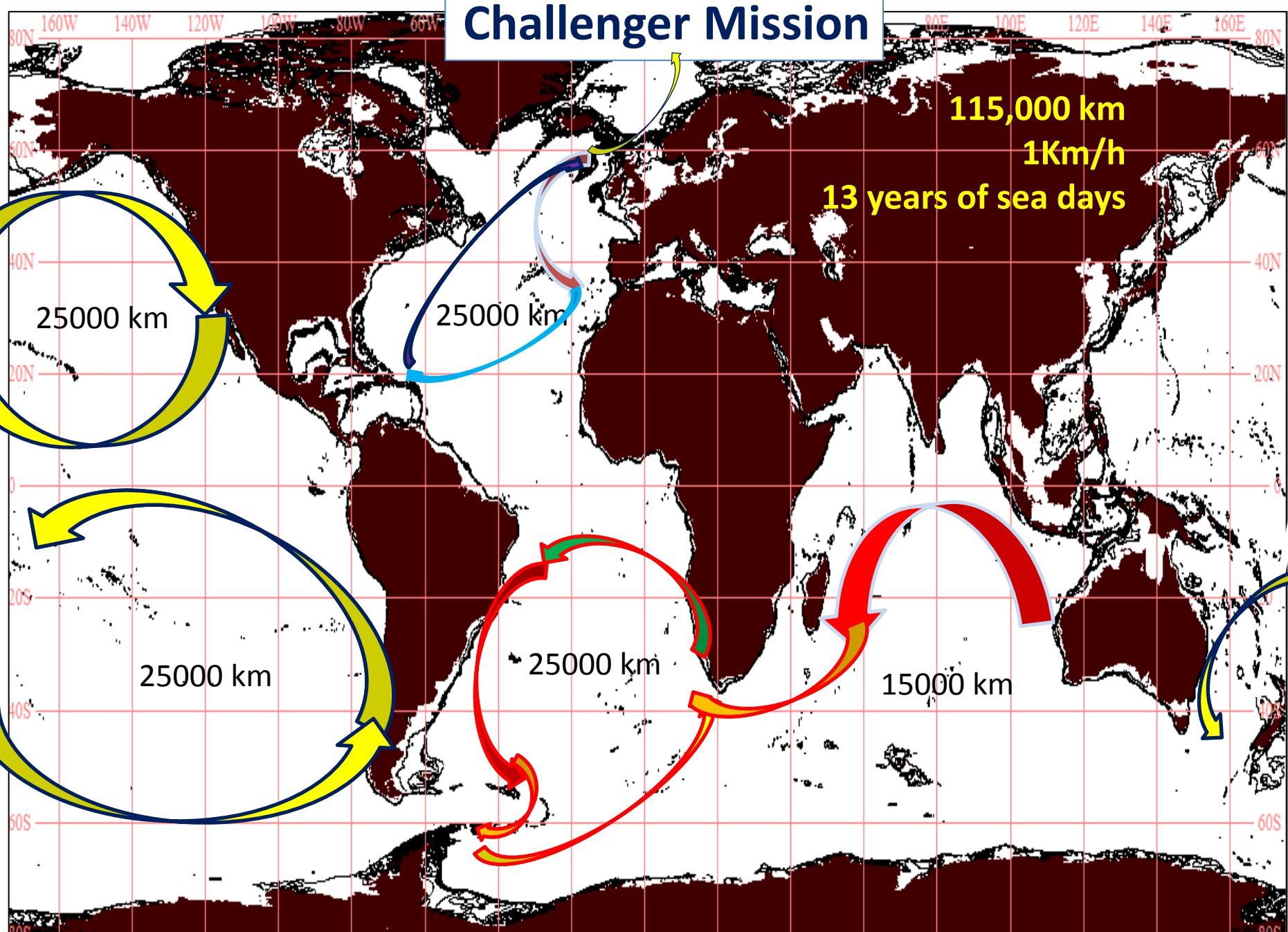
Le réseau de stations de réception  
de l'IRD et ses partenaires

## REGIONAL OCEAN MODEL. ESEOO domain. Data Sets.

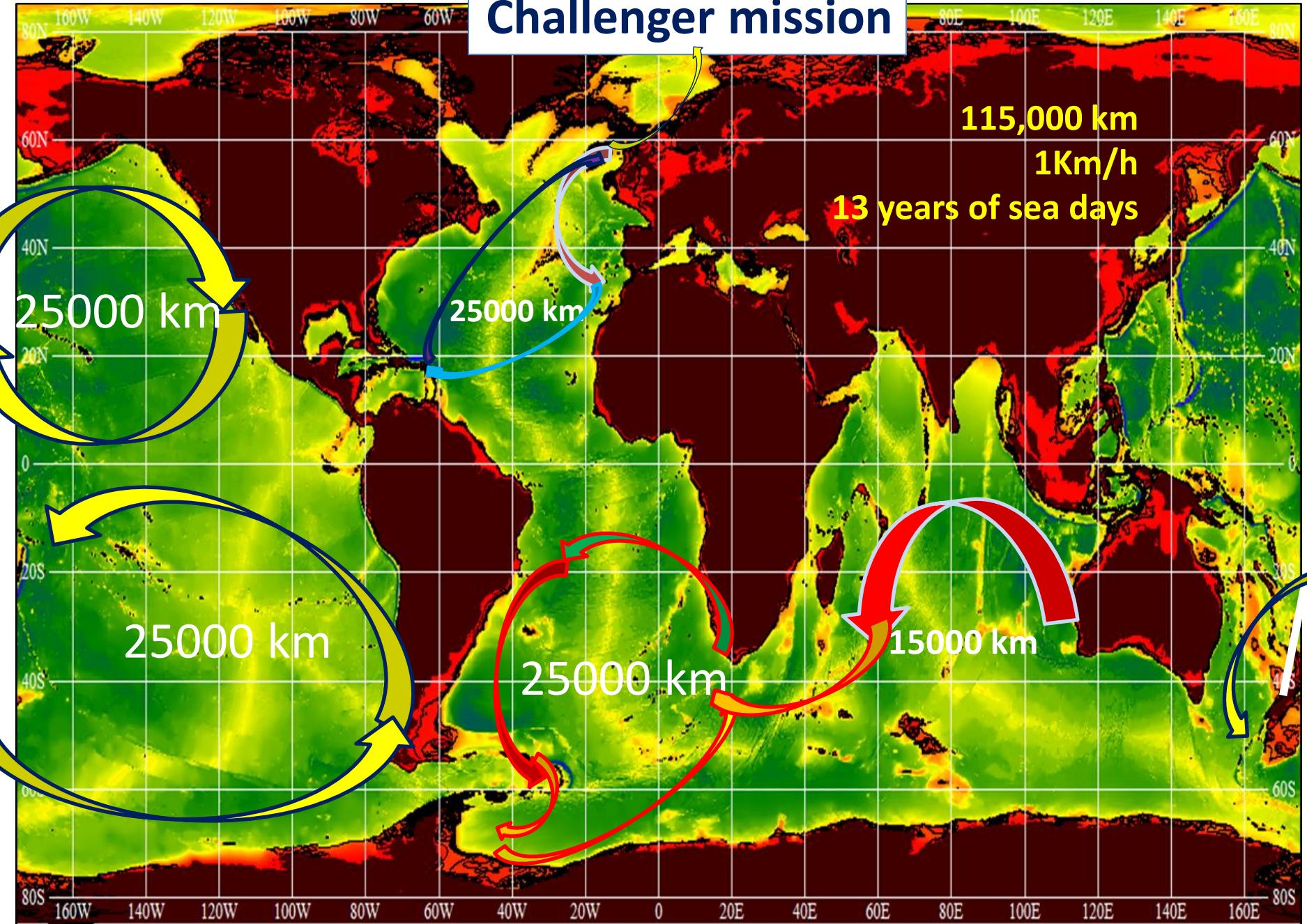


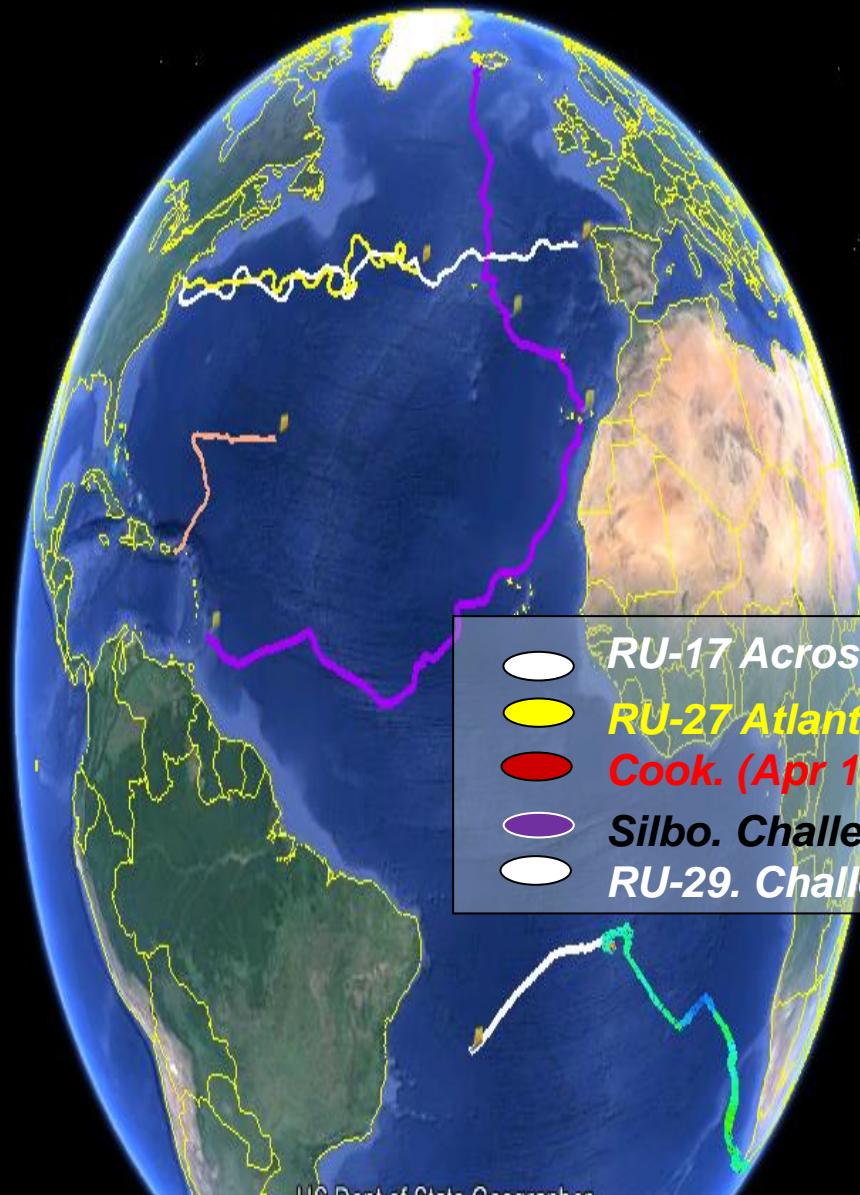


# Challenger Mission



# Challenger mission





4 de diciembre de 2009. 9.05 am, Costa da morte

221 días, 7409 km

11000 bucles, 1000 comunicaciones

Energia =  $\frac{1}{2}$  litro de gasolina



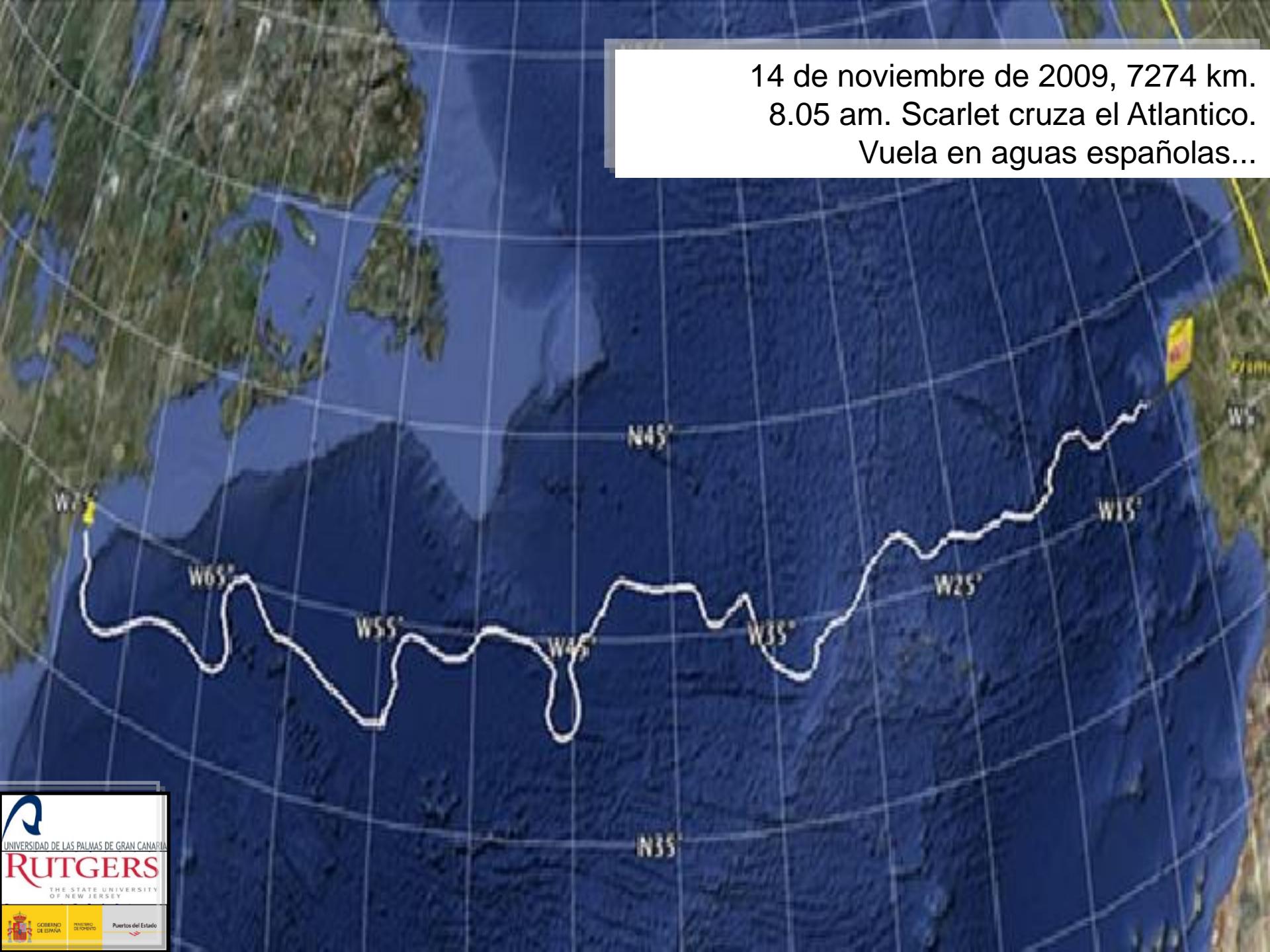
*1334 leguas de viaje submarino de la  
droide oceanográfica Scarlet RU-27...*

*.... She was at sea for 221 days. She was alone, often in dangerous places, and usually out of touch. Her predecessor had disappeared in October 2008 on a similar trip, probably killed by a shark....*

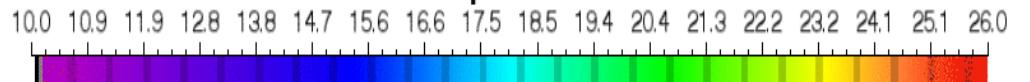
*The Washington Post*

December 15, 2009

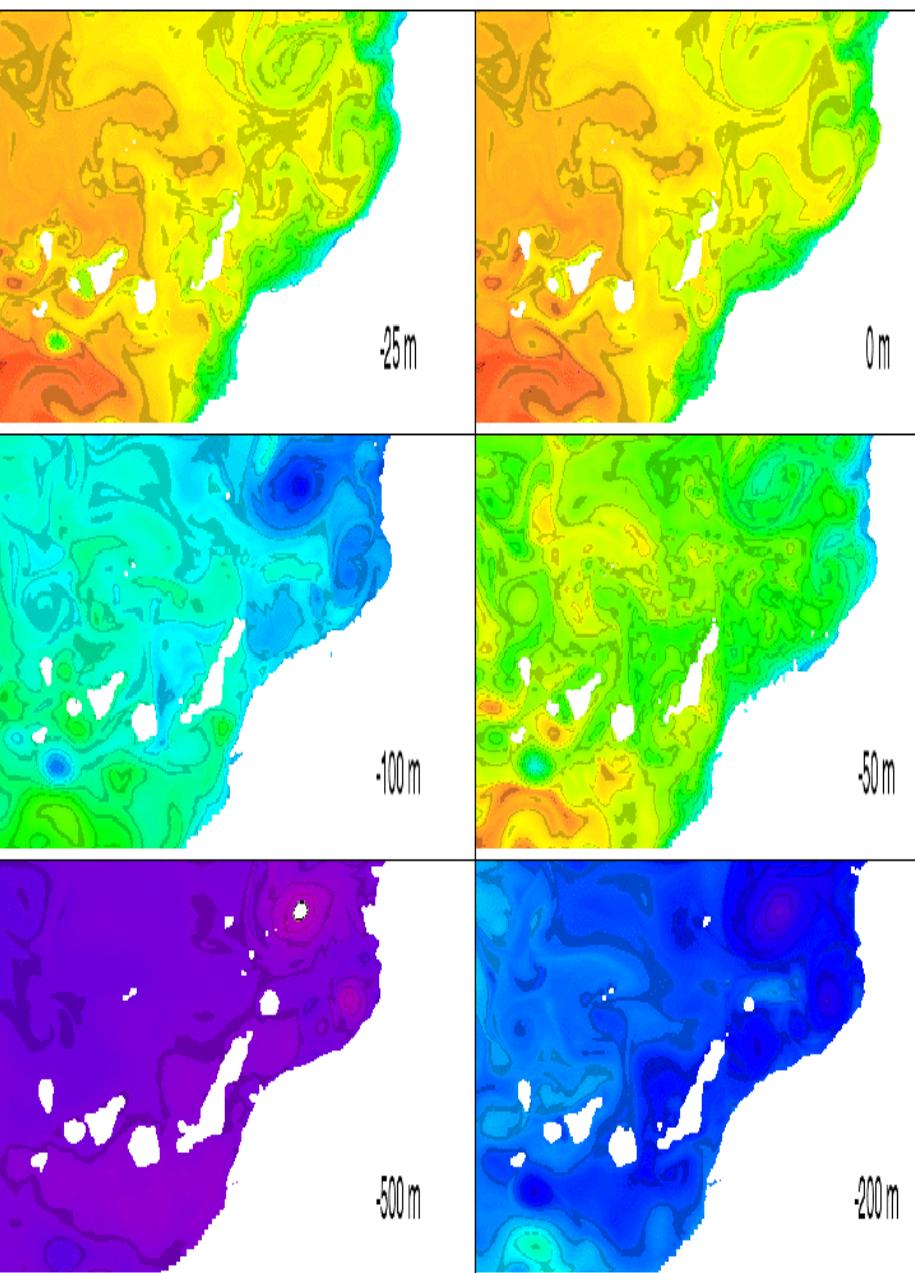
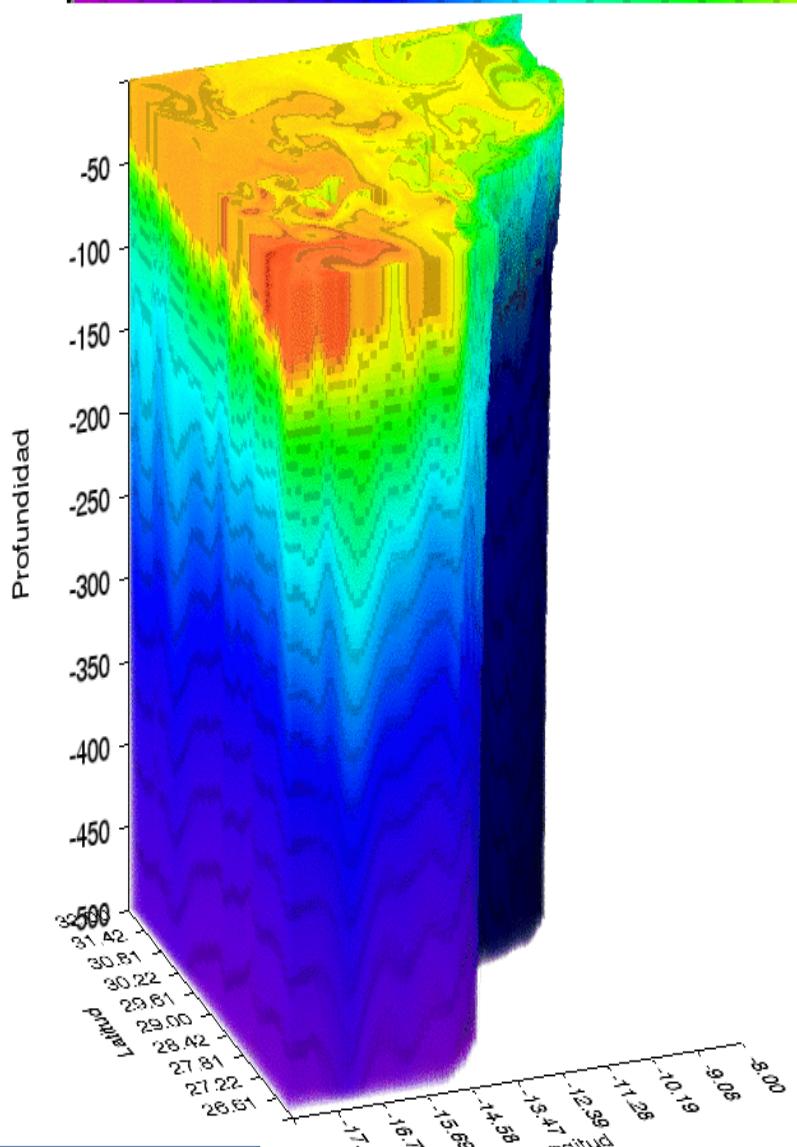
14 de noviembre de 2009, 7274 km.  
8.05 am. Scarlet cruza el Atlántico.  
Vuela en aguas españolas...



# Temperatura



IBI: 20111014



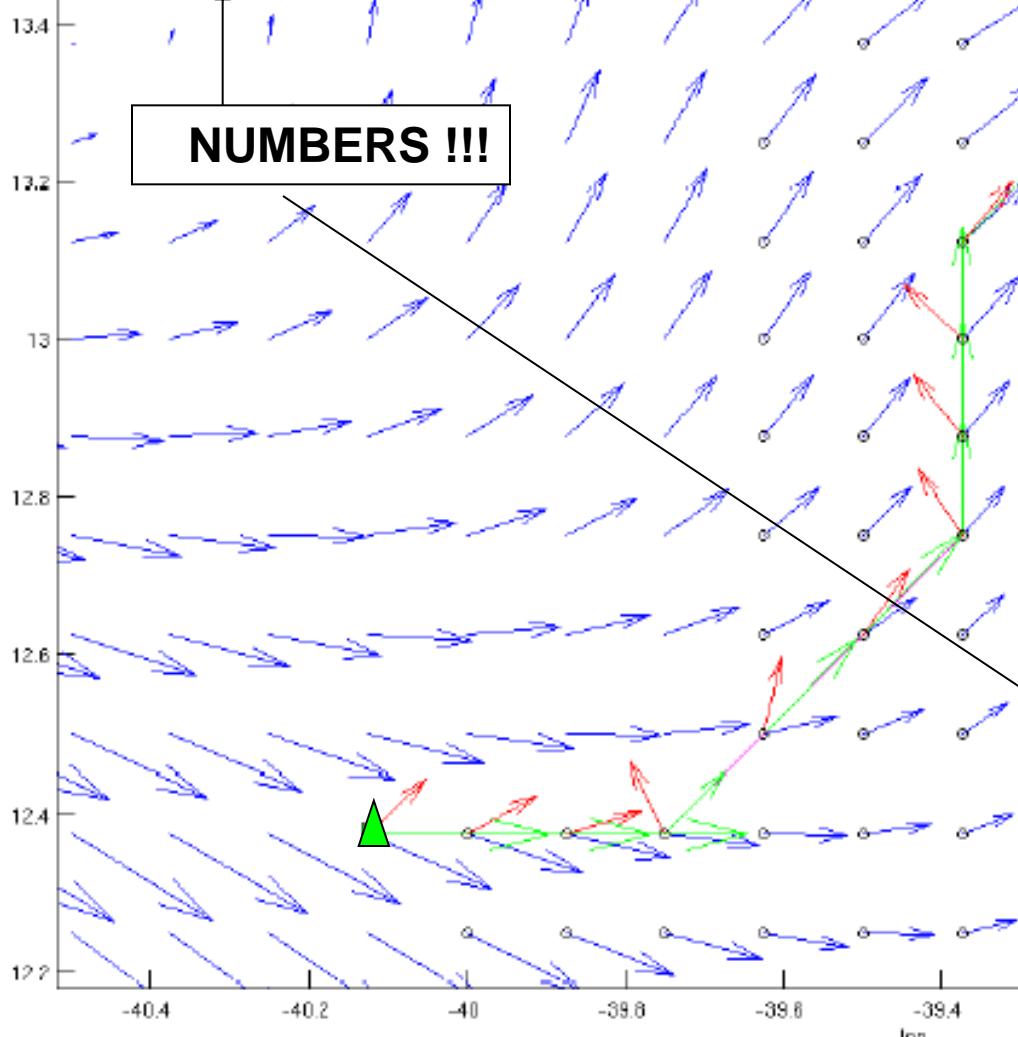
El tiempo total necesario para recorrer la trayectoria resultante es de 13 días 15 horas 41 minutos y 48.5 segundos, siendo la trayectoria de mínimo tiempo para el caso de test.

La distancia de la trayectoria resultante es de 217.835321km.

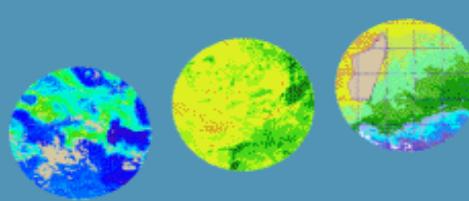
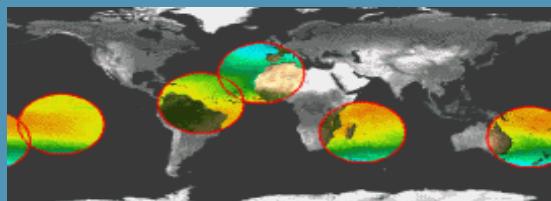
La velocidad efectiva (curso) media que consigue alcanzar el glider es de 0.197988m/s, lo cual proporciona una eficiencia de aproximadamente el 200% respecto a la velocidad del glider (0.1m/s). Esto indica que la trayectoria obtenida aprovecha adecuadamente las corrientes. No obstante, dependiendo del caso de test, no siempre interesaría ir rápido, sino ir por el camino más corto. De hecho, lo que se busca es el camino de mínimo tiempo (=distancia/velocidad).

**NUMBERS !!!**

lat



| Waypoint | Course speed (m/s) | Course (°N) | Bearing (°N) |
|----------|--------------------|-------------|--------------|
| 1        | 0.230              | 90.000      | 46.830       |
| 2        | 0.233              | 90.000      | 60.667       |
| 3        | 0.229              | 90.000      | 72.438       |
| 4        | 0.108              | 44.502      | 334.041      |
| 5        | 0.167              | 44.490      | 13.290       |
| 6        | 0.181              | 44.474      | 35.141       |
| 7        | 0.145              | 0.000       | 327.133      |
| 8        | 0.150              | 0.000       | 322.262      |
| 9        | 0.144              | 0.000       | 312.488      |
| 10       | 0.219              | 44.516      | 40.180       |
| 11       | 0.239              | 44.404      | 24.608       |
| 12       | 0.257              | 44.386      | 12.655       |
| 13       | 0.272              | 44.372      | 5.997        |

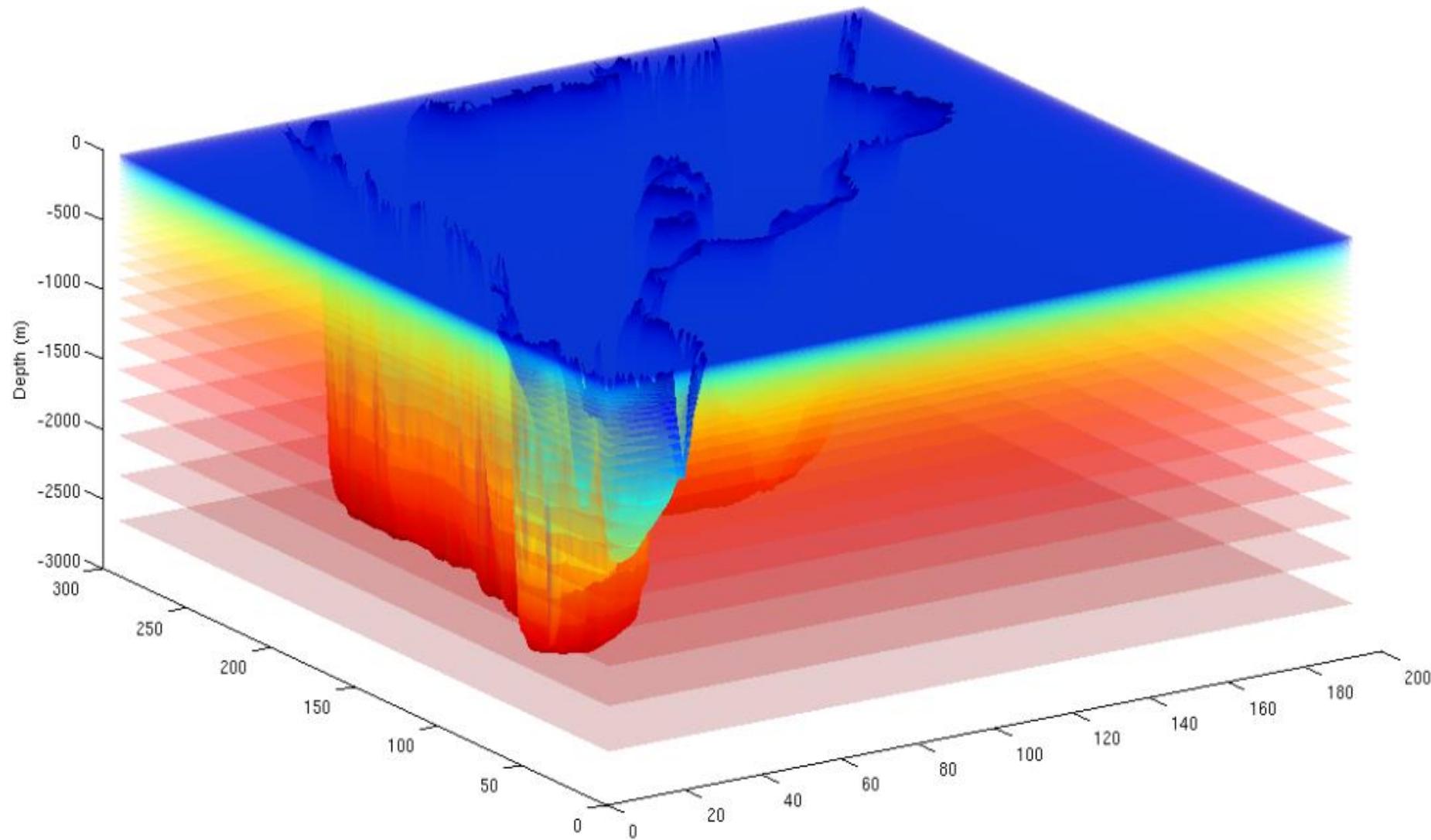


# SEASnet

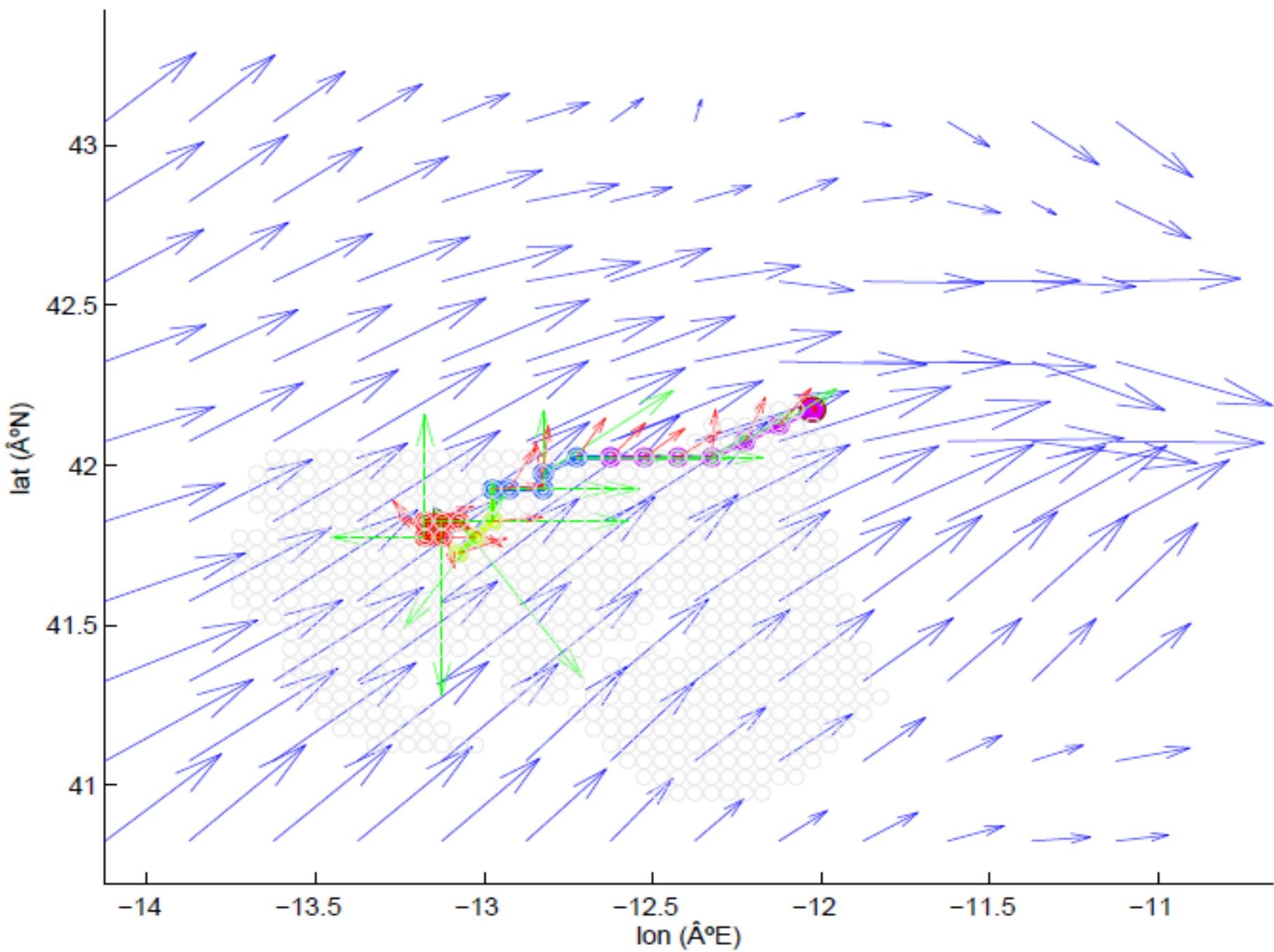
Réseau de stations de réception et  
d'exploitation de données des satellites  
d'observation de la Terre

## Diffusion de données

ESEOMED Bathymetry and z-level planes



Path plan 20091122 – Glider speed = 0.150m/s



EN ESTE PLANO SE MUESTRA EL  
RECORRIDO DE DESCUBRIR LAS AMÉRICAS  
DESCUBIERTO POR ALVARO ALONSO PINZÓN  
—EN EL AÑO DE 1500—  
DONDE FUE EL PRIMER PUERTO DEL VIEJO  
MUNDO EN EL CONOCER DE NUEVOS REINOS.

BAHIA  
15 DE MARZO  
DE 1500

LISBONA  
15 DE MARZO  
DE 1500

PATOS  
15 DE MARZO  
DE 1500

RUTA DE PINZÓN

CORON

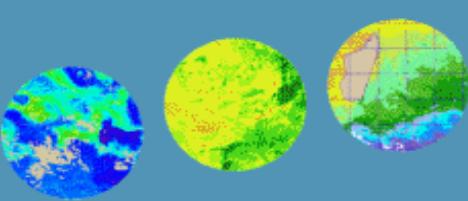
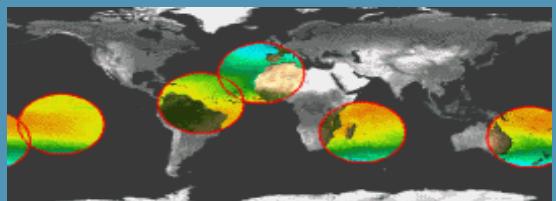
RUTA

DE

CRISTÓBAL  
CERQUELA  
SALVADOR  
SAN JUAN  
SAN NICOLÁS  
MONTEVIDEO  
URUGUAY

*4 de diciembre de 2009. 9.05 am, Costa da morte  
221 días, 7409 km  
11000 bucles, 1000 comunicaciones  
Energia = ½ litro de gasolina*



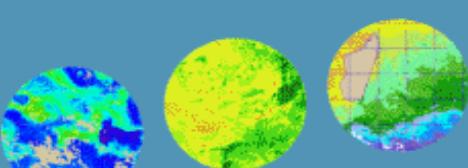
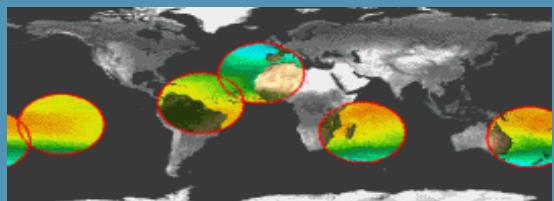


# SEASnet

Réseau de stations de réception et  
d'exploitation de données des satellites  
d'observation de la Terre

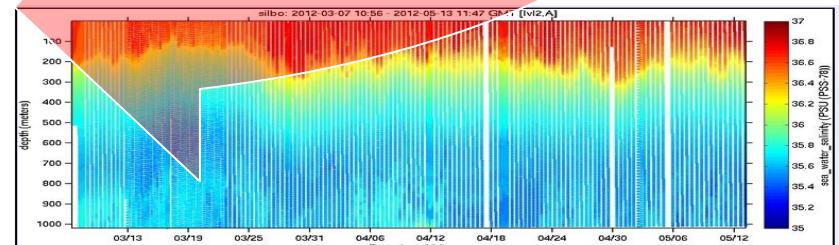
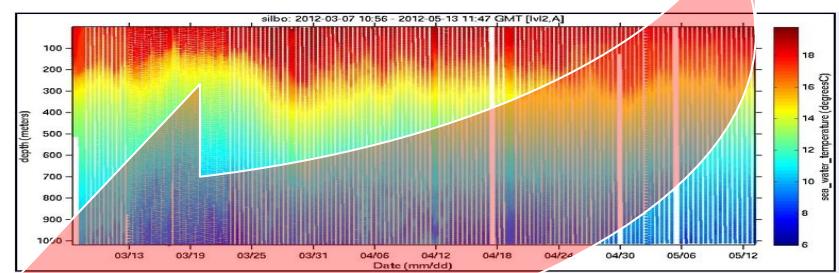
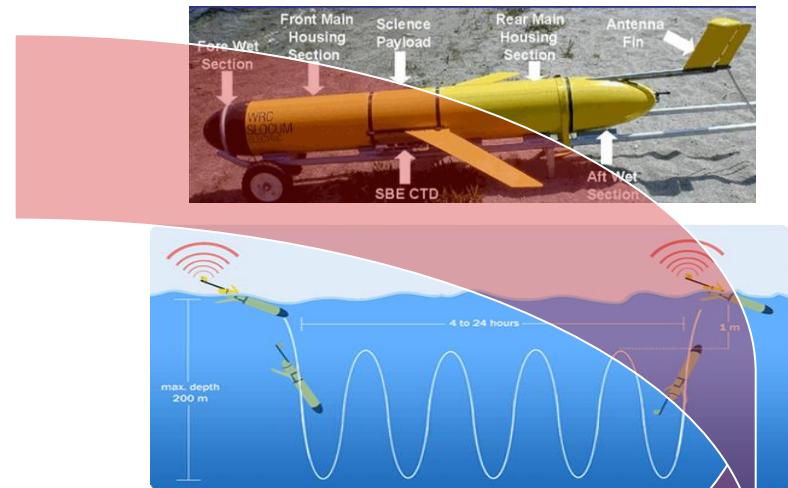
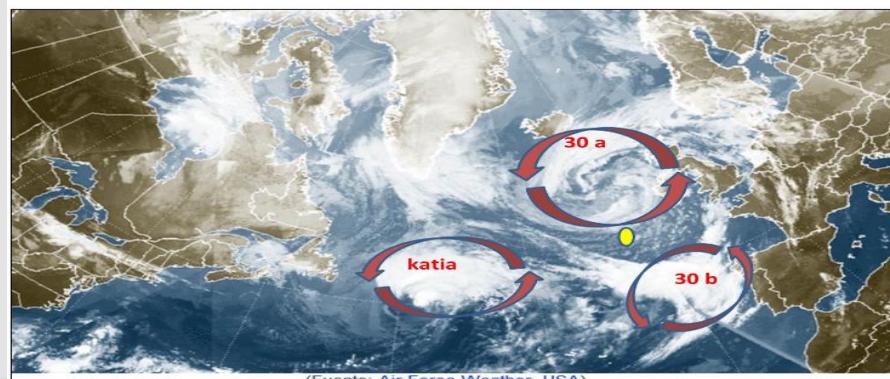
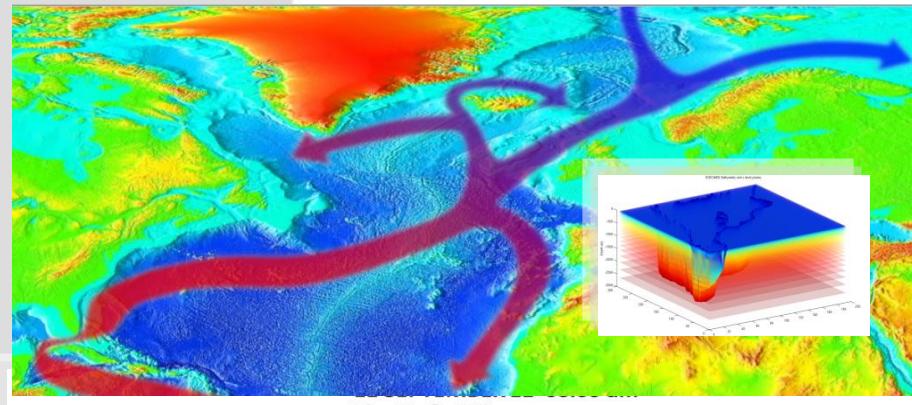
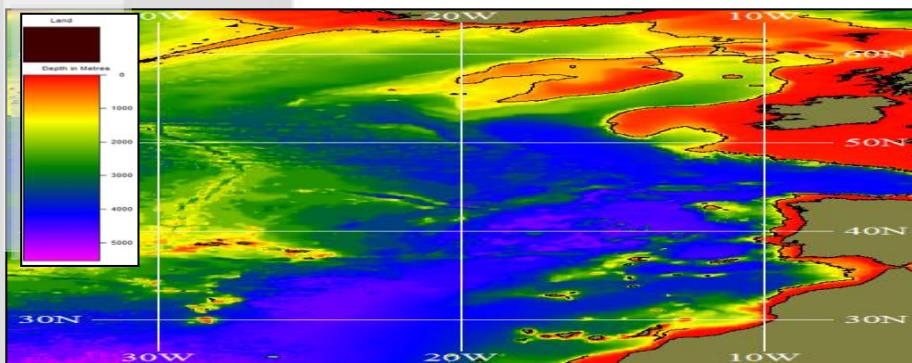


Trabaja duro...Diviérte haciéndolo y cambia el mundo....

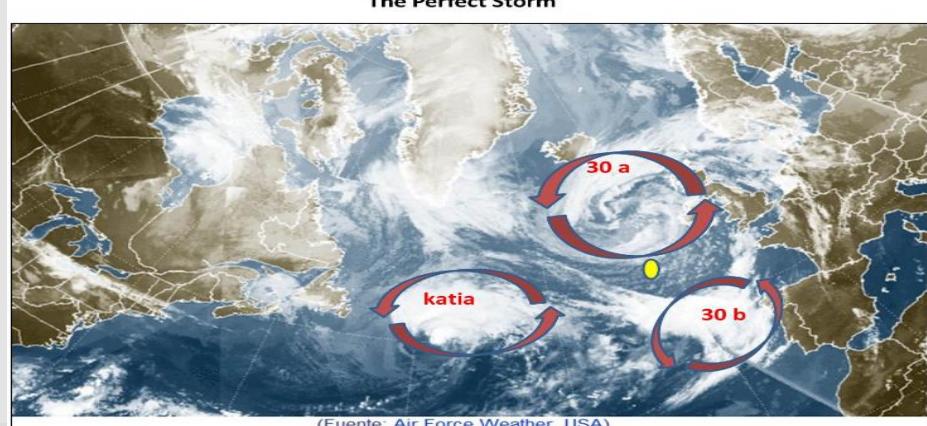
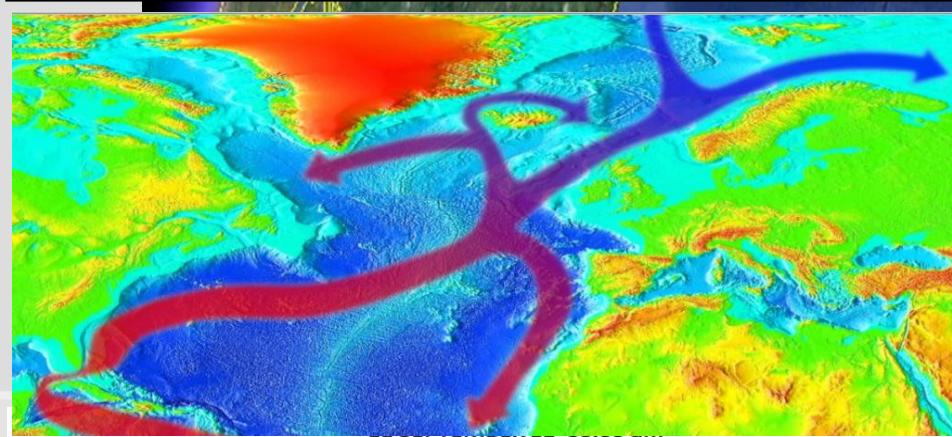
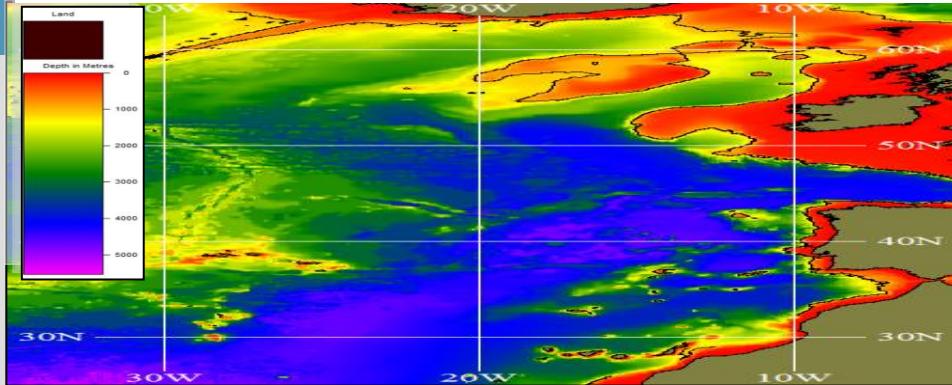


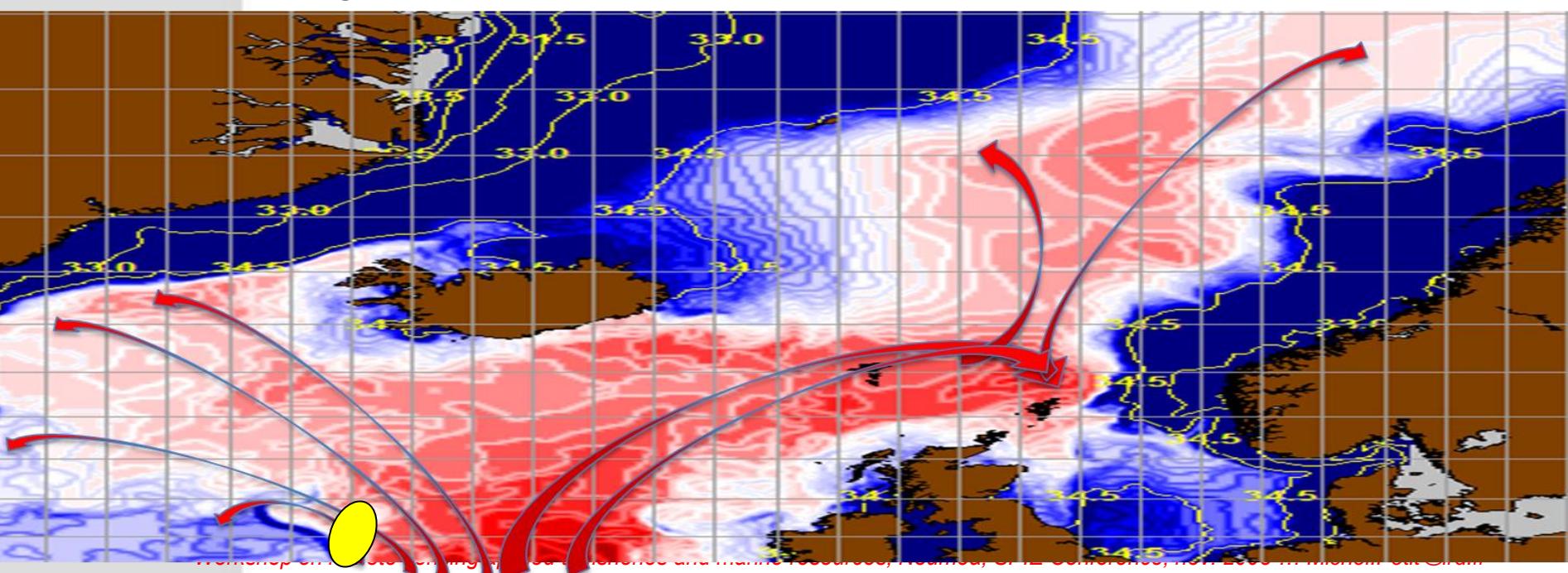
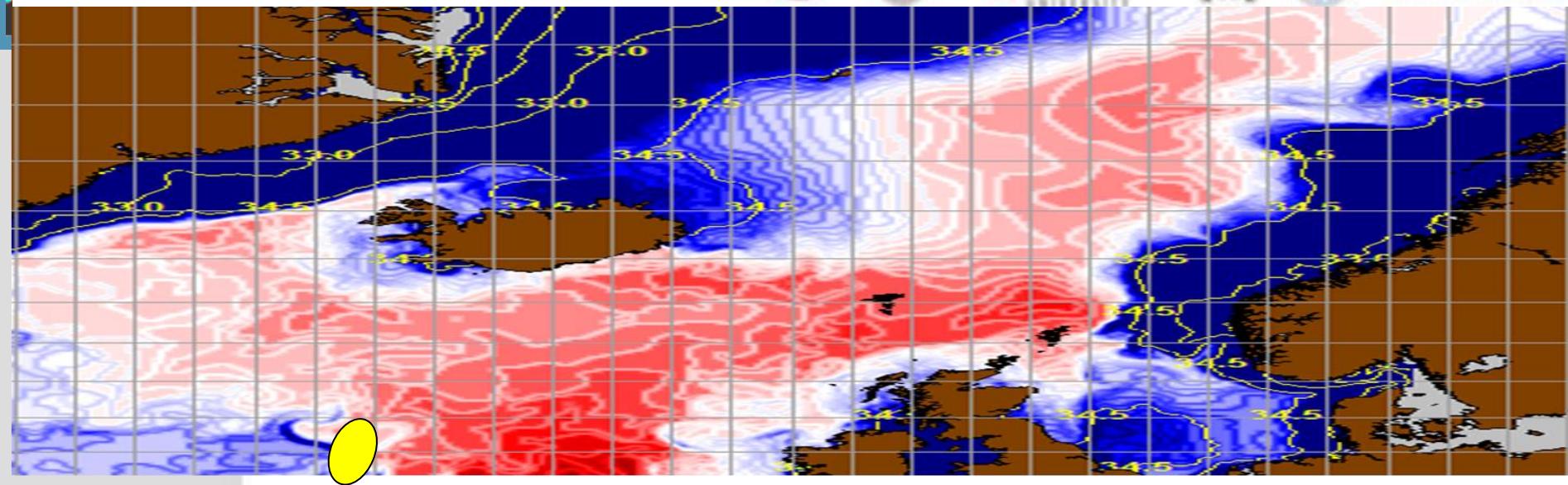
# SEASnet

*Le réseau de stations de réception  
de l'IRD et ses partenaires*



e resources, Nouméa, SPIE Conference, nov. 2008 ... Michel.Petit@ird.fr







TELEDYNE  
WEBB RESEARCH  
A Teledyne Technologies Company

PLOCAN

PLATAFORMA OCEÁNICA DE CANARIAS  
INSTITUTO DE CIENCIAS DEL MAR Y MEDIOAMBIENTE  
Universidad de Canarias  
EU

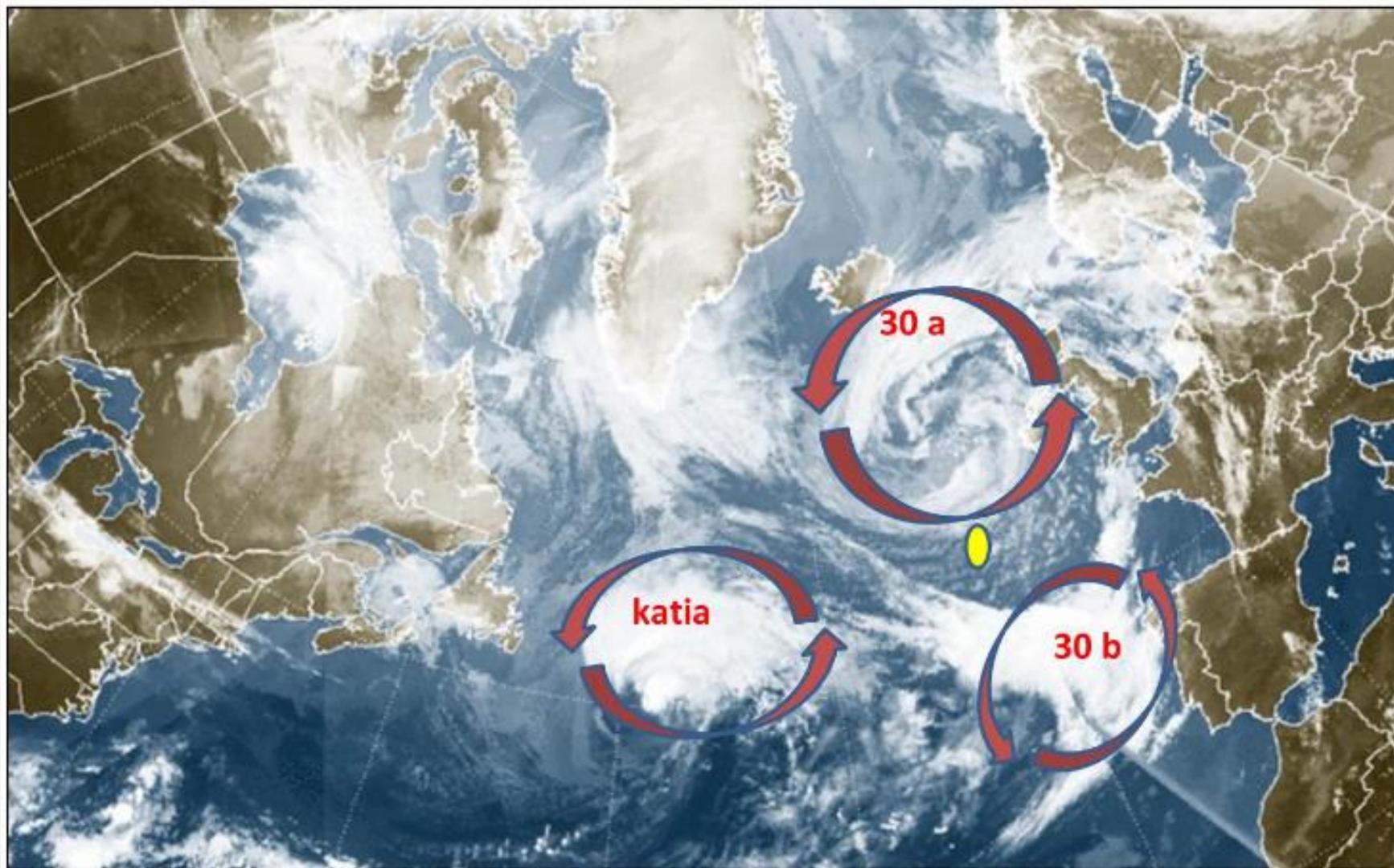


RUTGERS  
UNIVERSITY

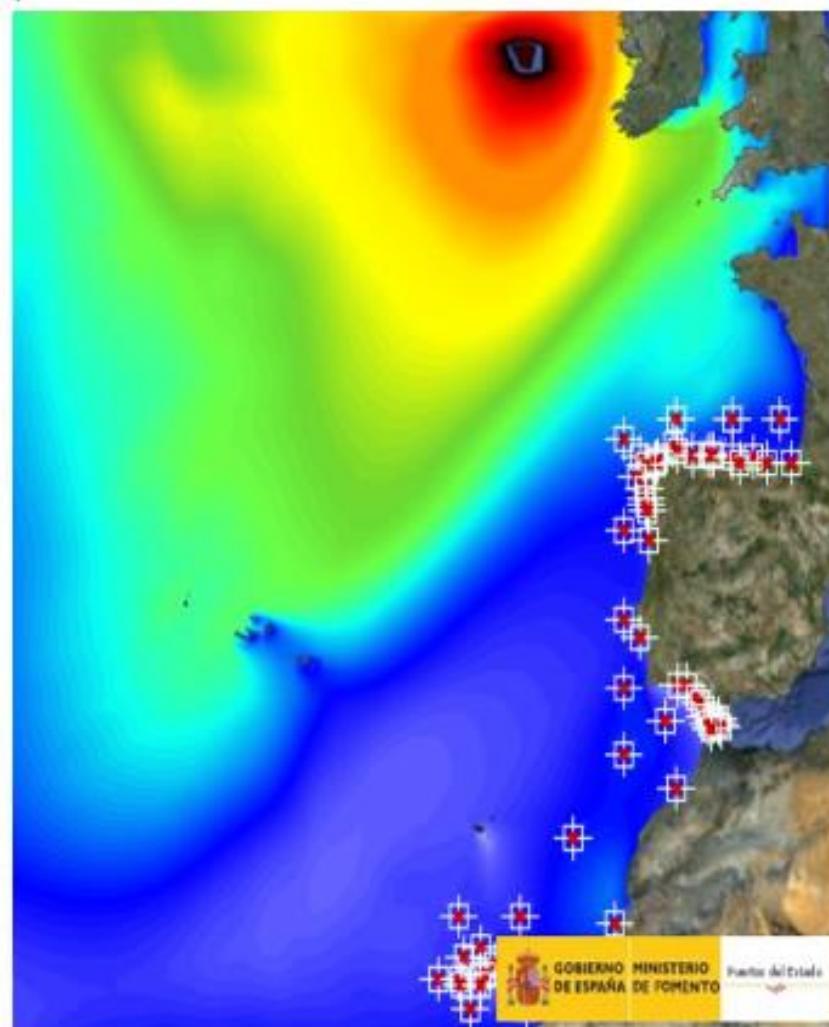
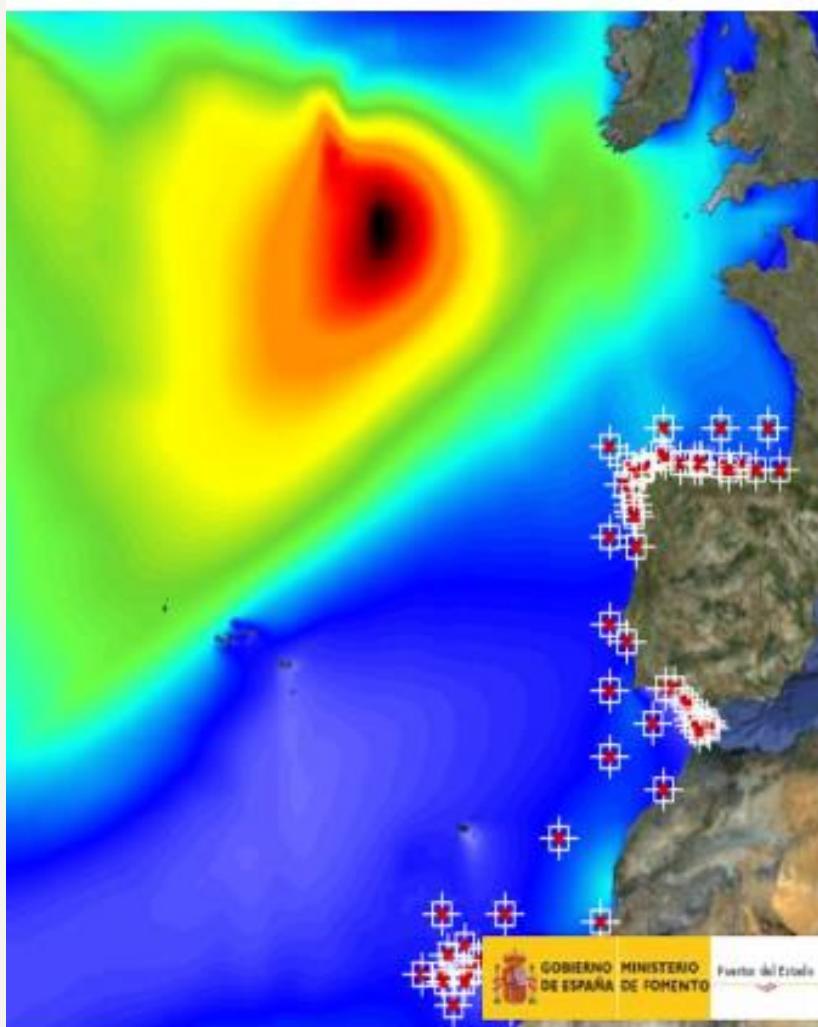
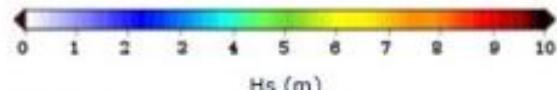


IODOS  
INTEROCEANIC DATA OBSTACLES SYSTEM

## The Perfect Storm



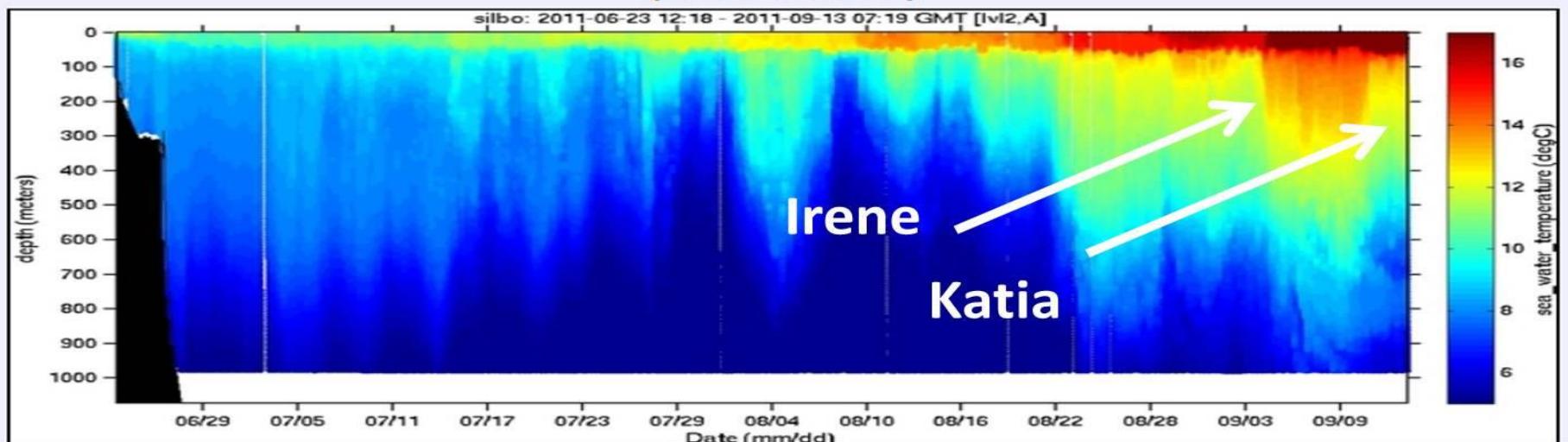
(Fuente: Air Force Weather, USA)



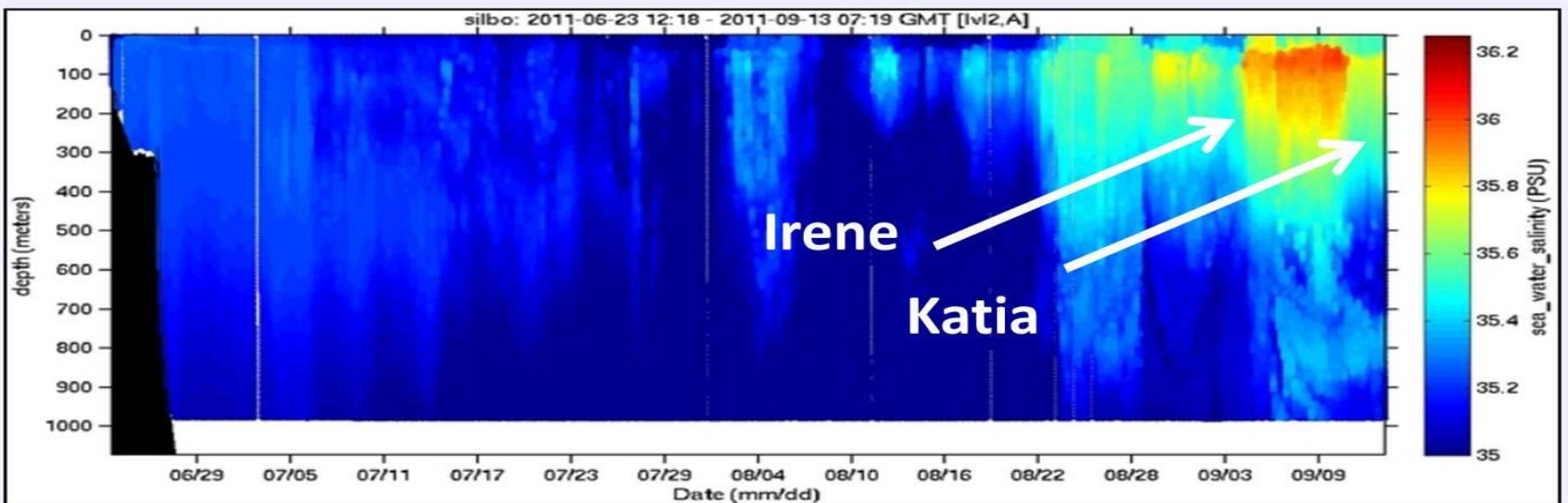
12 September 06.00 am



**Temperature (°C): 2011-06-23 12:18 - 2011-09-13 07:19 GMT  
(Time Series)**



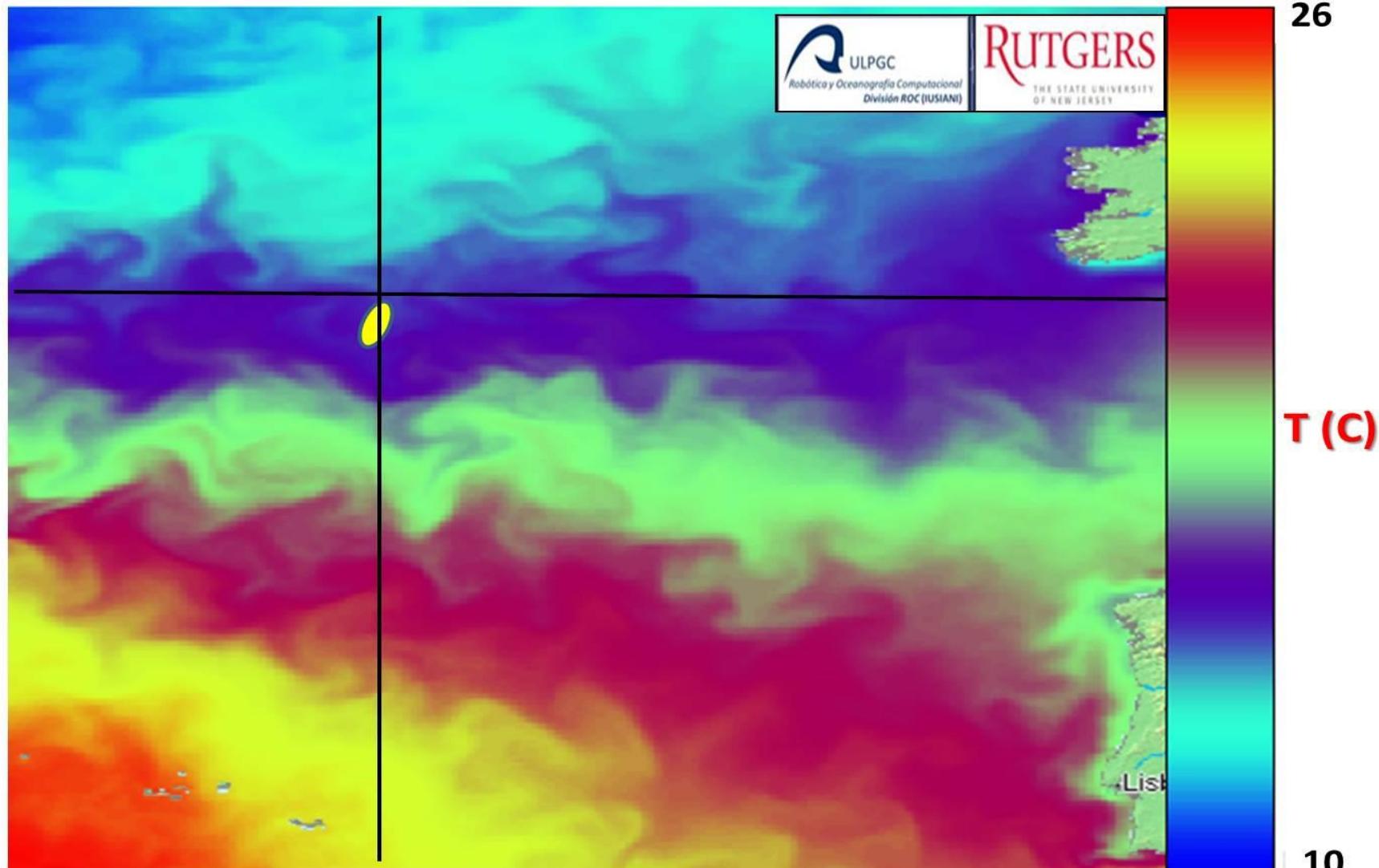
**Salinity (PSU): 2011-06-23 12:18 - 2011-09-13 07:19 GMT  
(Time Series)**

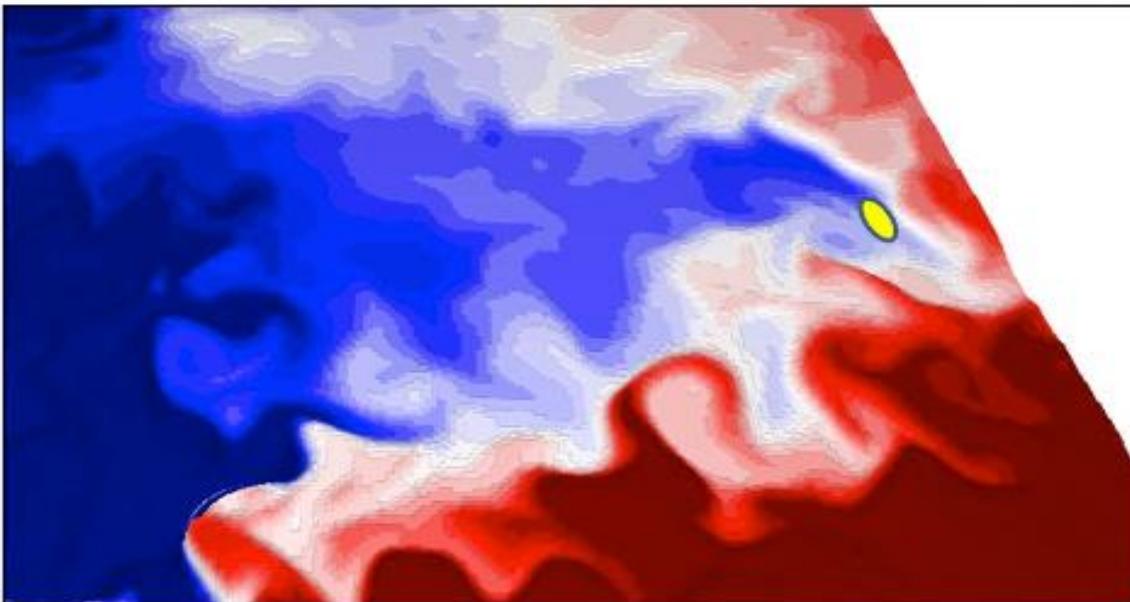
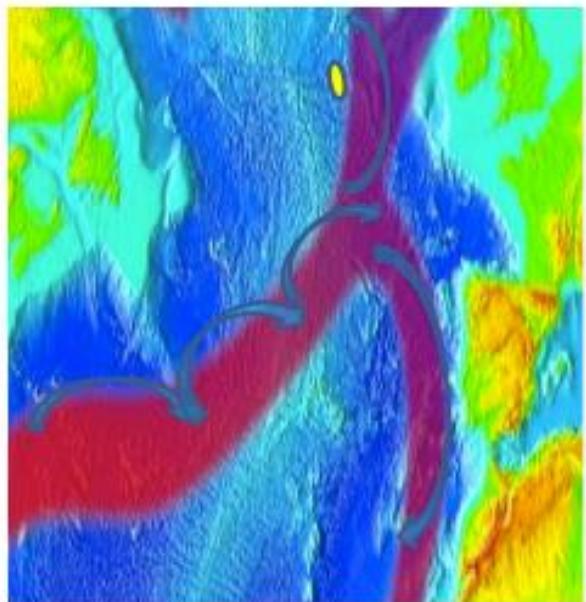
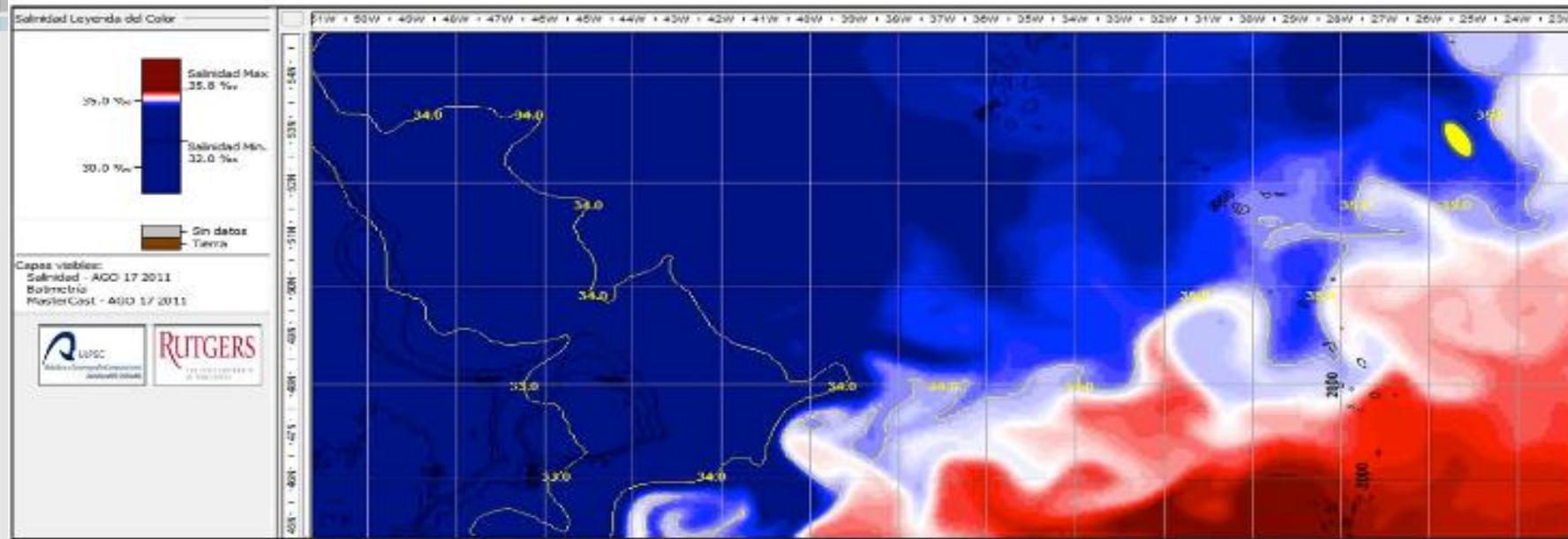


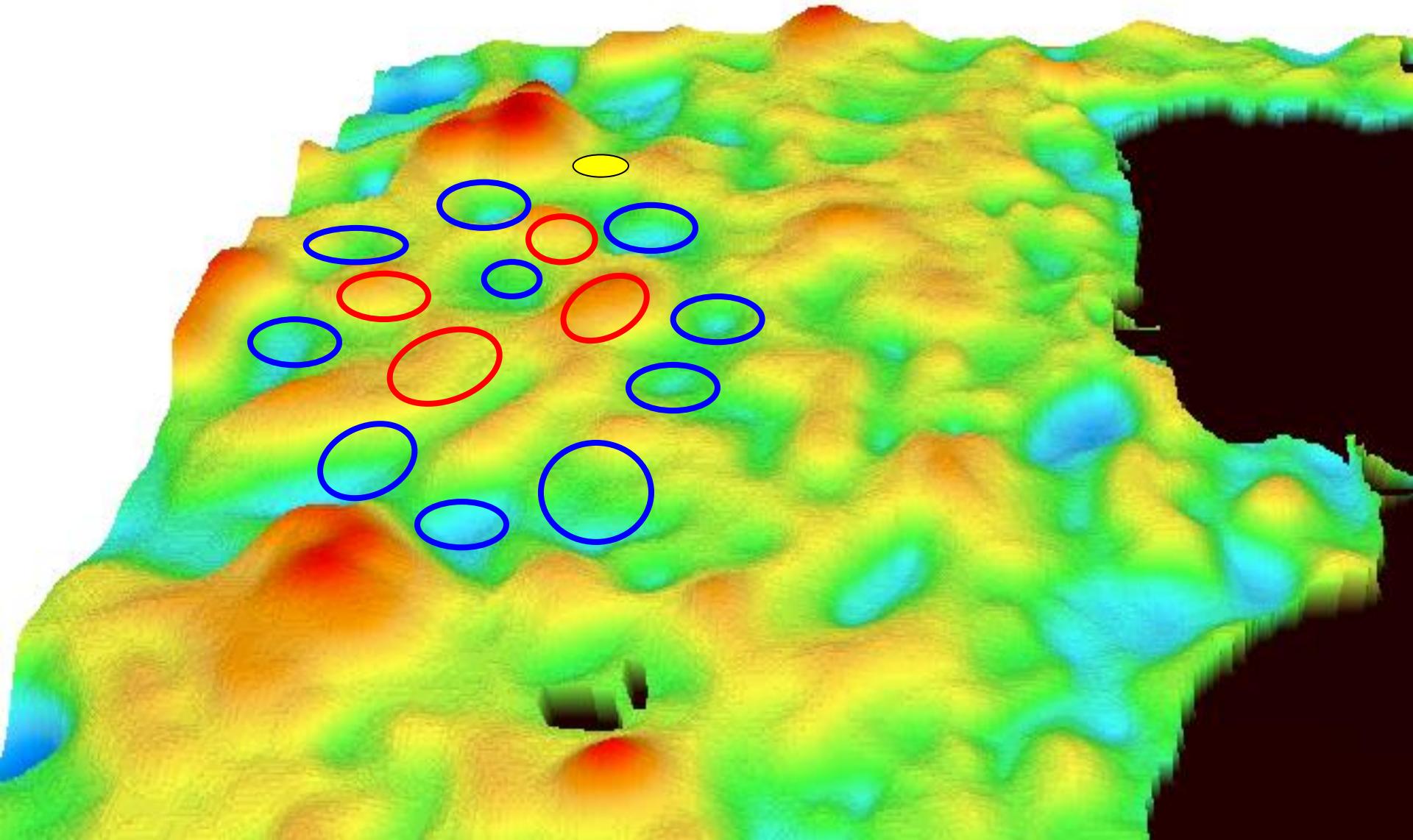
**24 W**

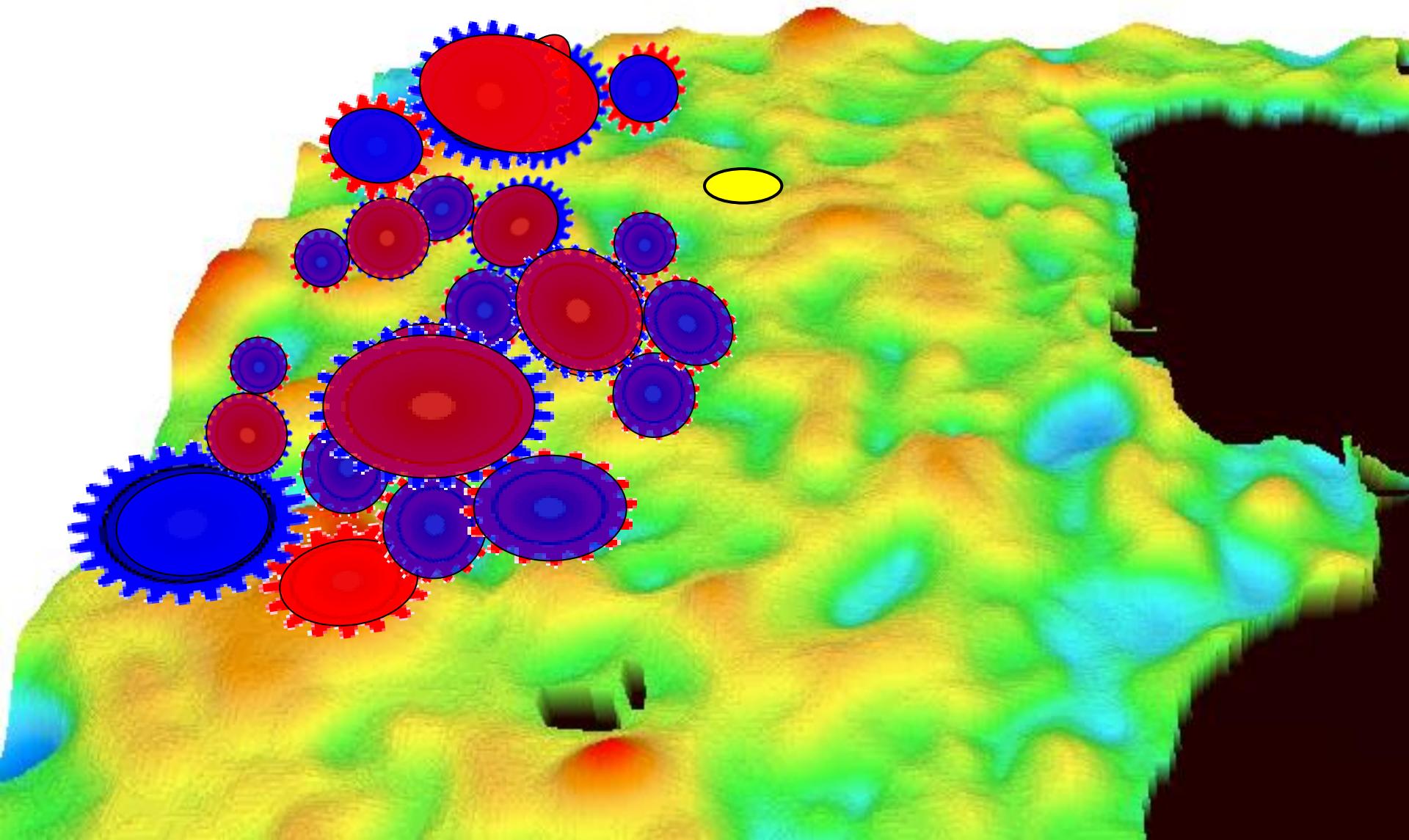
**SST. 28th aug 11.**

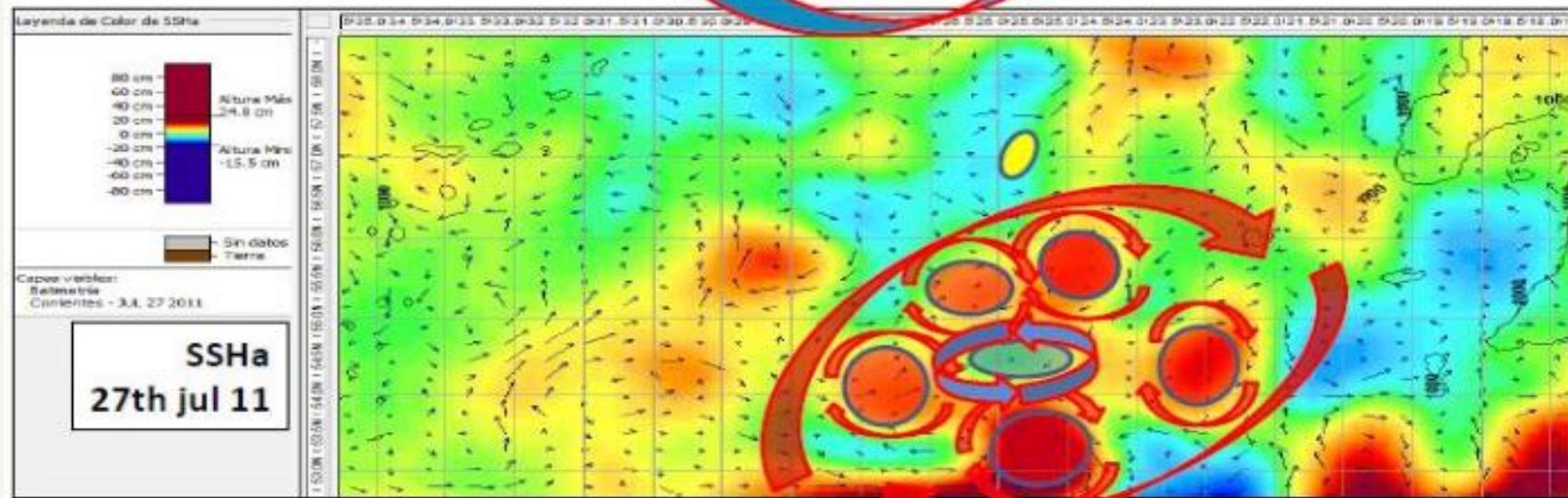
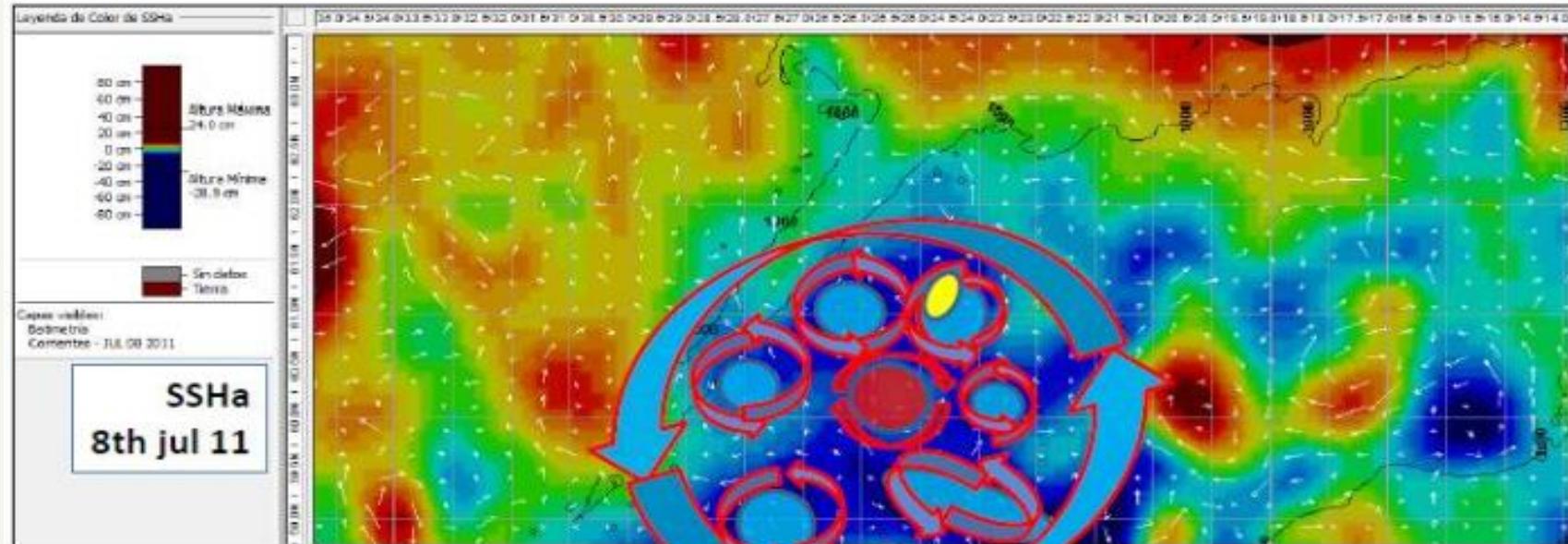
**50 N**

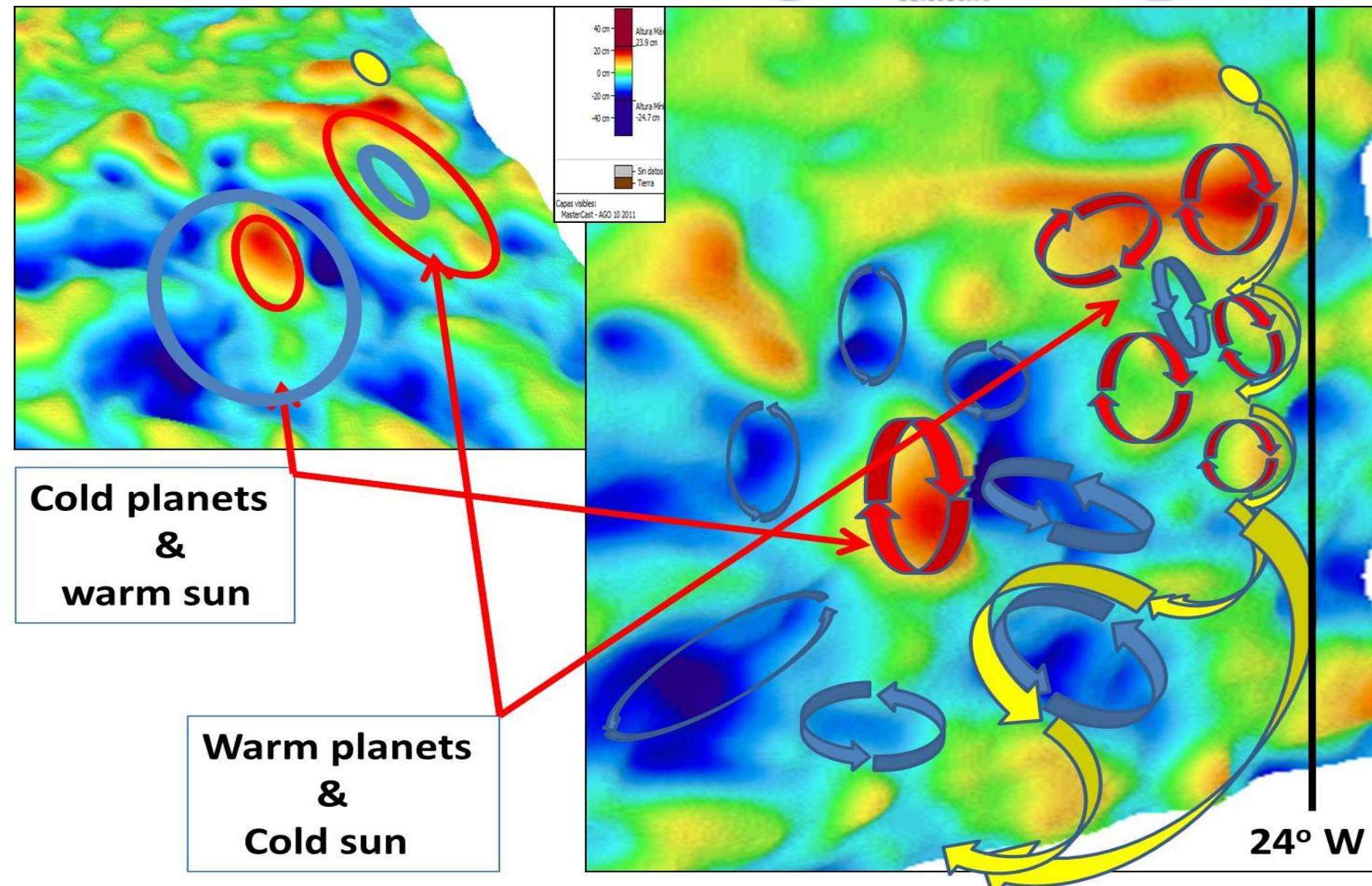


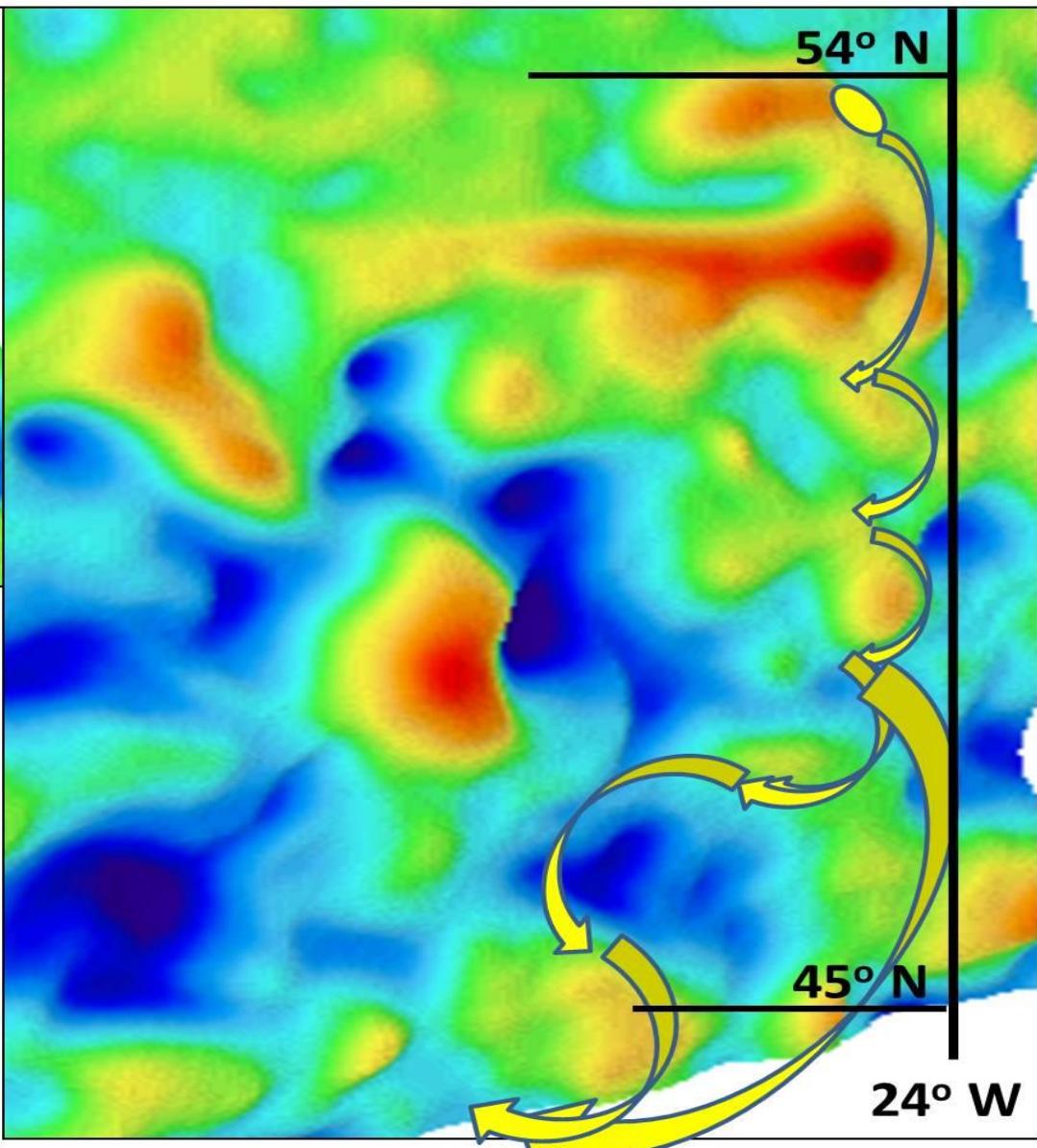
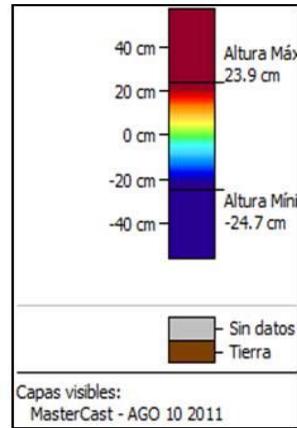
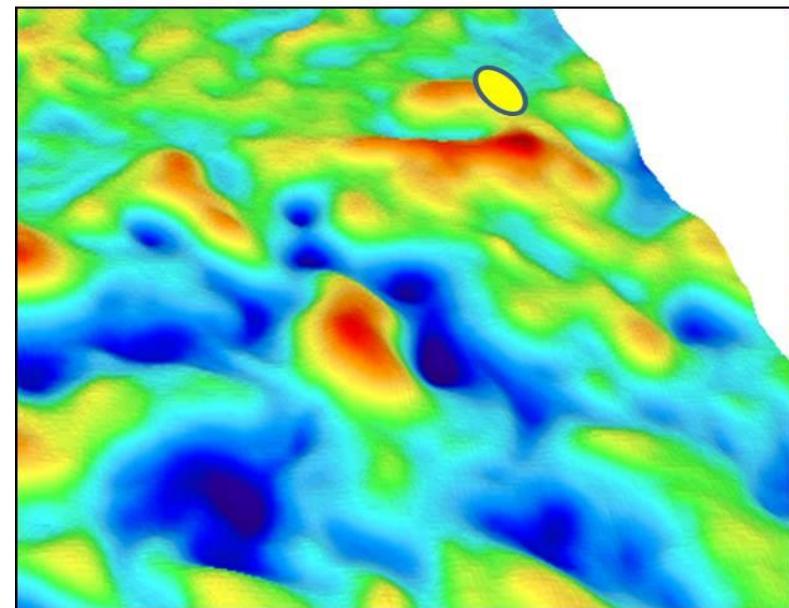






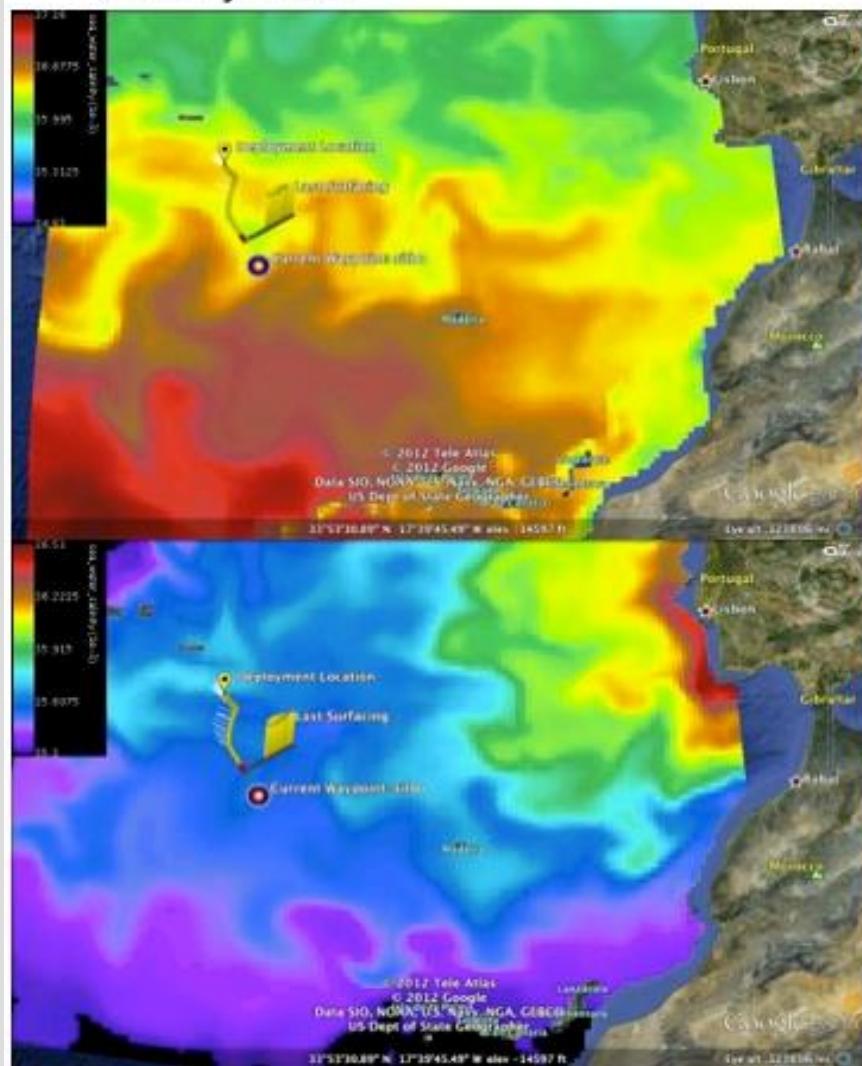




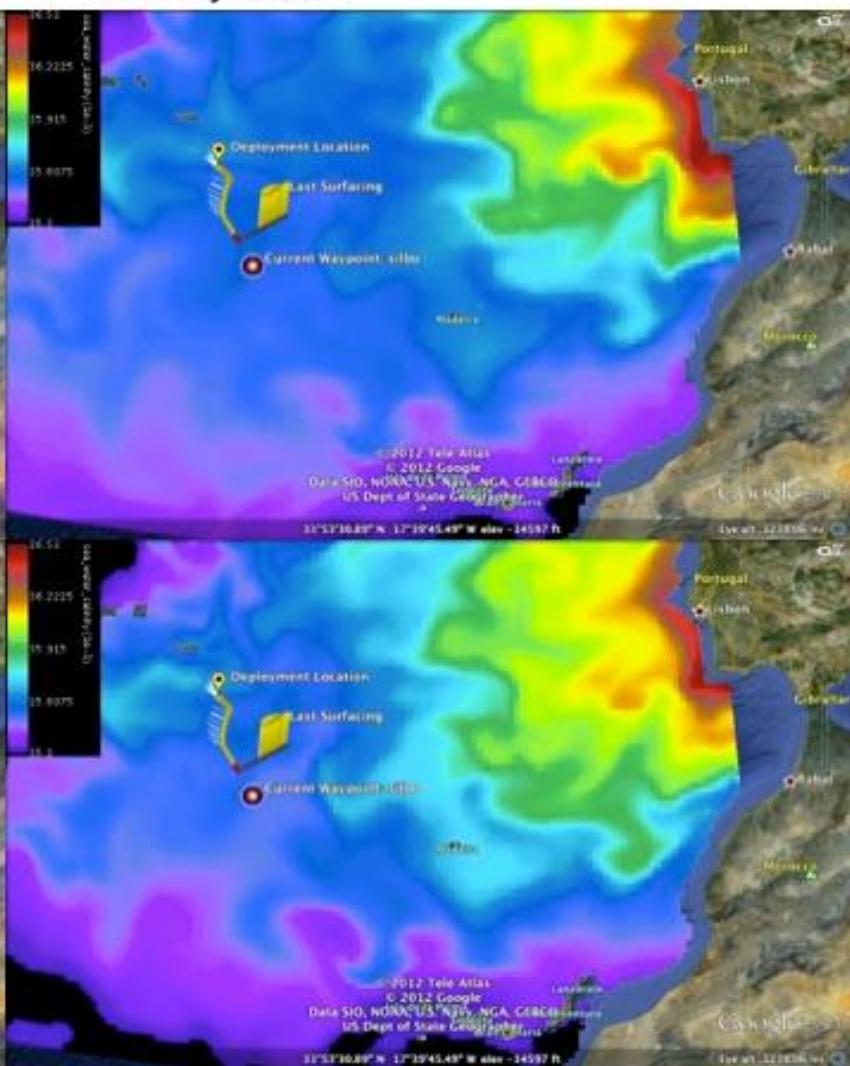




Salinity 100m

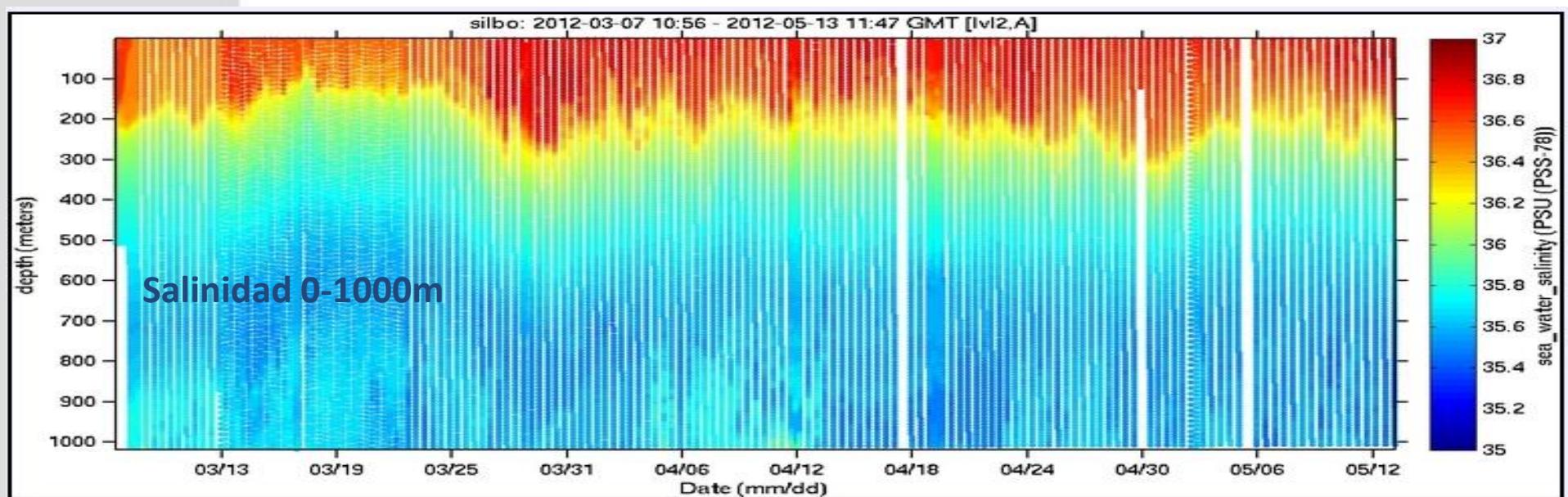
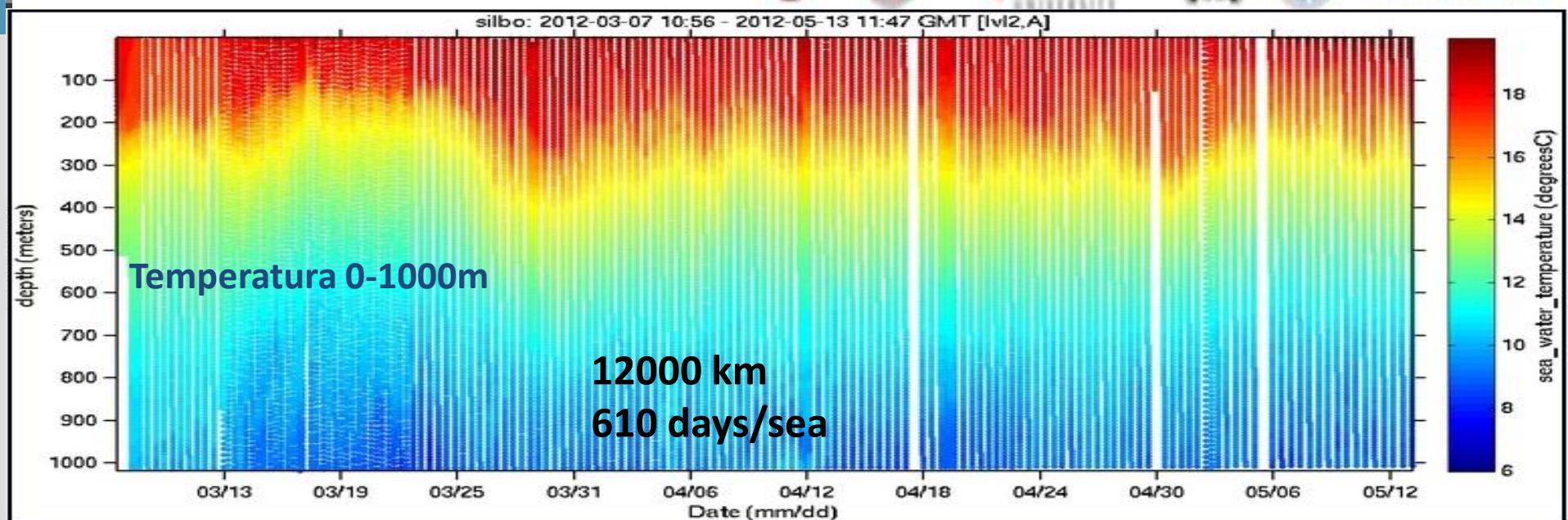


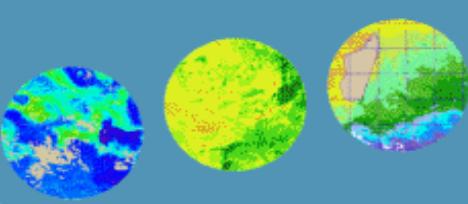
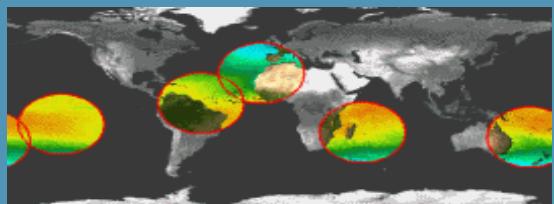
Salinity 600m



Salinity 900m

Salinity 1000m





**SEASnet**

*Le réseau de stations de réception  
de l'IRD et ses partenaires*

<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=F3ShWMiS9nA>

<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Td8kyWiWOTw>

<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DfEbCqbhufc&feature=endscreen&NR=1>



<http://www.i-cool.org/?cat=77>



**Fuerza, viento, mar y honor a todos**  
Team Silbo