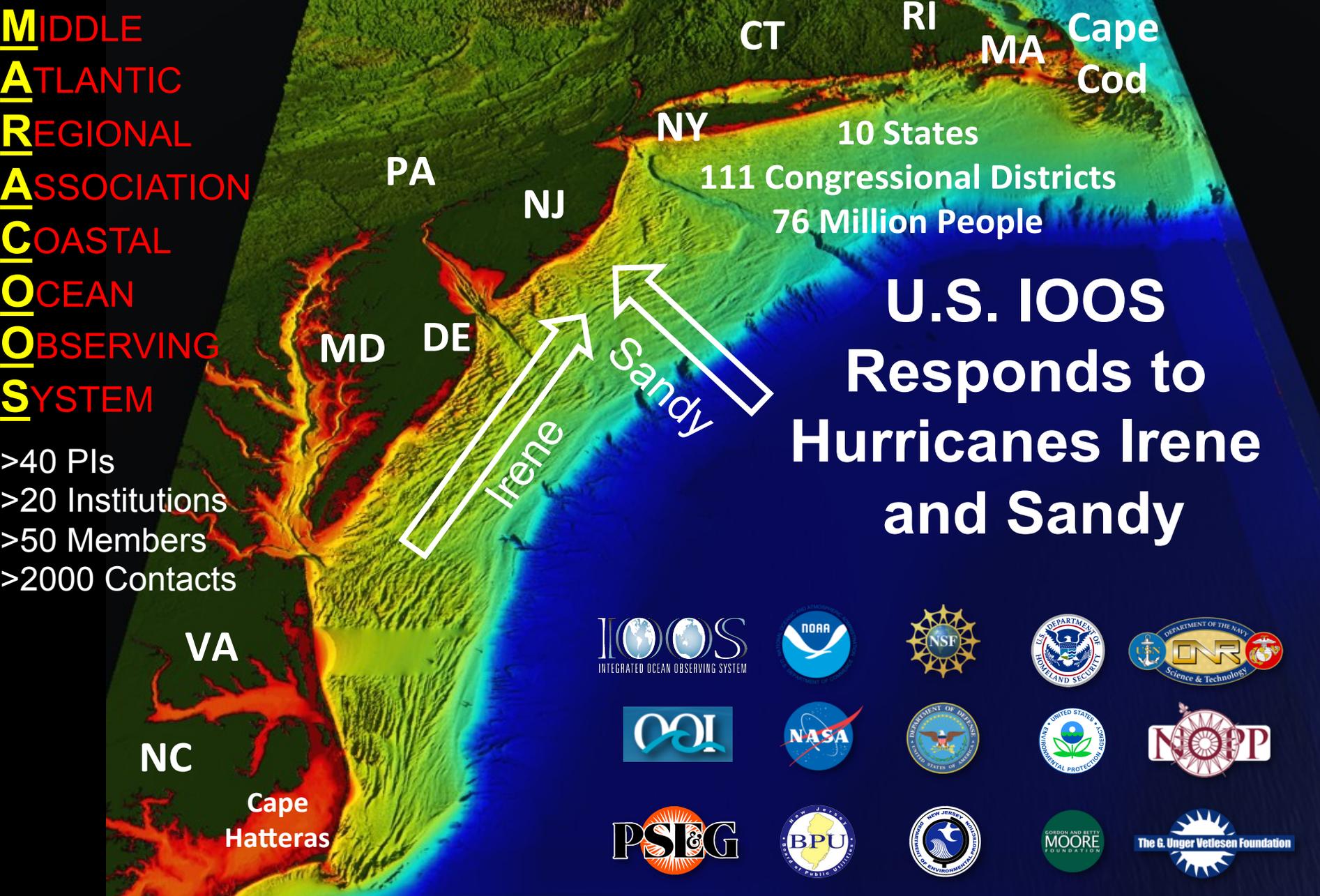


MIDDLE
ATLANTIC
REGIONAL
ASSOCIATION
COASTAL
OCEAN
OBSERVING
SYSTEM

>40 PIs
>20 Institutions
>50 Members
>2000 Contacts

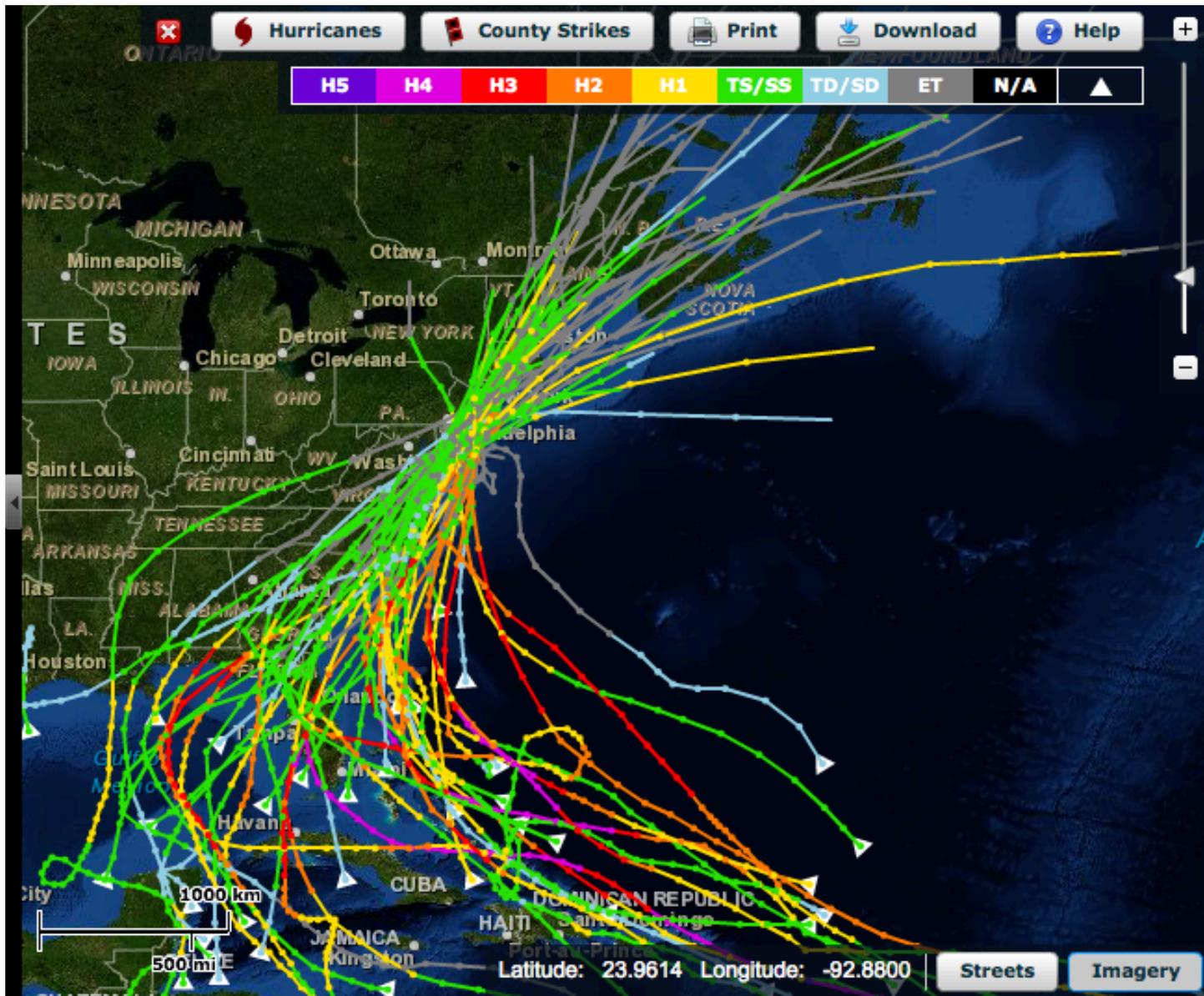


10 States
111 Congressional Districts
76 Million People

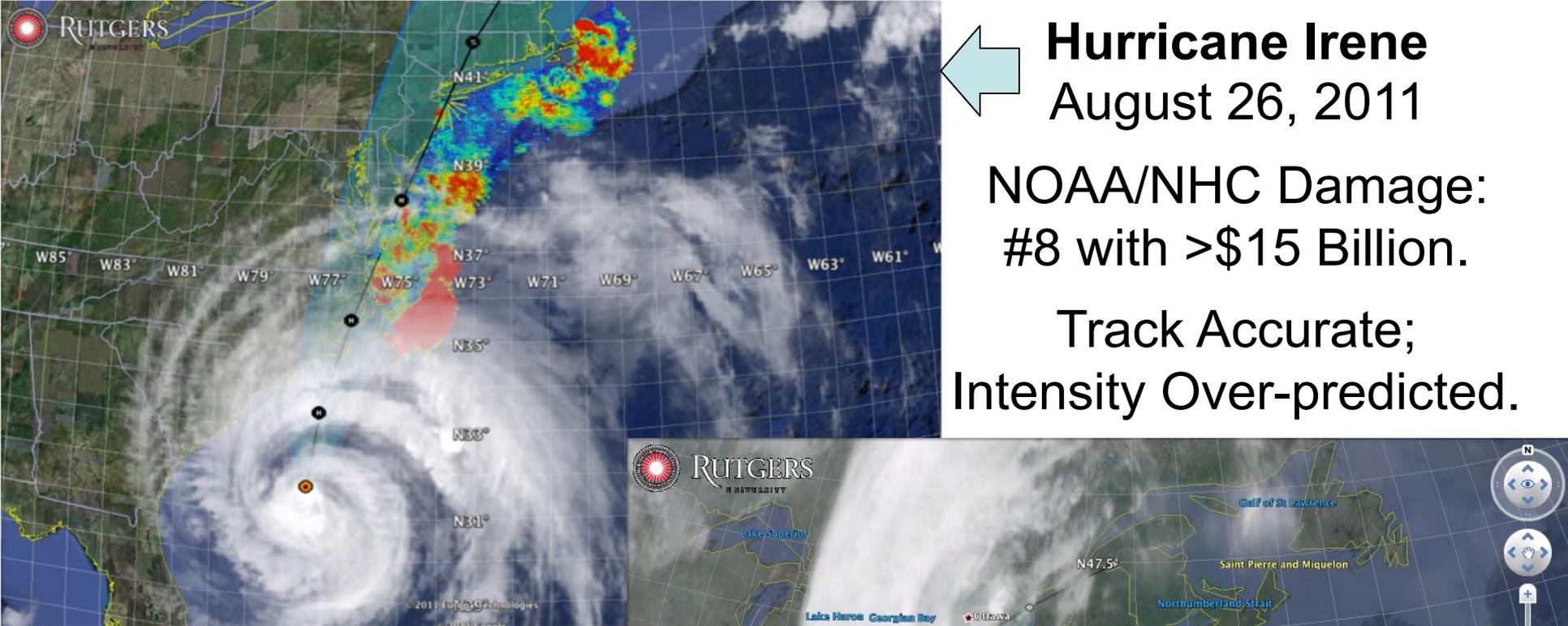
U.S. IOOS Responds to Hurricanes Irene and Sandy



Historical Hurricane Tracks within 65 nm of Atlantic City, NJ



Primary Approach:
Alongshore
from
Southeast



Hurricane Irene

August 26, 2011

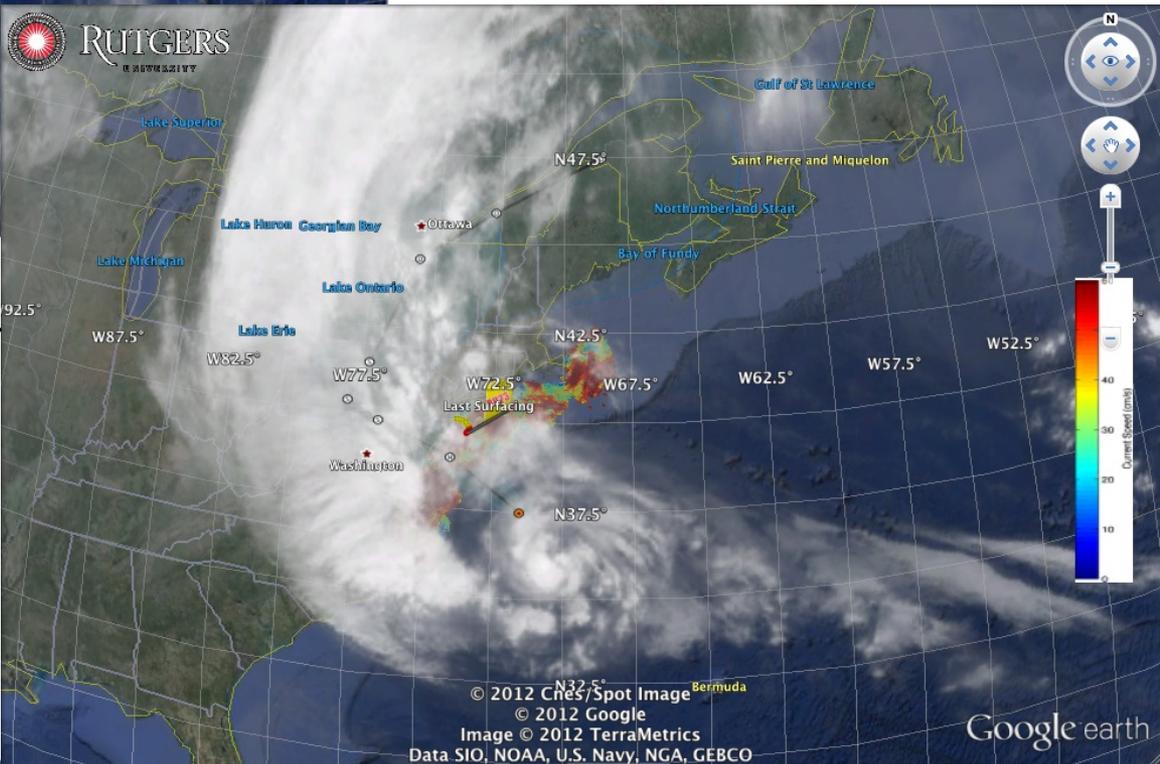
NOAA/NHC Damage:
#8 with >\$15 Billion.

Track Accurate;
Intensity Over-predicted.

Hurricane Sandy →
October 29, 2012

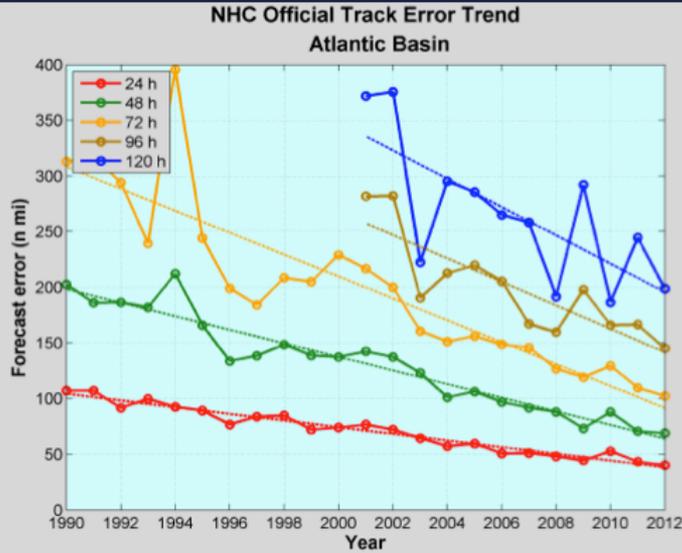
NOAA/NHC Damage:
#2 with >\$60 Billion.

Track Accurate;
Intensity Under-predicted.



Report from National Hurricane Center: Track Error & Skill

Atlantic Track Error Trends



Error Reduction since 1990

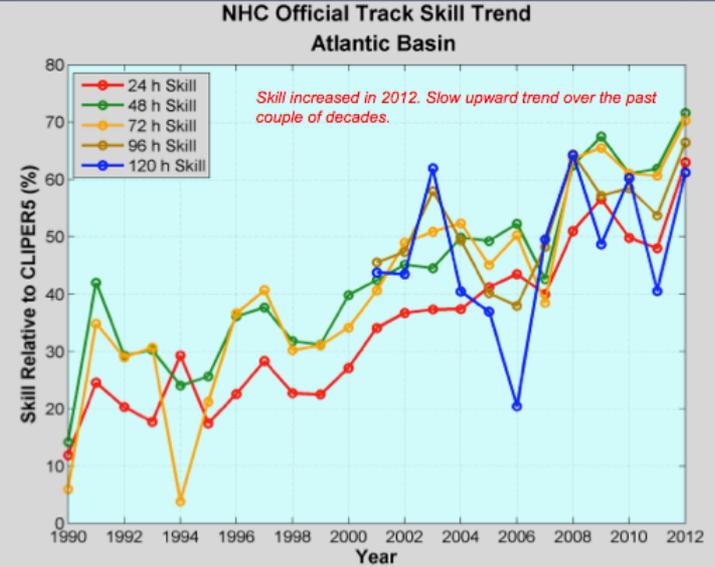
72 h: 67%

48 h: 65%

24 h: 58%

10

Atlantic Track Skill Trends



11

Reduction in forecast track error & Increase in forecast track skill over the last 2 decades.

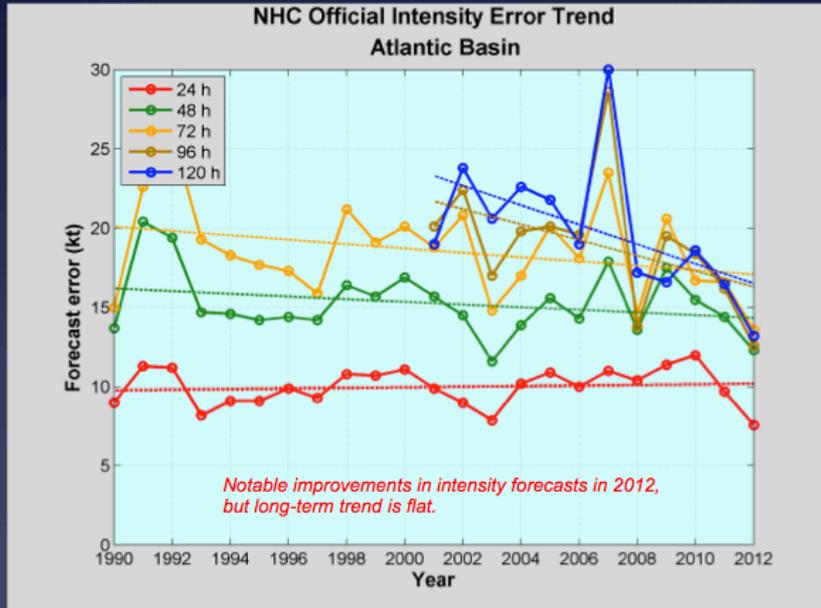
*Significant Drivers – Improvement in Global Forecast Models
- Super-Ensemble*



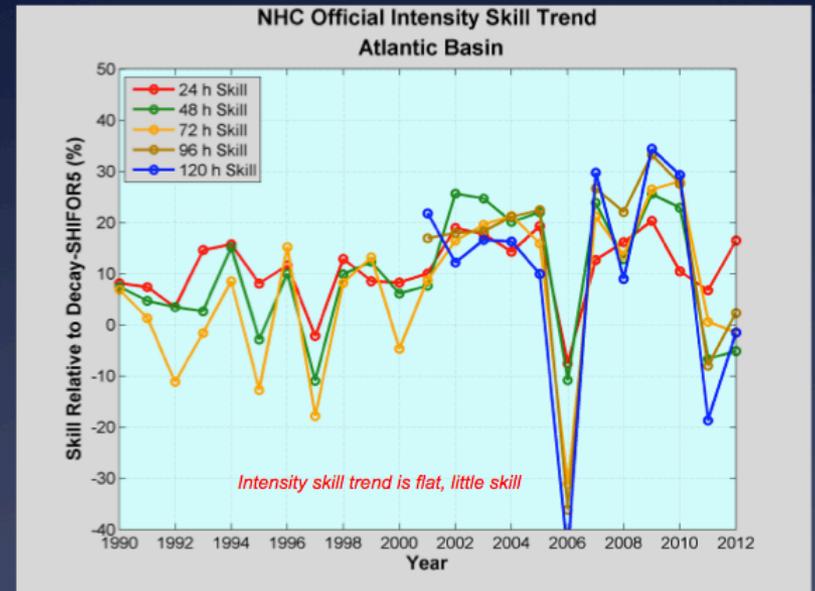
Production Suite Review: December 4, 2012

Report from National Hurricane Center: Intensity Error & Skill

Atlantic Intensity Error Trends



Atlantic Intensity Skill Trends



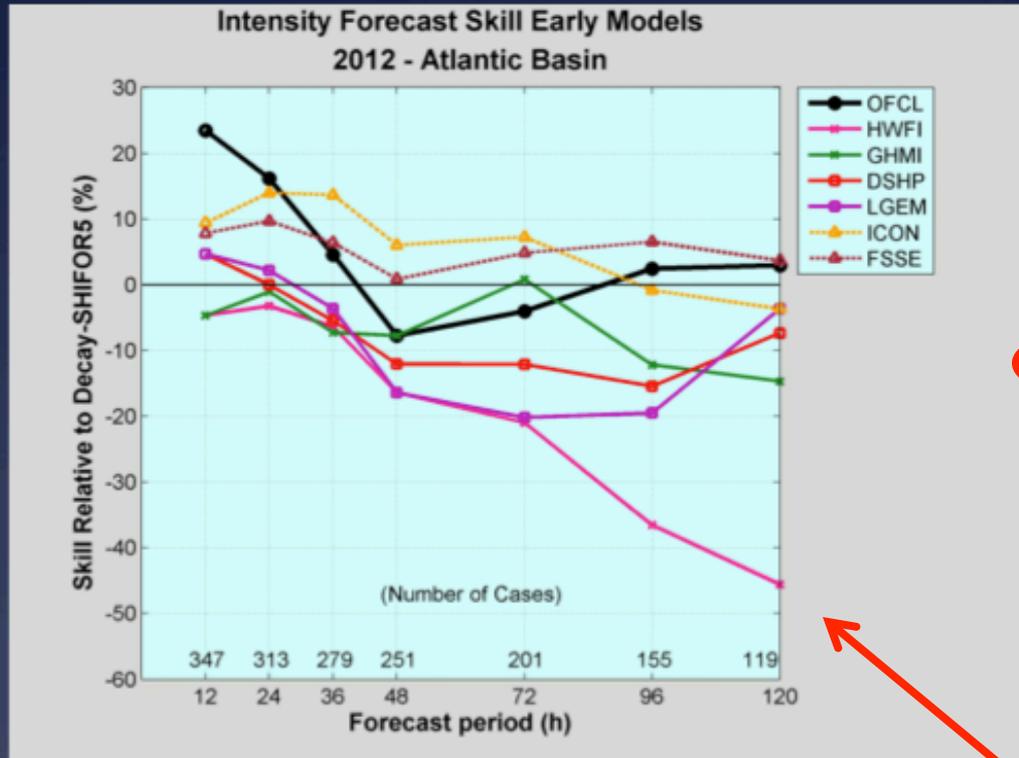
“Long-term trend is flat.”

“Skill trend is flat, little skill.”



Report from National Hurricane Center: Intensity Skill in 2012

2012 Intensity Guidance



Official forecasts had skill early, but little or no skill at 36 h and beyond.

FSSE and ICON were the best models.

DSHP and LGEM were not skillful in 2012.

HWRF was the worst model.

20

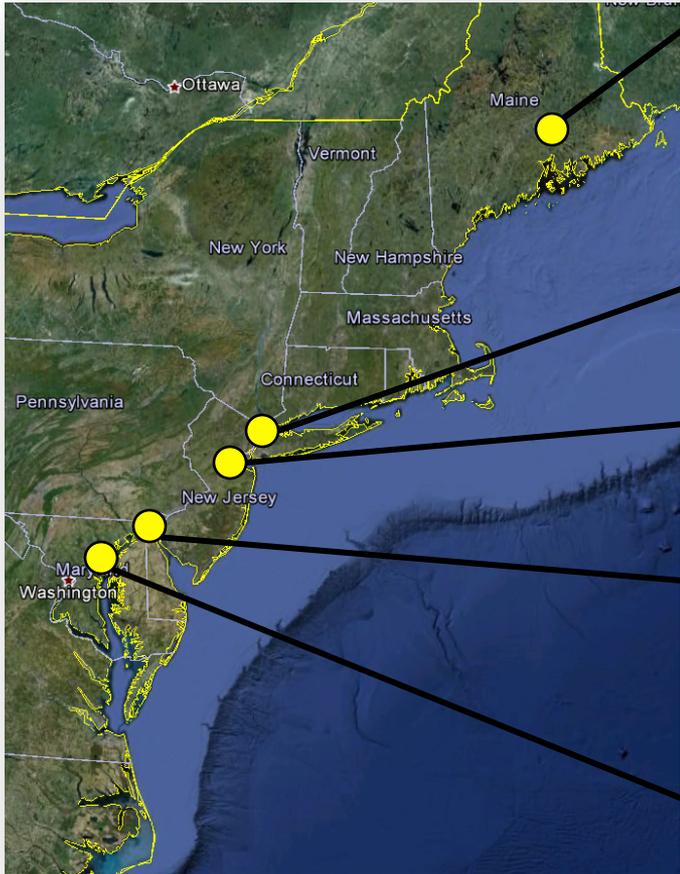


Adding the ocean model reduced skill!

Production Suite Review: December 4, 2012

Real-Time Satellite Ground Stations in the Northeast U.S.

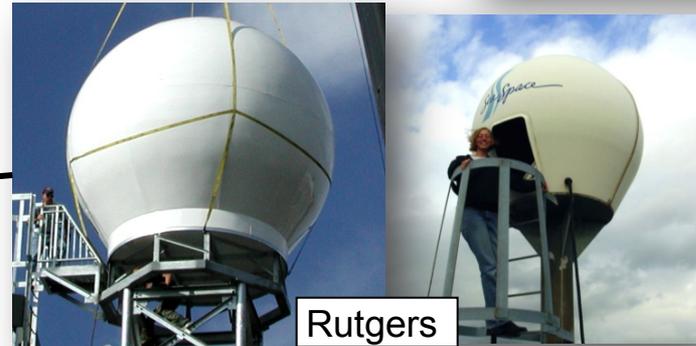
Satellites: NPP, Terra, Aqua, NOAA Polar Orbiters, Metop & GOES



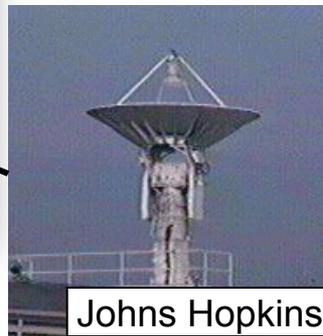
U. Maine



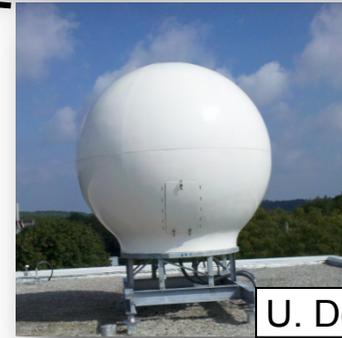
City College of N.Y.



Rutgers



Johns Hopkins

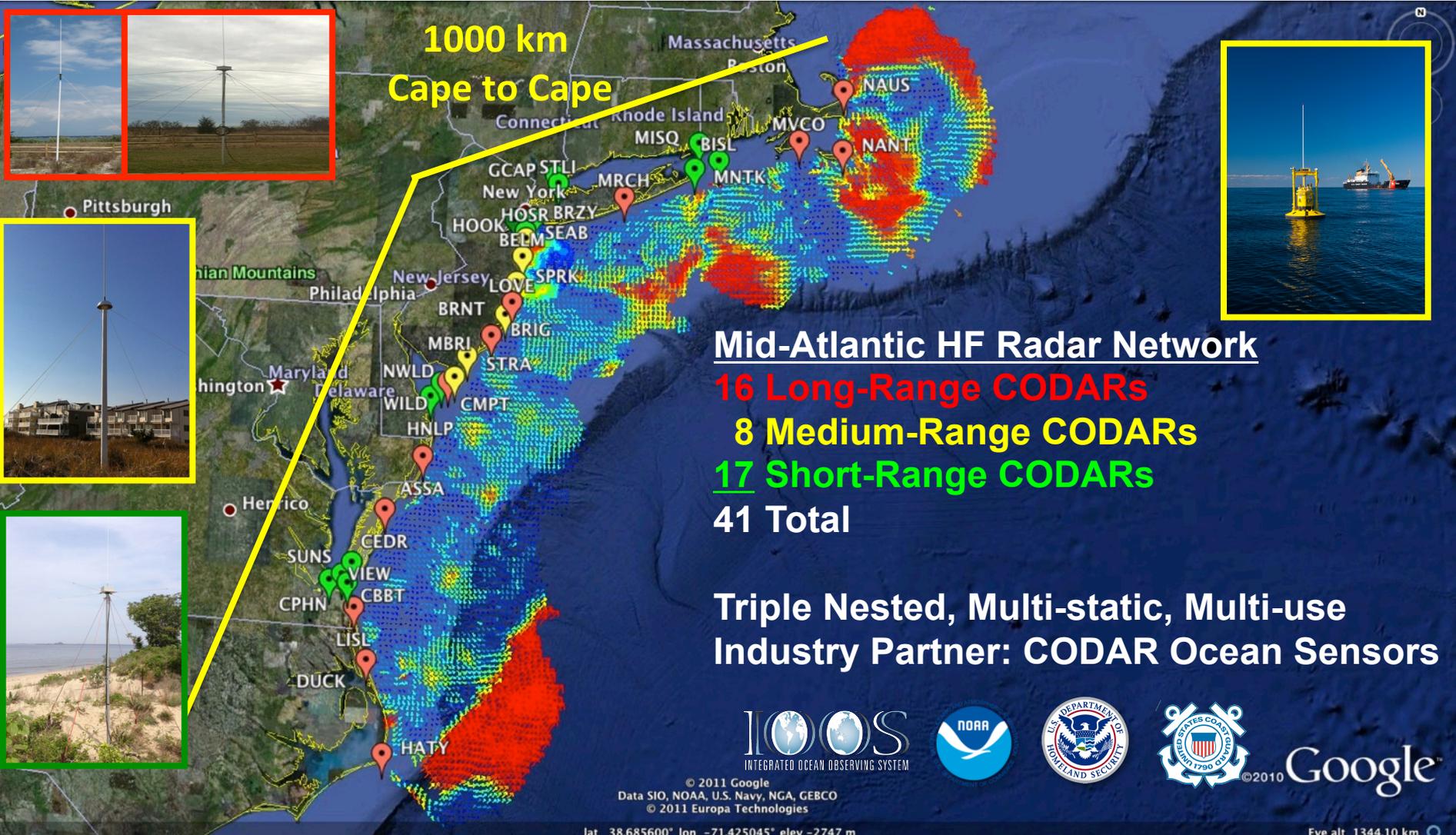


U. Delaware



Mid-Atlantic Bight HF Radar Network

1000 km
Cape to Cape



Mid-Atlantic HF Radar Network

- 16 Long-Range CODARs
- 8 Medium-Range CODARs
- 17 Short-Range CODARs
- 41 Total

Triple Nested, Multi-static, Multi-use
Industry Partner: CODAR Ocean Sensors



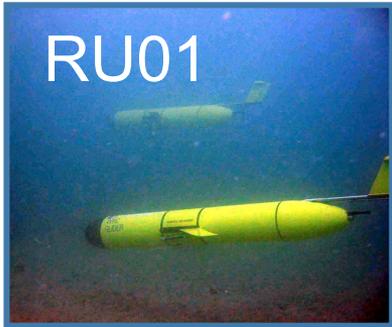
© 2011 Google
Data SIO, NOAA, U.S. Navy, NGA, GEBCO
© 2011 Europa Technologies

lat 38.685600° lon -71.425045° elev -2747 m

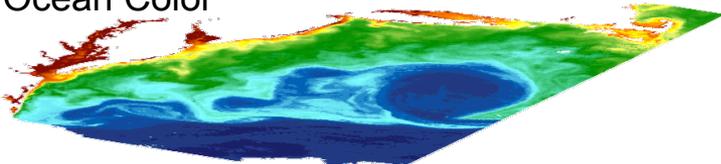
Eye alt 1344.10 km



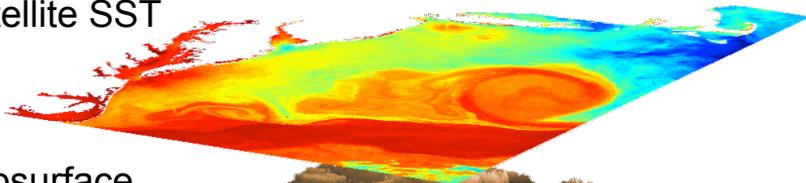
Rutgers Glider Network



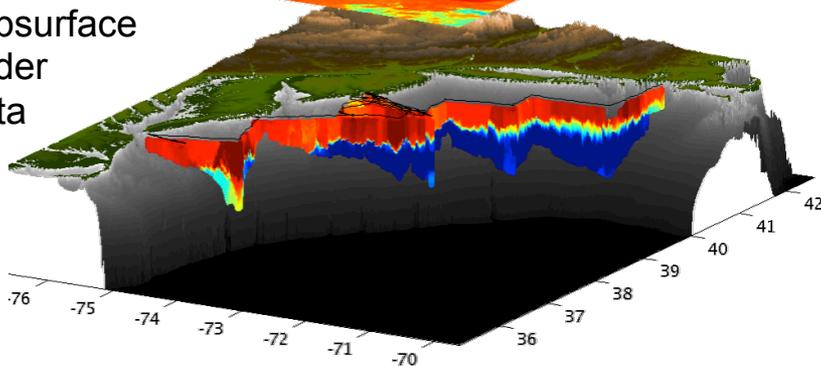
Satellite Ocean Color



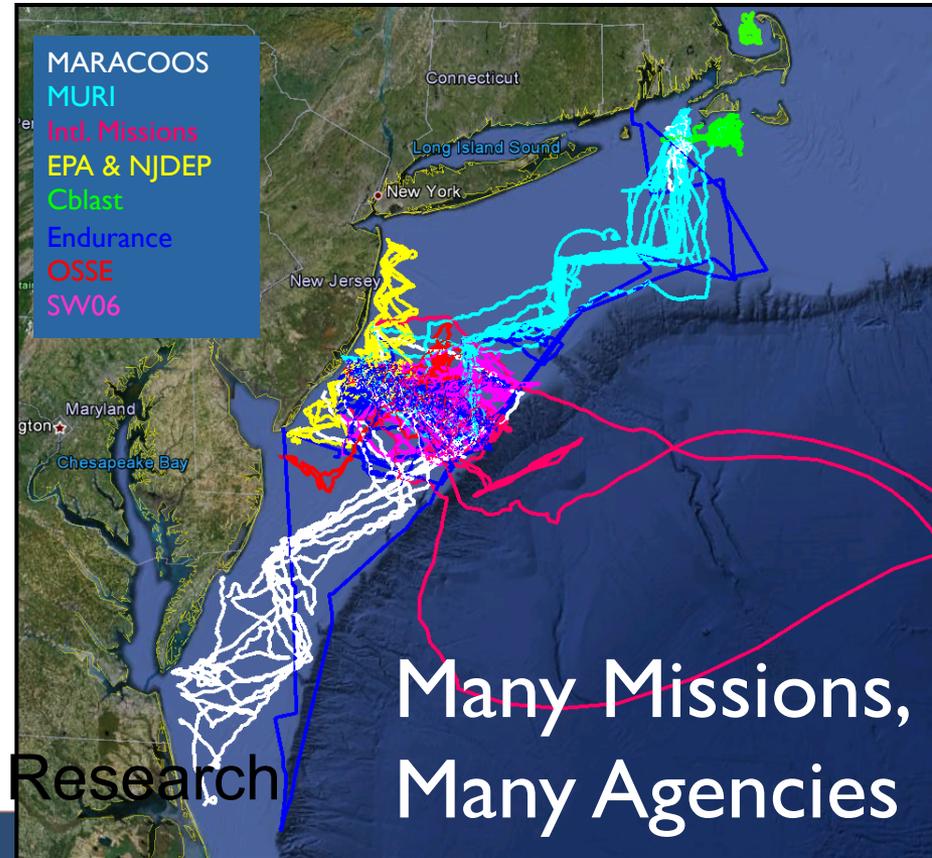
Satellite SST



Subsurface
Glider
Data

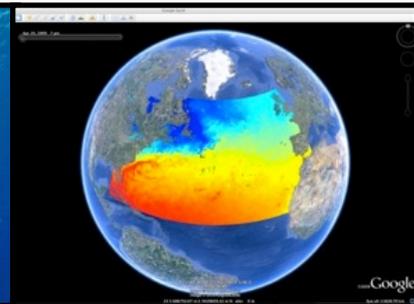


Industry Partner: Teledyne Webb Research



MARACOOS Operations Center

Rutgers University - Coastal Ocean Observation Lab



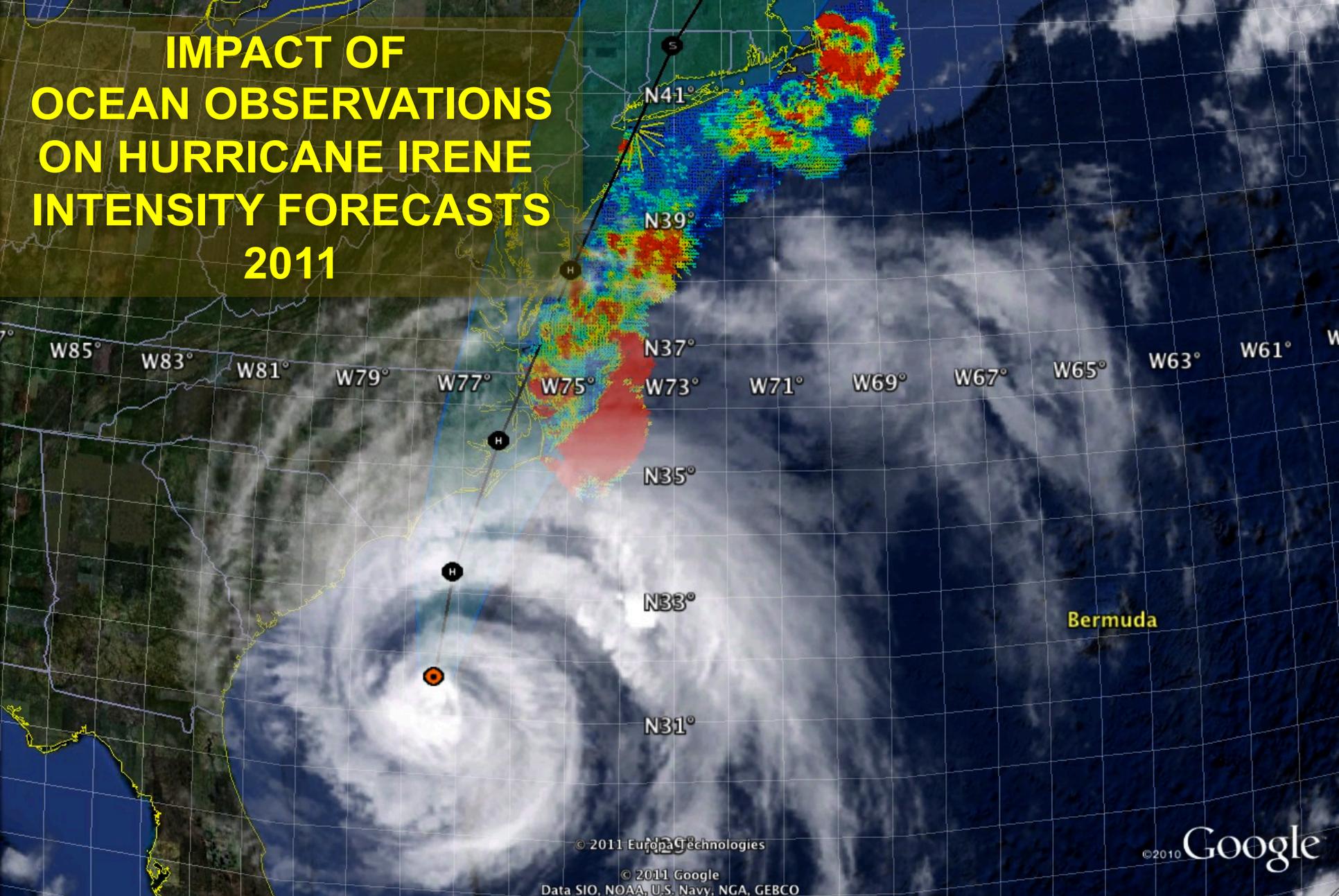
Satellite Data Acquisition Stations

CODAR Network

Glider Fleet

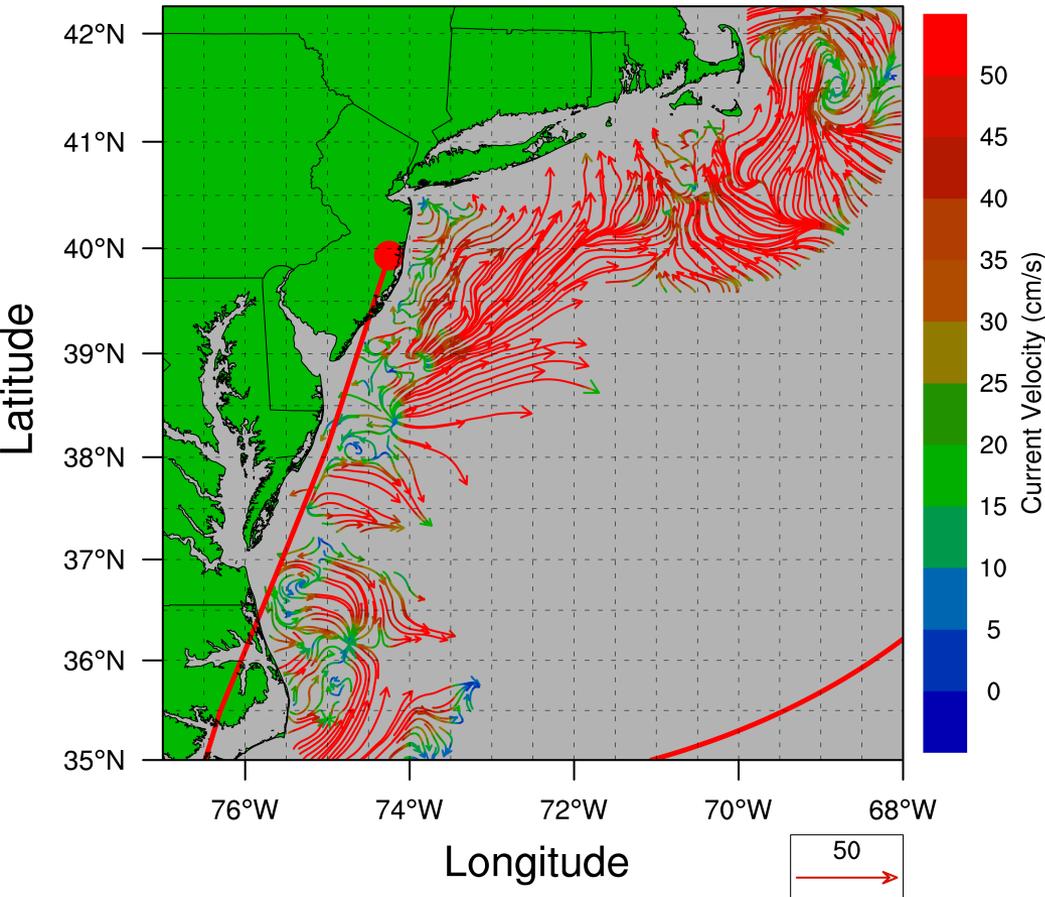
3-D Forecasts

IMPACT OF OCEAN OBSERVATIONS ON HURRICANE IRENE INTENSITY FORECASTS 2011



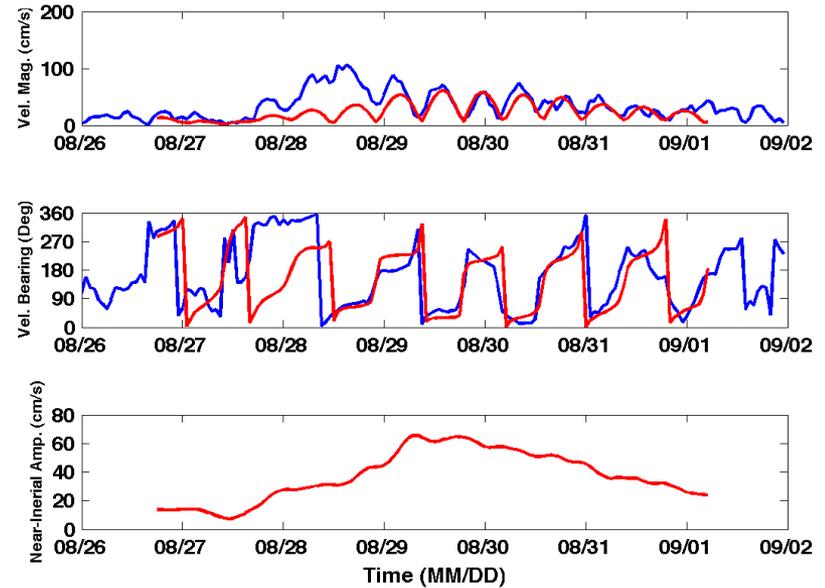
Hurricane Irene

Long Range Radar Network
Sea Surface Currents
2011082812 GMT

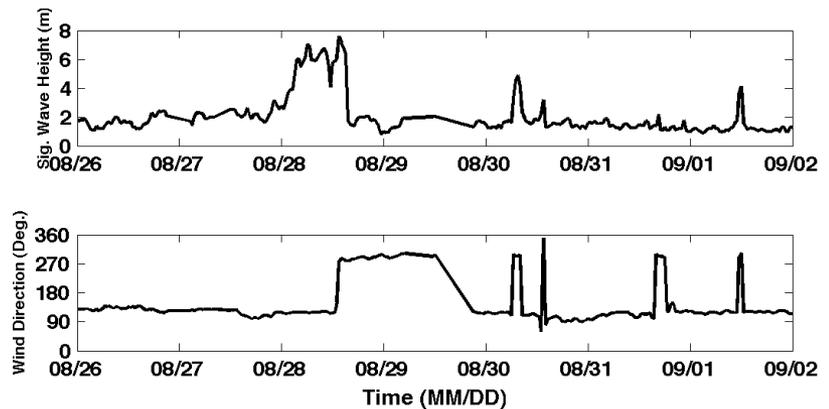


39.5N 73W Surface Current Time Series

Total Current Near-Inertial Current



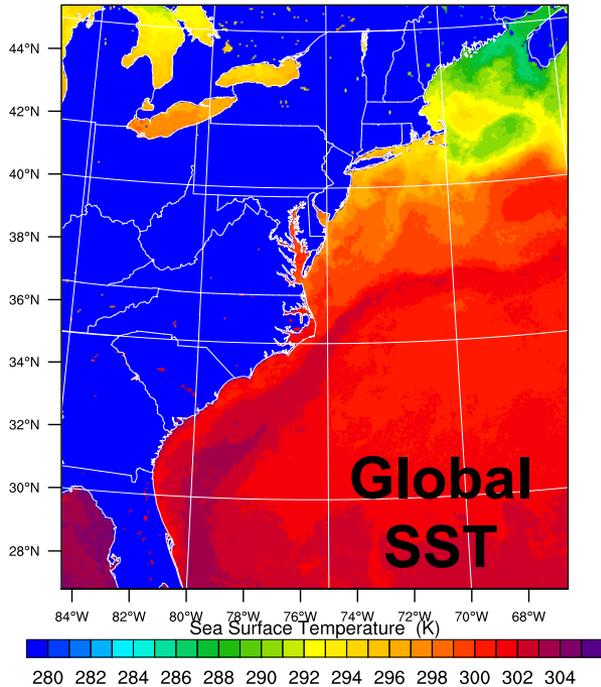
Wave & Wind Direction Time Series



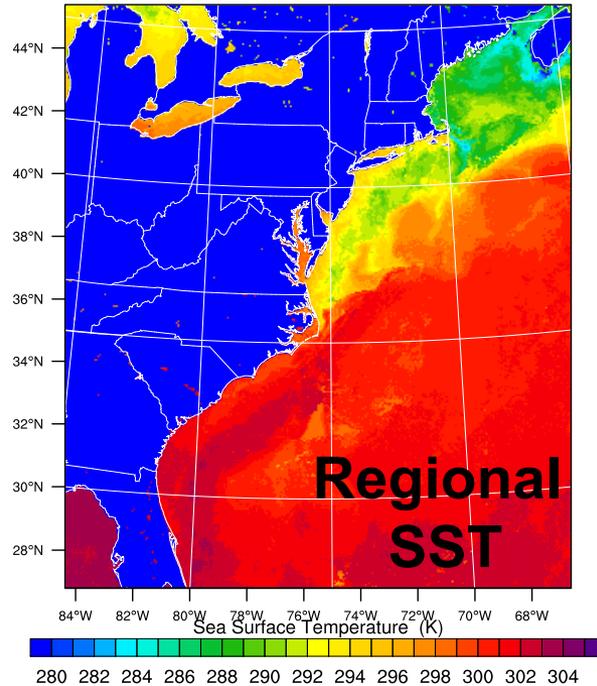
Eye crosses NJ mid-day on Aug 28

Post-Hurricane Irene Sea Surface Temperatures

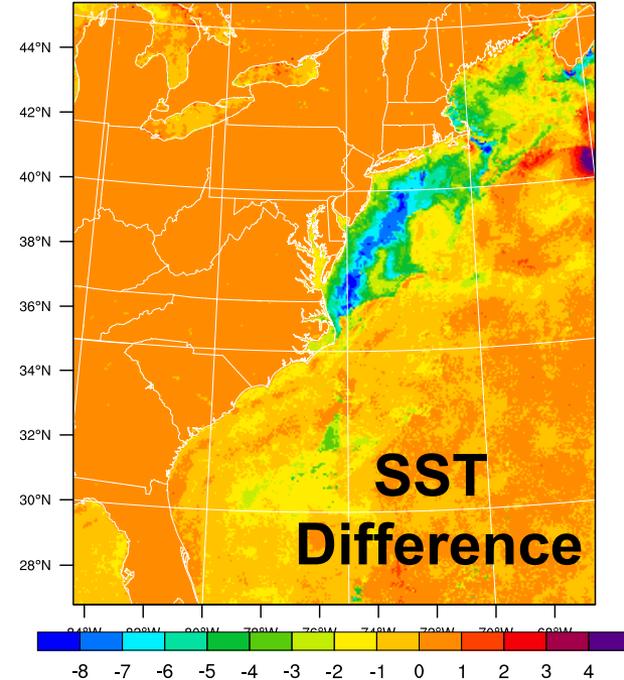
Sea Surface Temperature (K)



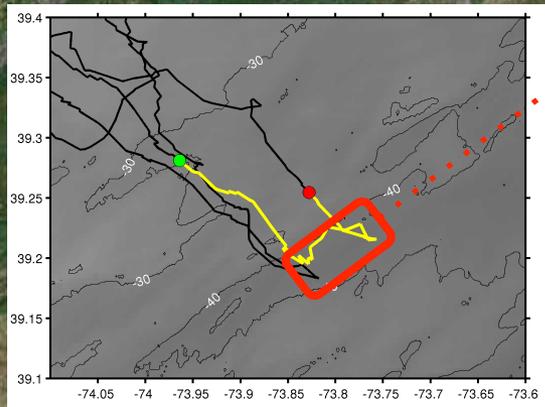
Sea Surface Temperature (K)



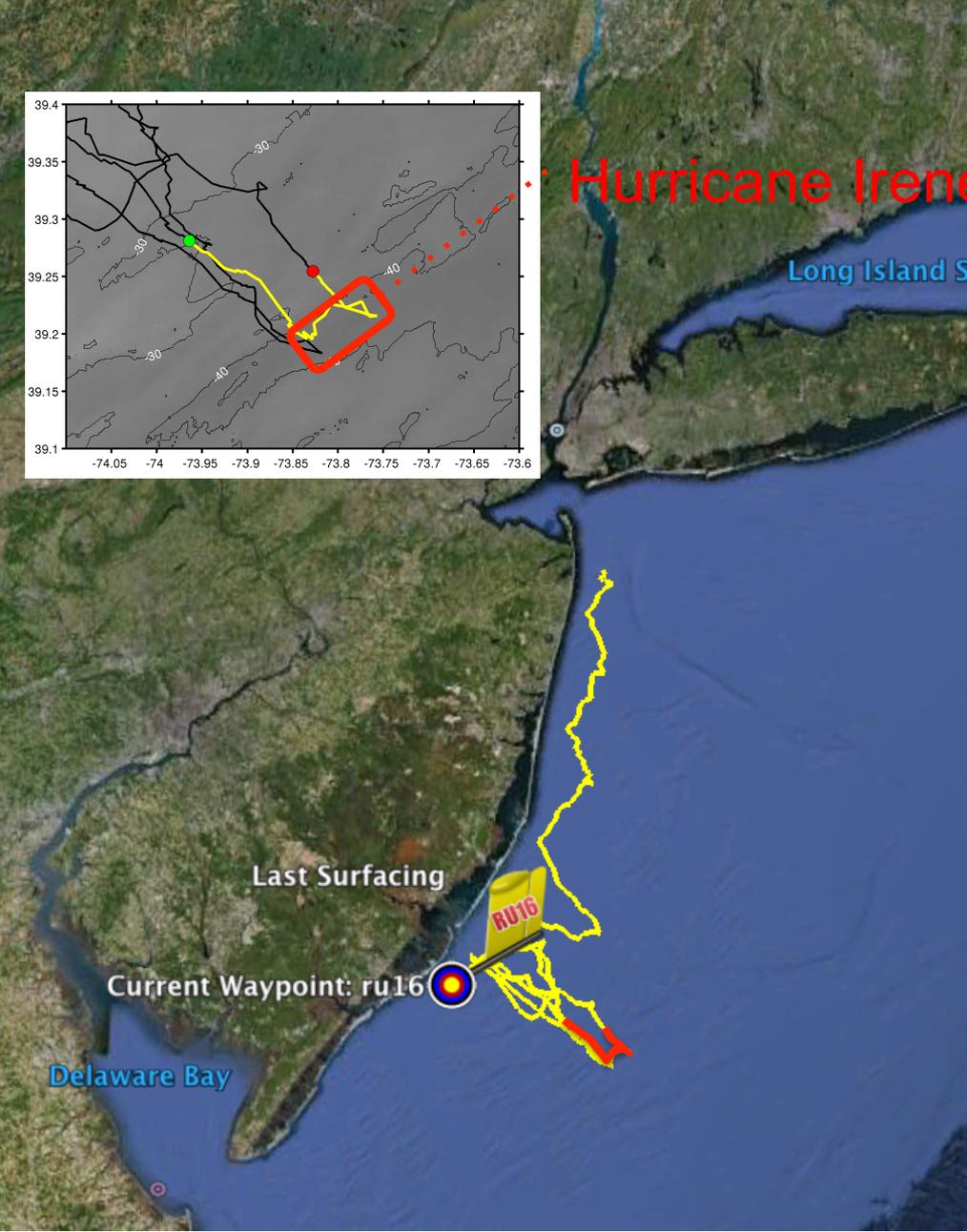
Unknown



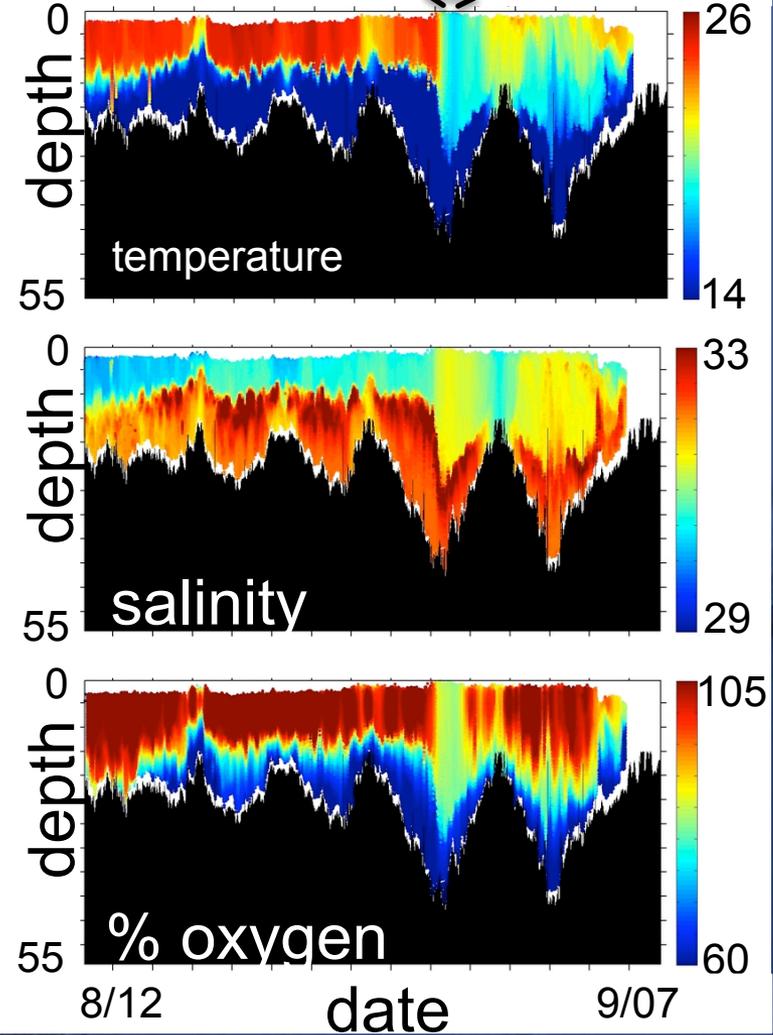
But when did the 6C - 8C Cooling occur?



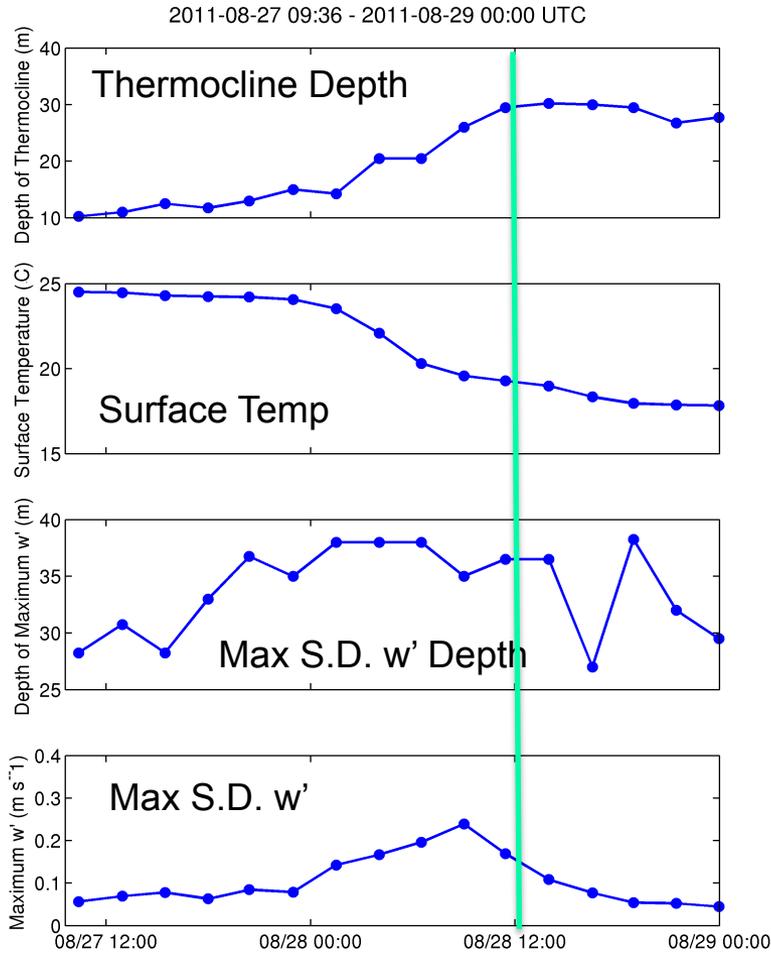
Hurricane Irene



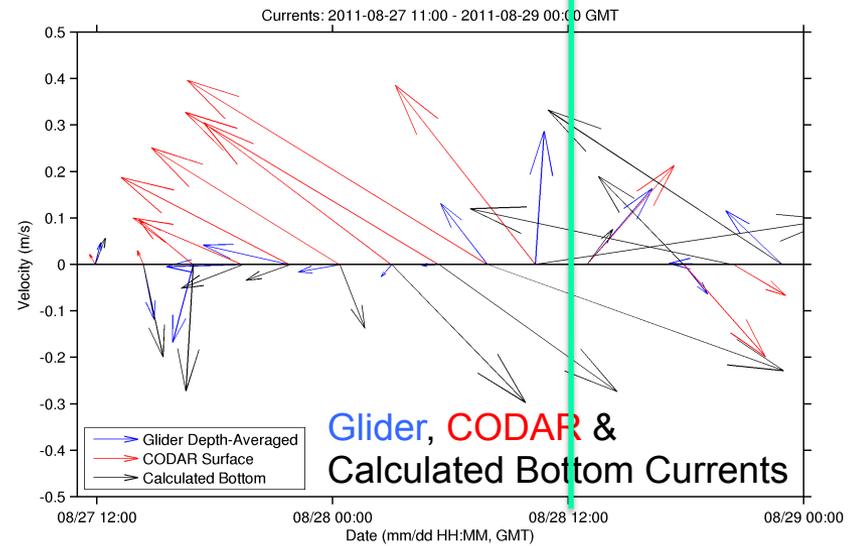
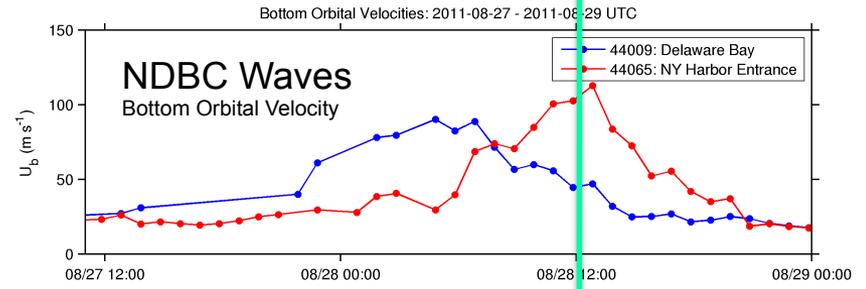
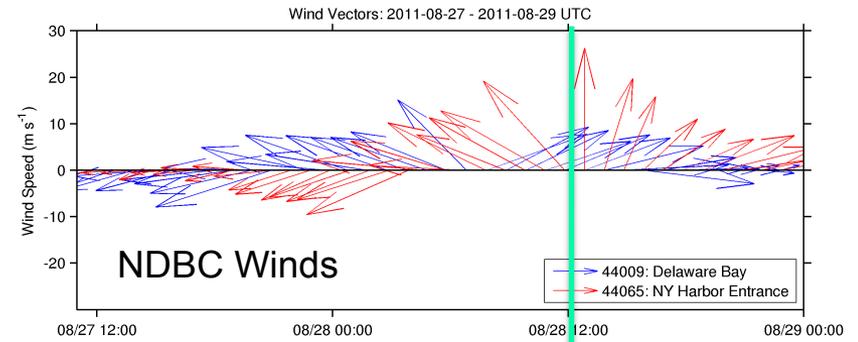
Hurricane Irene



MARACOOS Network Observations: Hurricane Irene

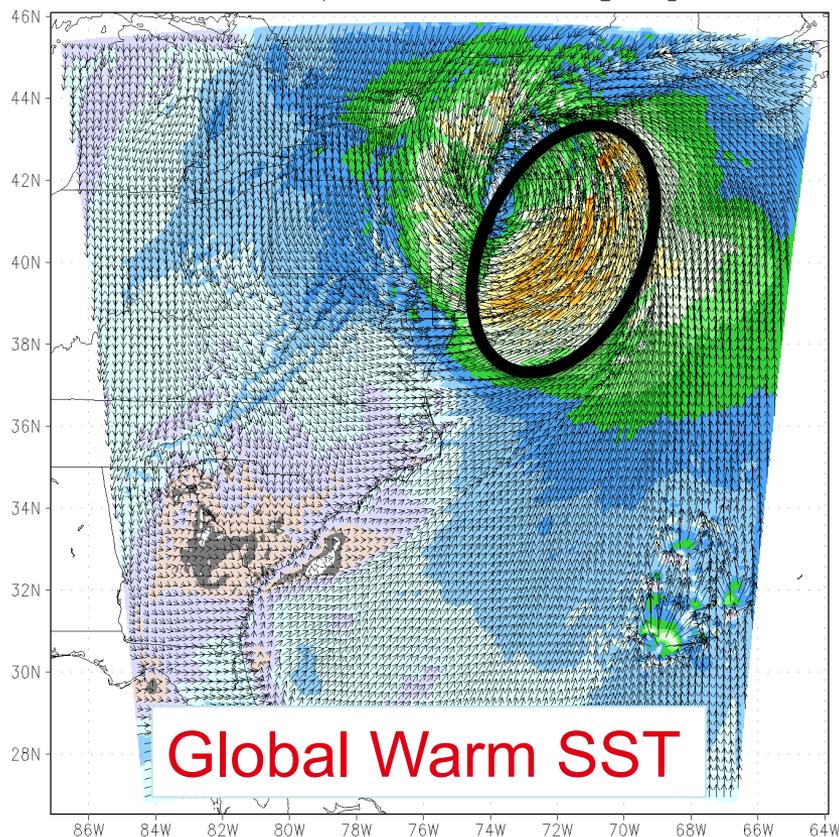


Glider RU16

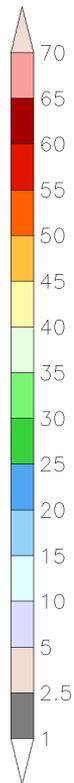
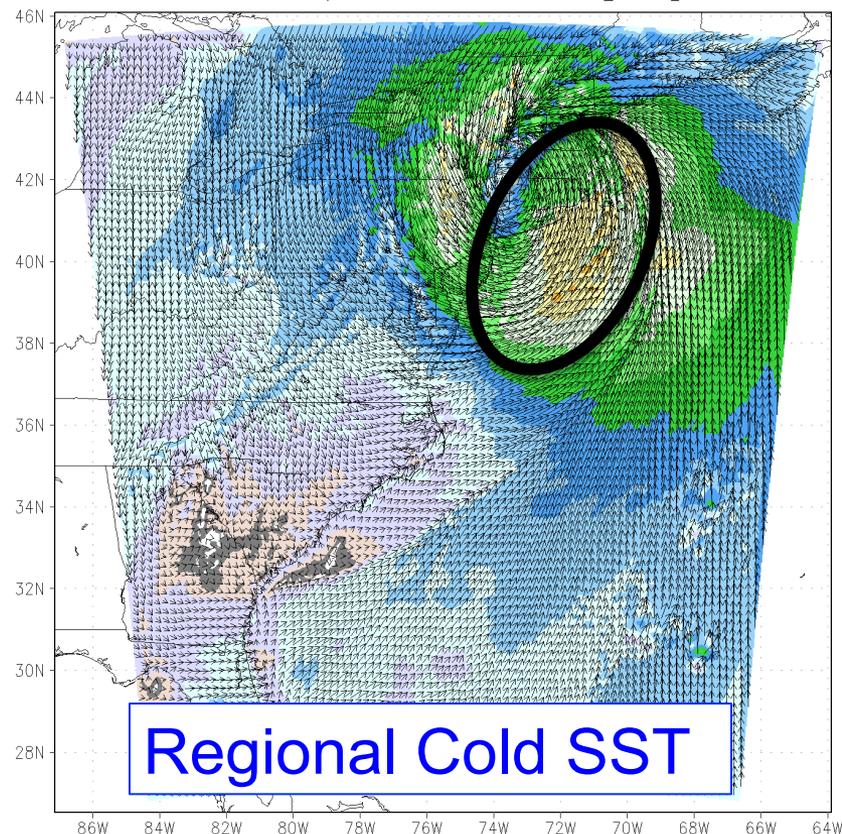


Hurricane Irene SST Sensitivity Hindcast

Wind Speed at 10 m [kts]



Wind Speed at 10 m [kts]



Maximum Wind Speed Skill Score	Official Forecast	Warm SST Hindcast	Warm SST + OML Model Hindcast	Cold SST Hindcast
RMS Error (knots)	9.43	7.13	7.09	3.61

First Warning for Hurricane Sandy: Monday, Oct 22, 1-week prior to landfall

----- Original Message -----

Subject: Re: [hftp-telecon] Telecon this week
Date: Mon, 22 Oct 2012 15:18:18 -0400
From: Louis Bowers <bowers@marine.rutgers.edu>
To: Scott Glenn <glenn@marine.rutgers.edu>
CC:

If you take the medium range models at face value, 30th thru 1st, historic storm, starting from to-be Sandy. Winds hurricane force, 6" + of rain, extreme coastal flooding. Or, it could miss completely.

Louis Bowers
Sent from my iPhone

On Oct 22, 2012, at 3:11 PM, Scott Glenn <glenn@marine.rutgers.edu> wrote:

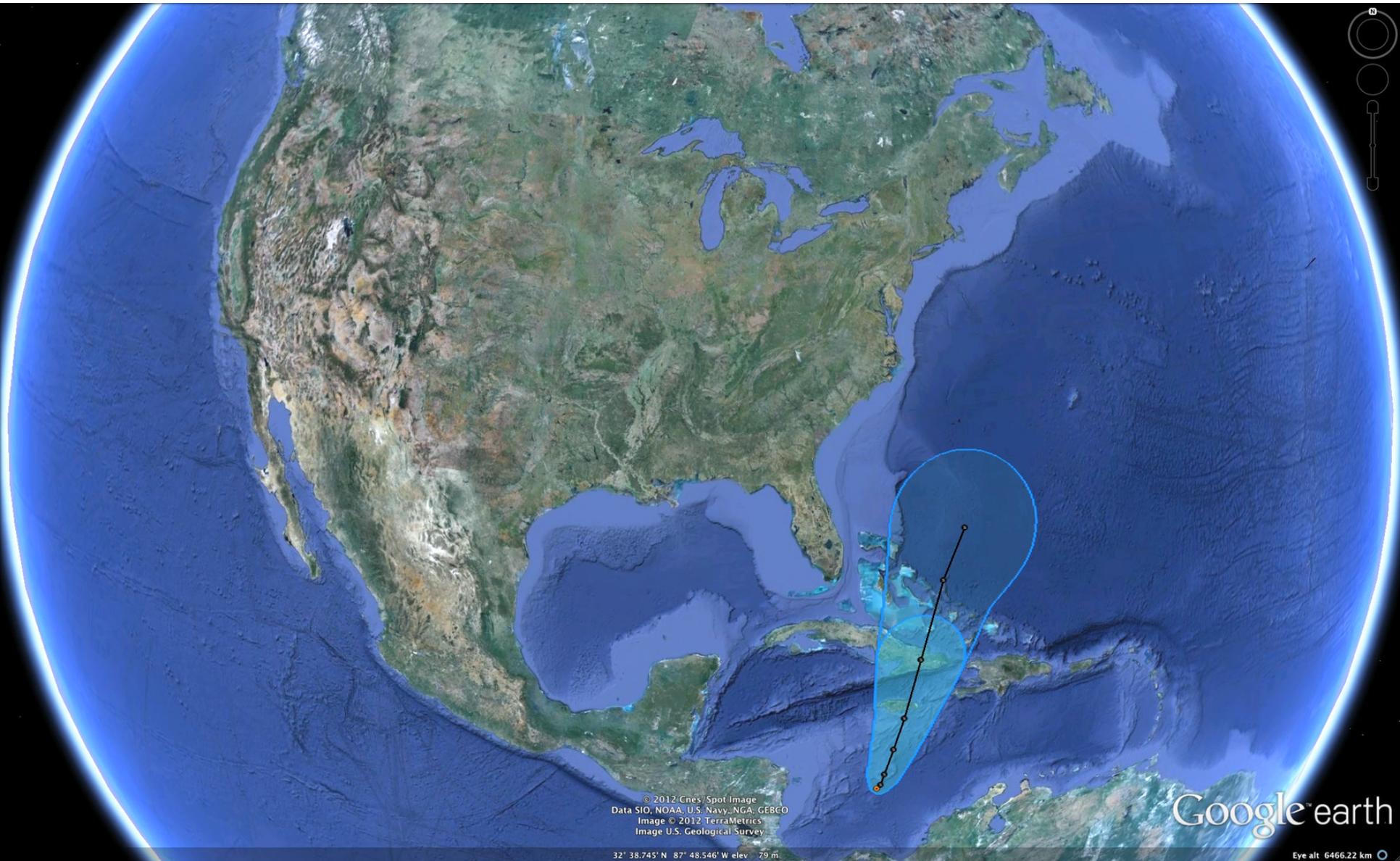
Big storm coming.
Sent from my iPhone

On Oct 22, 2012, at 2:59 PM, Louis Bowers <bowers@marine.rutgers.edu> wrote:

Might get a chance to test out our forecasting early next week, could be a whopper of a coastal storm.

Louis Bowers
Sent from my iPhone

Hurricane Sandy: 5 Day Track Uncertainty Cone



© 2012 Cnes/Spot Image
Data SIO, NOAA, U.S. Navy, NGA, GEBCO
Image © 2012 TerraMetrics
Image U.S. Geological Survey

Google earth

32° 38.745' N 87° 48.546' W elev 79 m

Eye alt 6466.22 km



RUTGERS UNIVERSITY

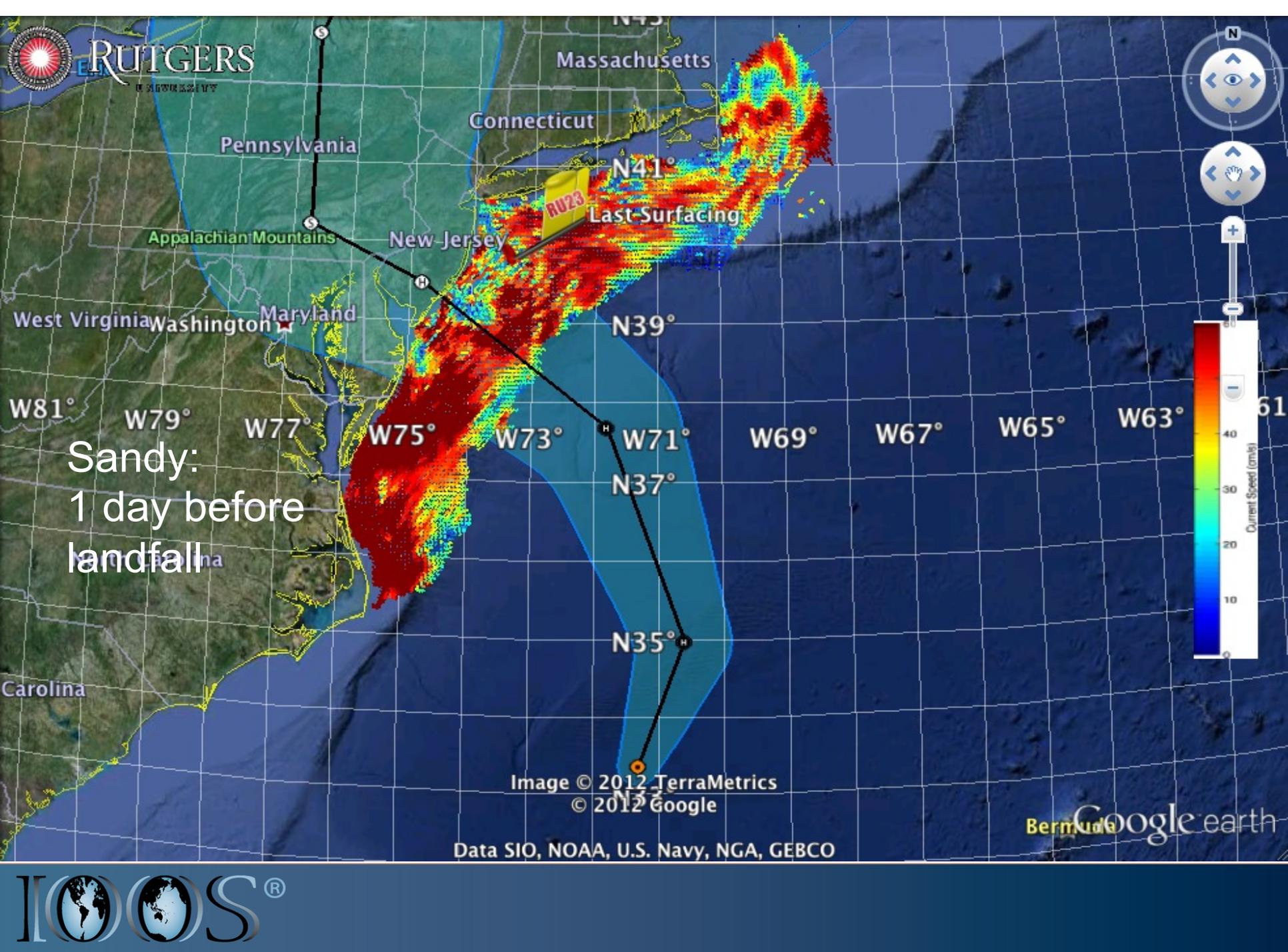


Sandy:
2 days before
landfall

US Dept of State Geographer
© 2012 Google
© 2012 Cnes/Spot Image
Data SIO, NOAA, U.S. Navy, NGA, GEBCO

Google earth





RUTGERS
UNIVERSITY

Sandy:
1 day before
landfall

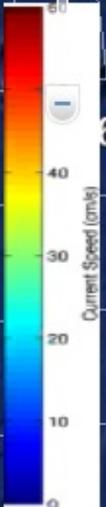
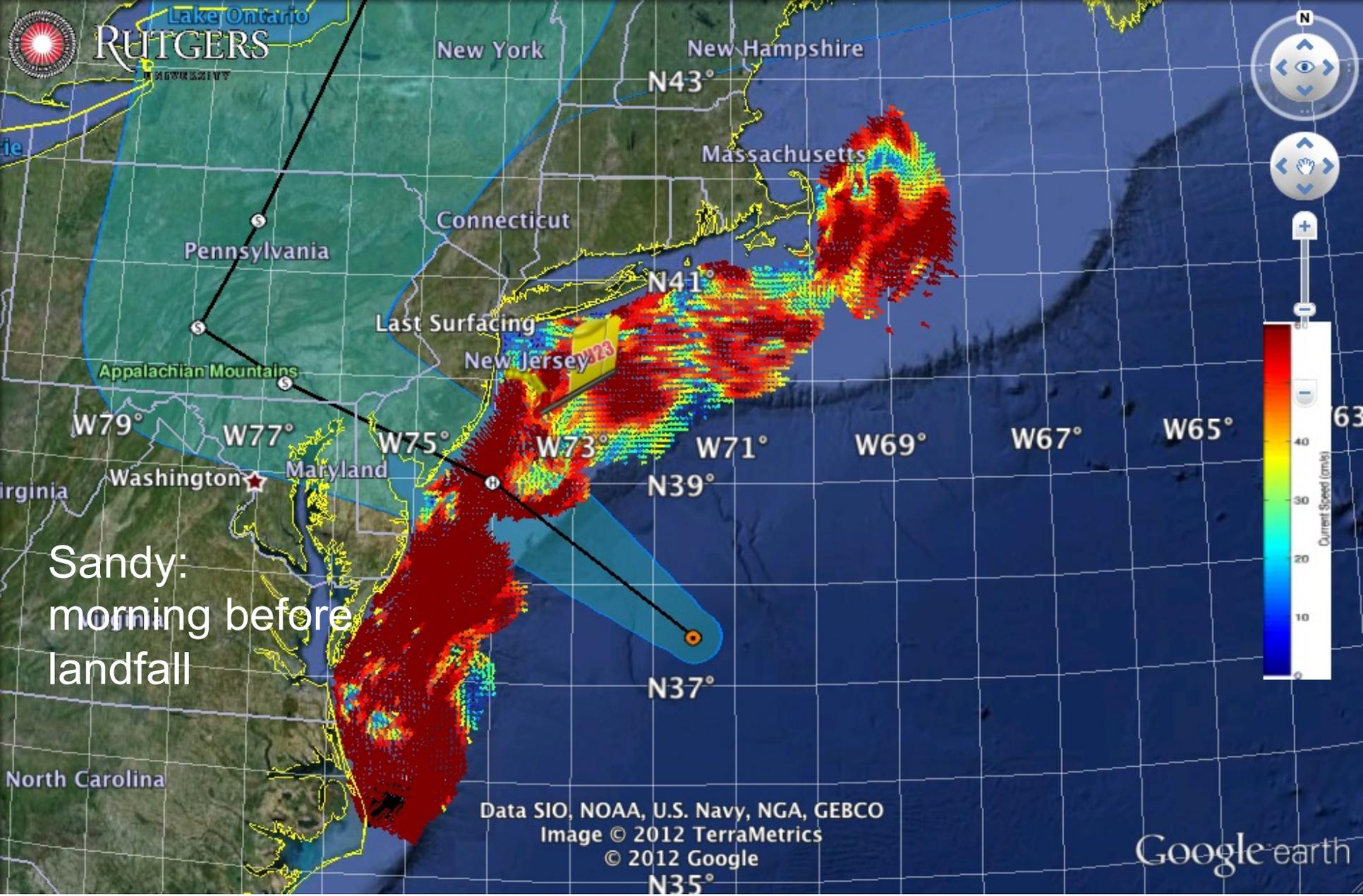


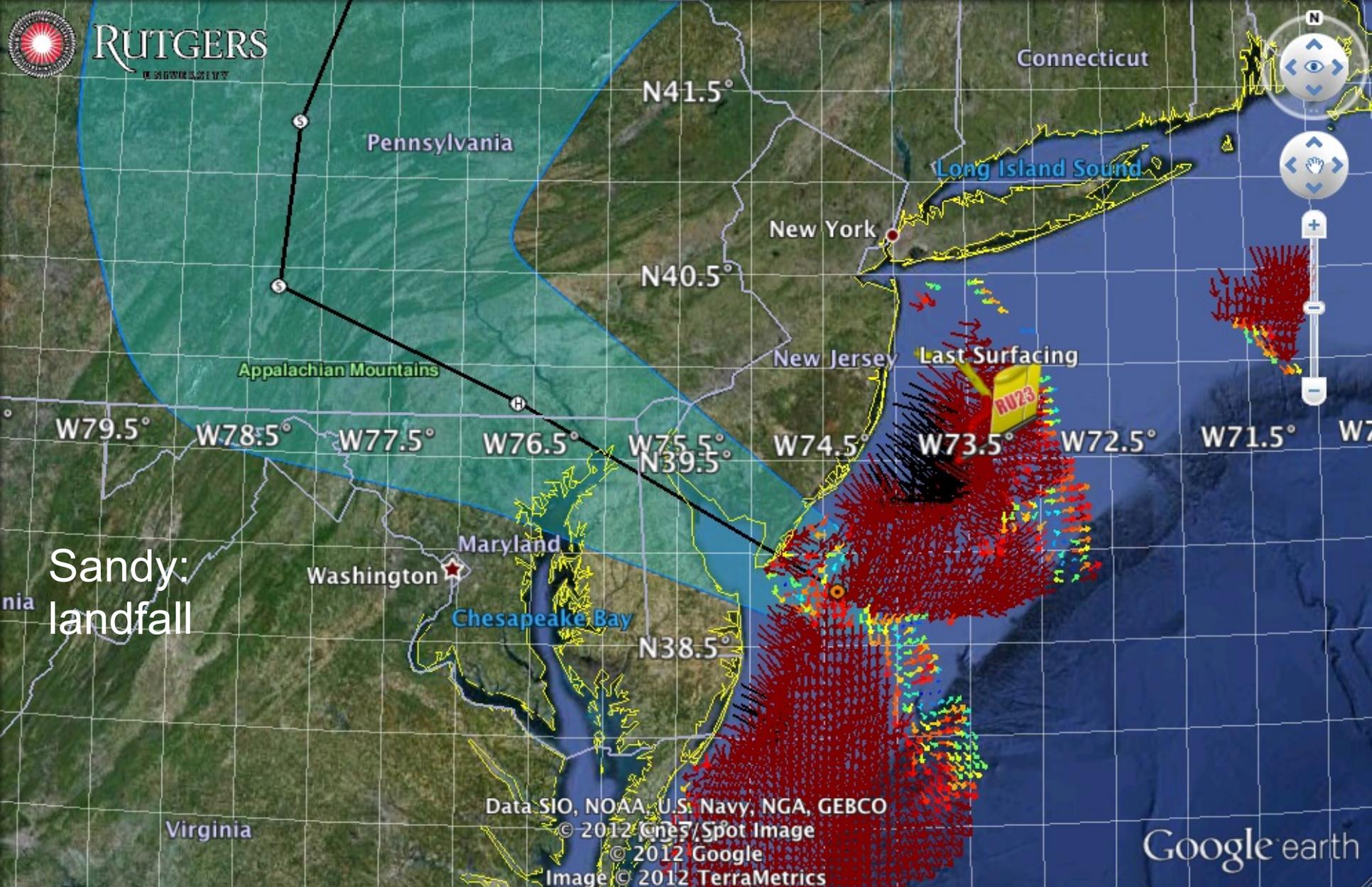
Image © 2012 TerraMetrics
© 2012 Google

Data SIO, NOAA, U.S. Navy, NGA, GEBCO

Bermuda Google earth



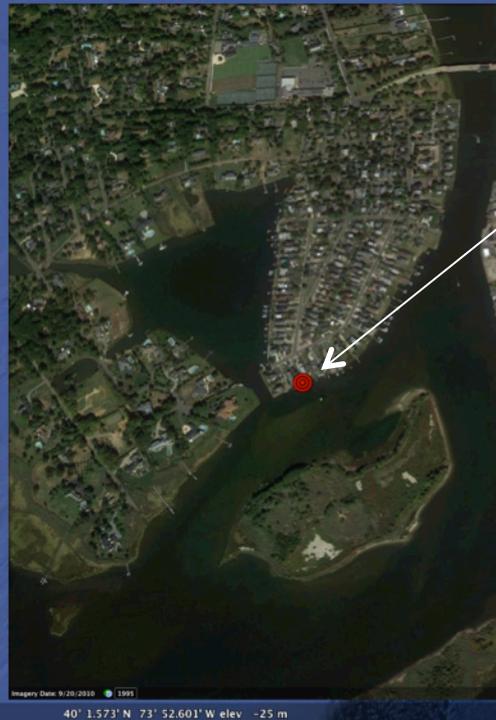
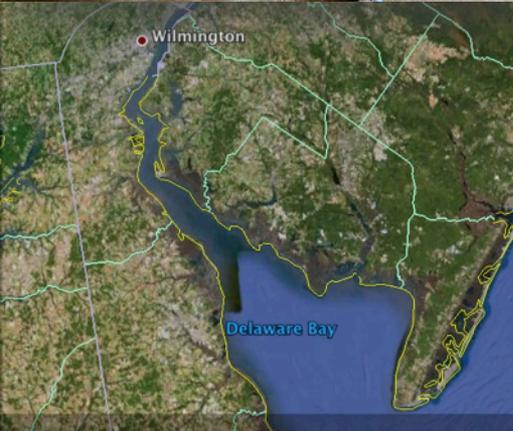




HF Radar Storm Damage

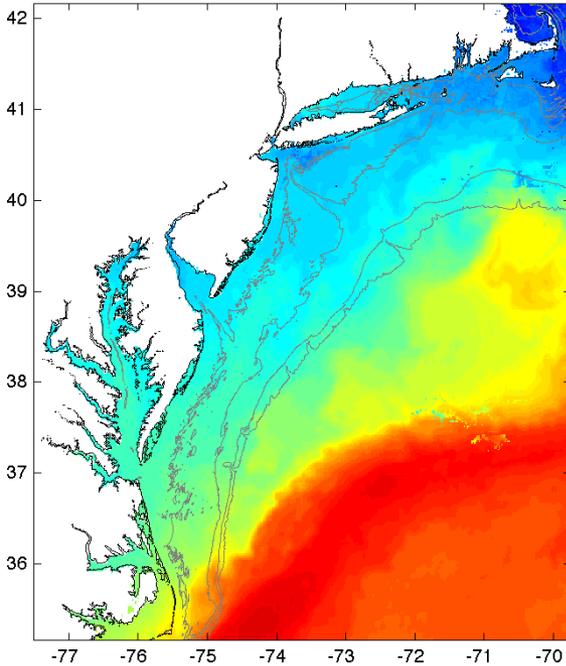


HF Radar
Shed floats
0.85 km
across barrier
island & river



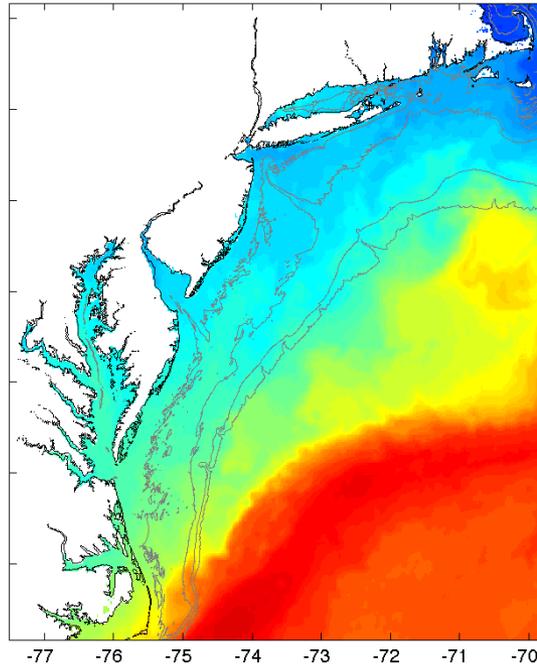
Sea Surface Temperature Products used for Atmospheric Forecasts Oct 29, 2012

Composite SST 2012-10-29 06:00:00



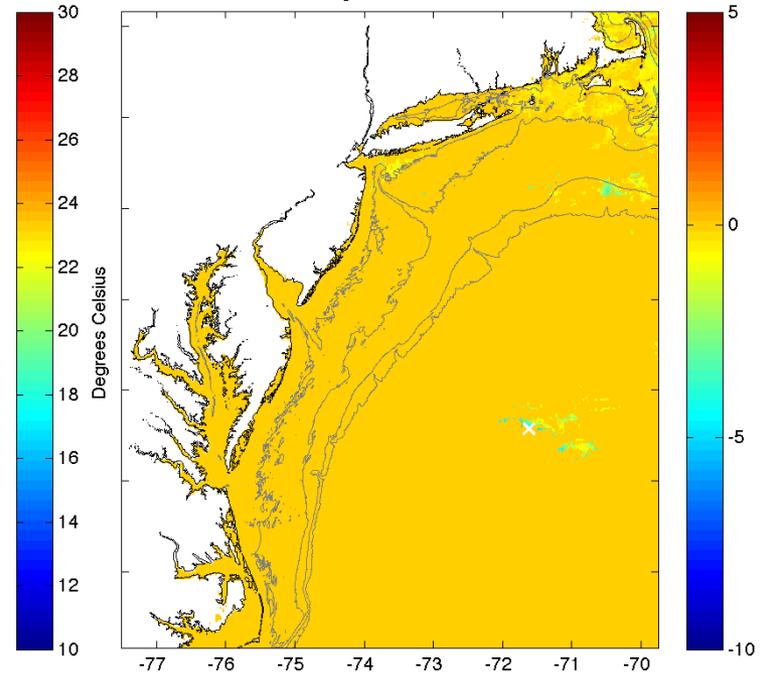
Regional

SPoRT SST 2012-10-29 06:00:00



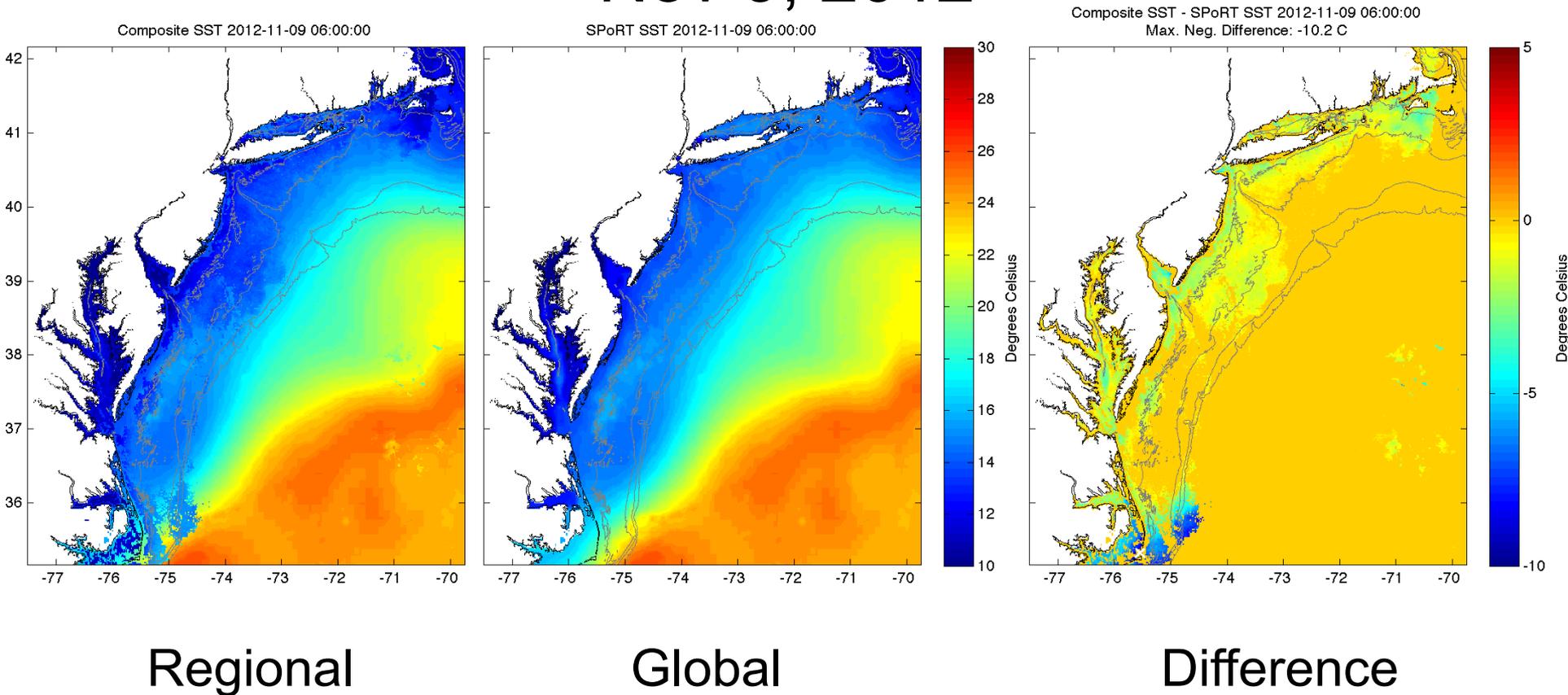
Global

Composite SST - SPoRT SST 2012-10-29 06:00:00
Max. Neg. Difference: -6.3 C



Difference

Sea Surface Temperature Products used for Atmospheric Forecasts Nov 9, 2012



RU23 Glider Deployment

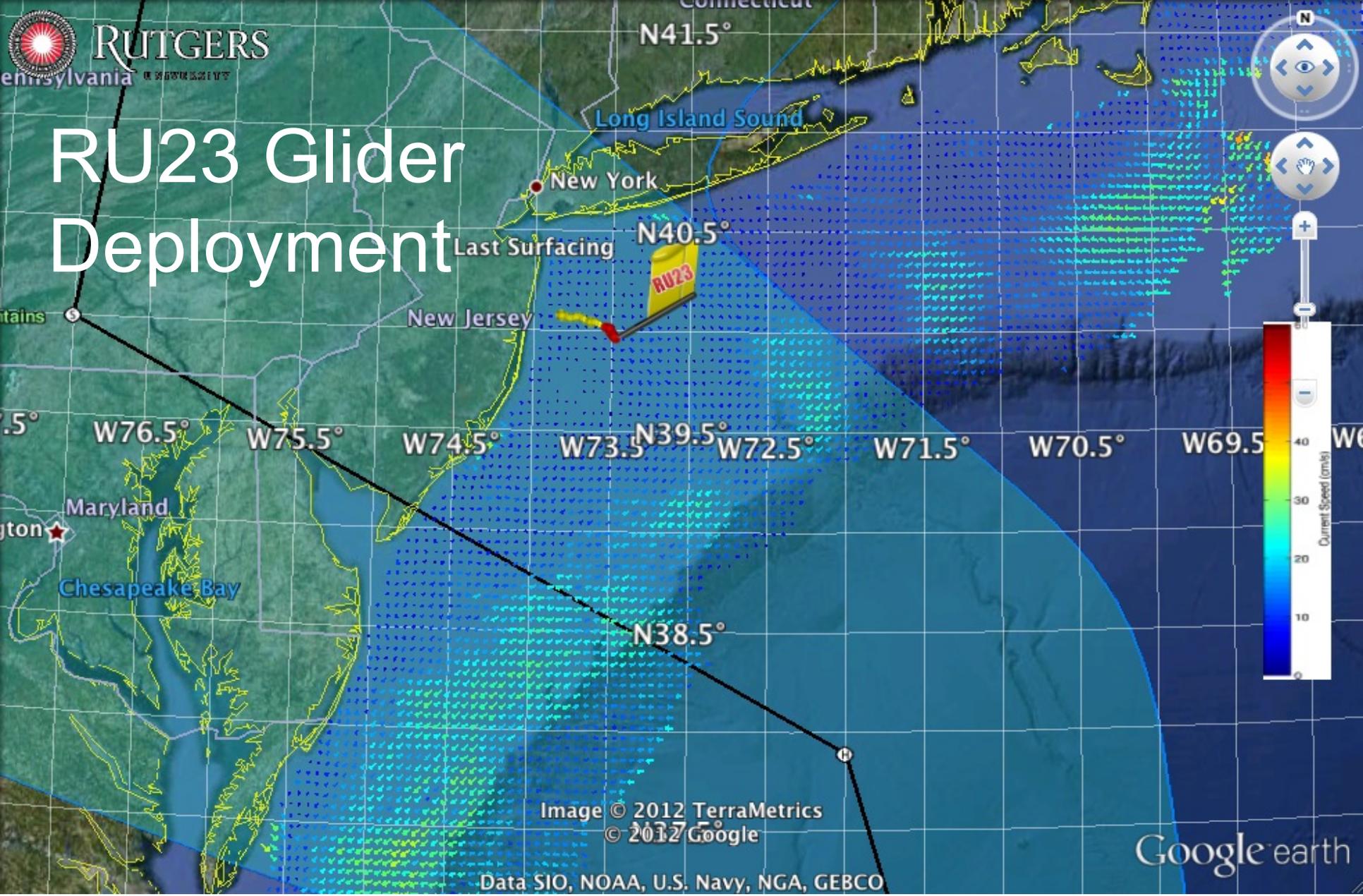
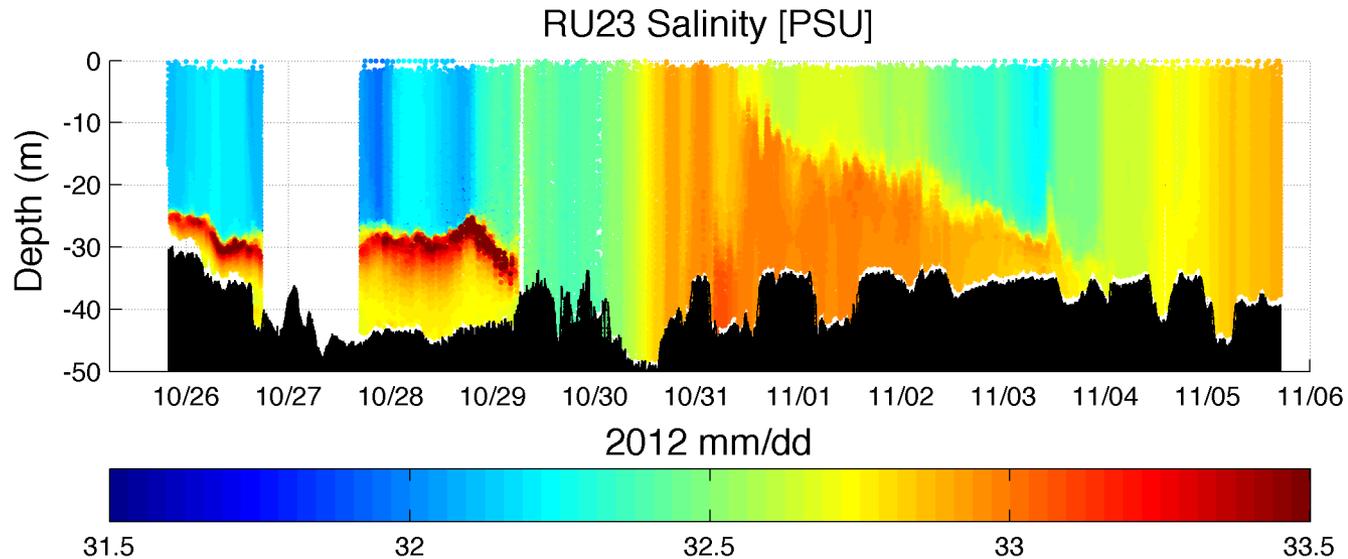
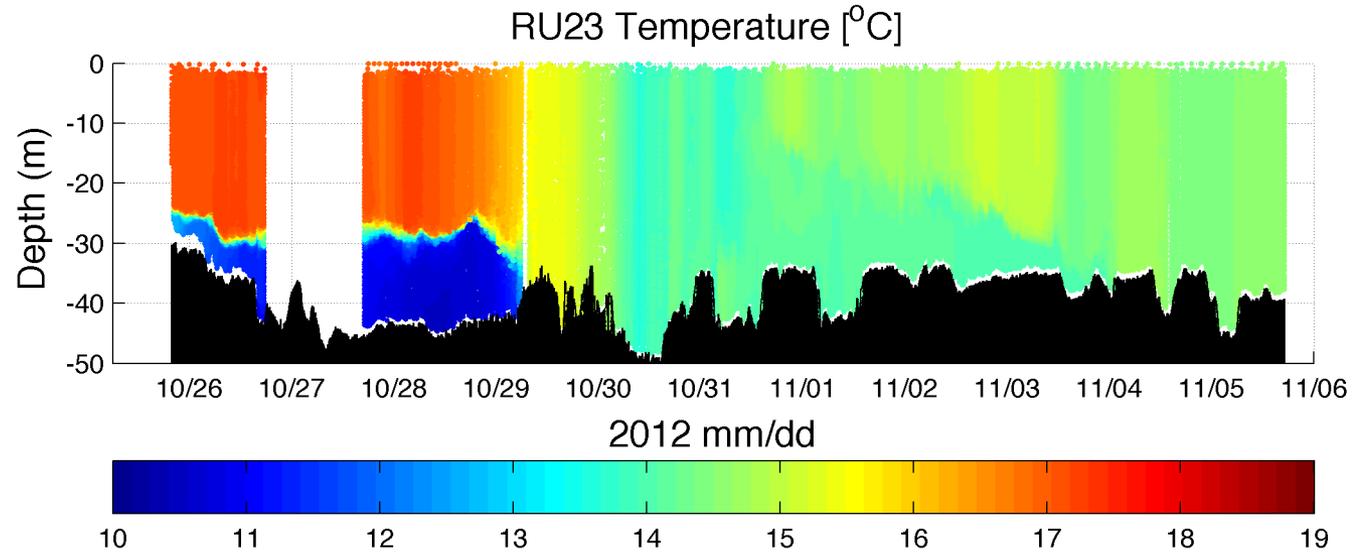


Image © 2012 TerraMetrics
© 2012 Google

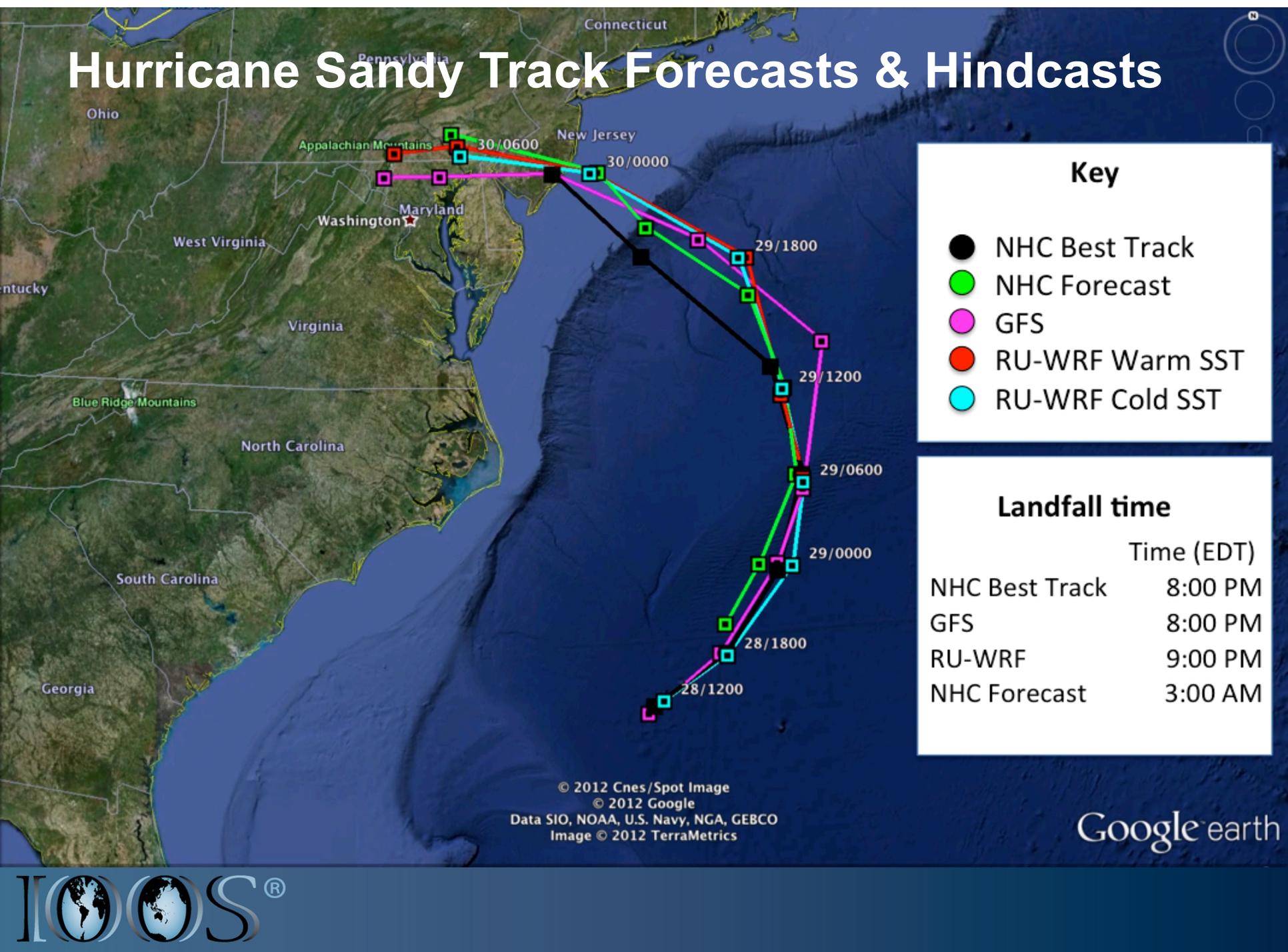
Data SIO, NOAA, U.S. Navy, NGA, GEBCO

Google earth

Glider RU23 Temperature and Salinity Section



Hurricane Sandy Track Forecasts & Hindcasts



Key

- NHC Best Track
- NHC Forecast
- GFS
- RU-WRF Warm SST
- RU-WRF Cold SST

Landfall time

	Time (EDT)
NHC Best Track	8:00 PM
GFS	8:00 PM
RU-WRF	9:00 PM
NHC Forecast	3:00 AM

© 2012 Cnes/Spot Image
 © 2012 Google
 Data SIO, NOAA, U.S. Navy, NGA, GEBCO
 Image © 2012 TerraMetrics

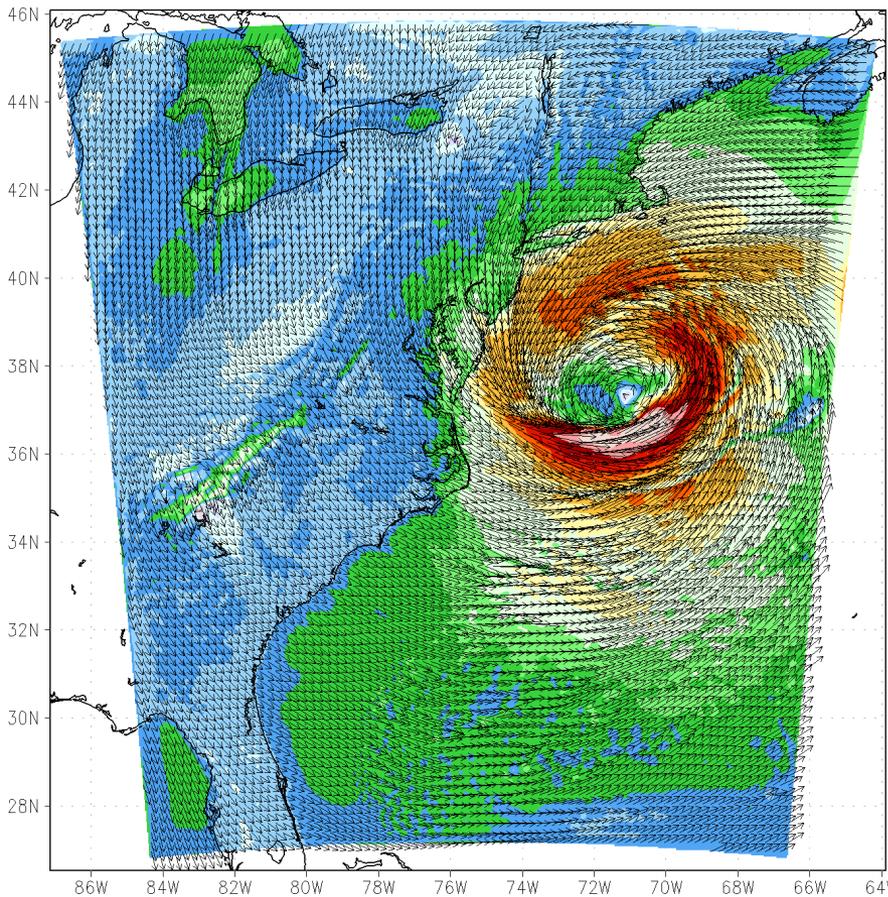
Google earth



Hurricane Sandy Hindcast: SST Sensitivity

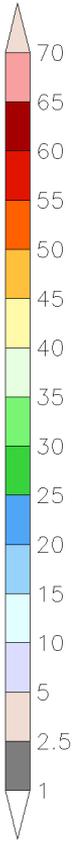
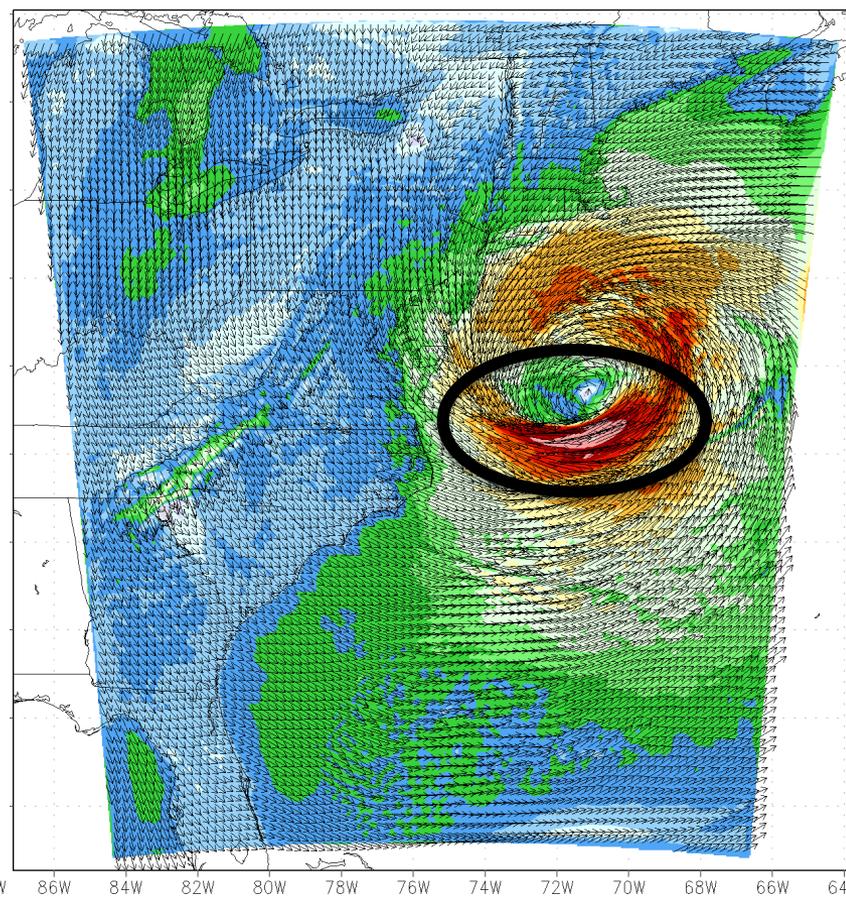
Warm SST

Wind Speed at 10 m [kts]



Cold SST

Wind Speed at 10 m [kts]



J Coastal Ocean Observation Lab: WRF-ARW 6 KM
<http://marine.rutgers.edu/cool/weather>

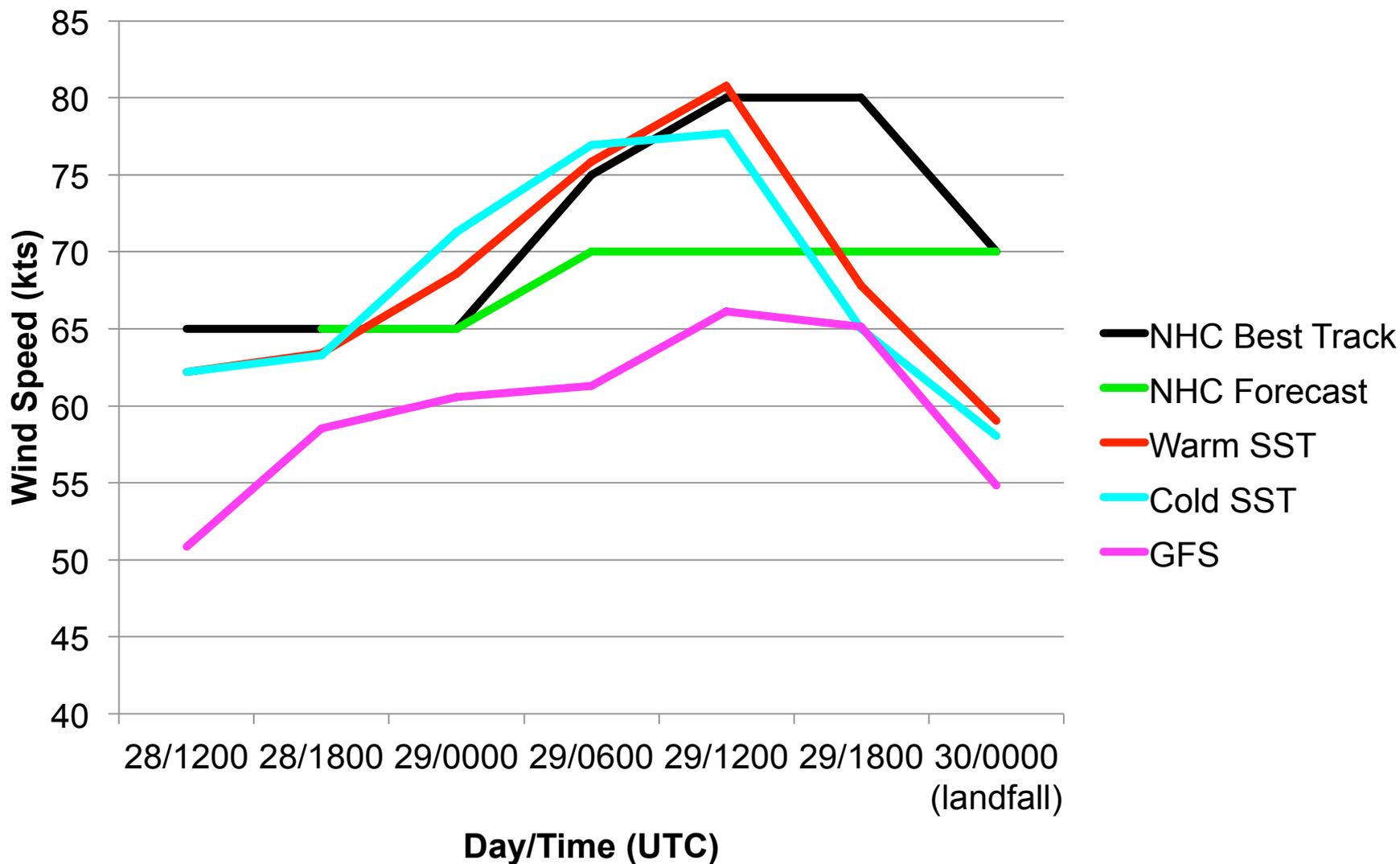
Model Initialized 12Z29OCT2012 (Mon) | Forecast Hour 28

Model Initialized 12Z28OCT2012
Valid 16Z29OCT2012 (Mon) | Forecast Hour 28



Hurricane Sandy Hindcast: Intensity

Maximum Sustained 10m Wind Speed (kts)



Storm Surge Forecast at Peak



Urban Ocean Observatory at the Center for Maritime Systems

Present Conditions

NYHOPS Forecast

NJ Coast (CMN)

Storm Surge

Mobile Stations

CMS Partners

Data & Time Series



Storm Surge Warning System

Plot Series or Download Data

Station:
Stations are listed from North to South

Start Date:

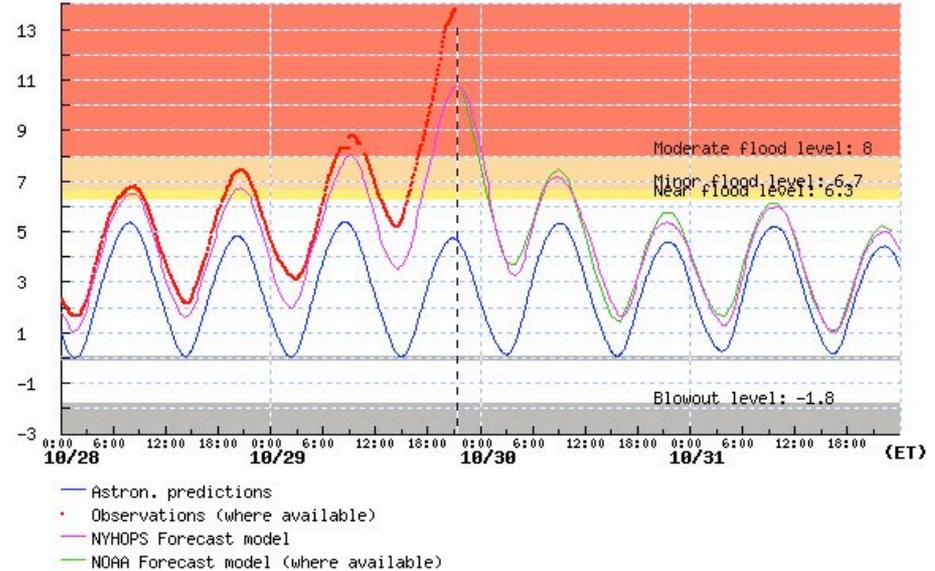
End Date:

Datum:

Units:

Time Zone:

The Battery NY - Water level relative to MLLW (ft)



A satellite image of Earth showing a large hurricane, Hurricane Sandy, over the Atlantic Ocean. The hurricane is a large, swirling white cloud system with a distinct eye. The surrounding clouds are dense and white, contrasting with the blue of the ocean and the brown and green of the continents. The text is overlaid on the left side of the image.

Response Summary:

- 1) Sandy was a disruptive event.
- 2) IOOS was there before, during and after.
- 3) IOOS made a difference.



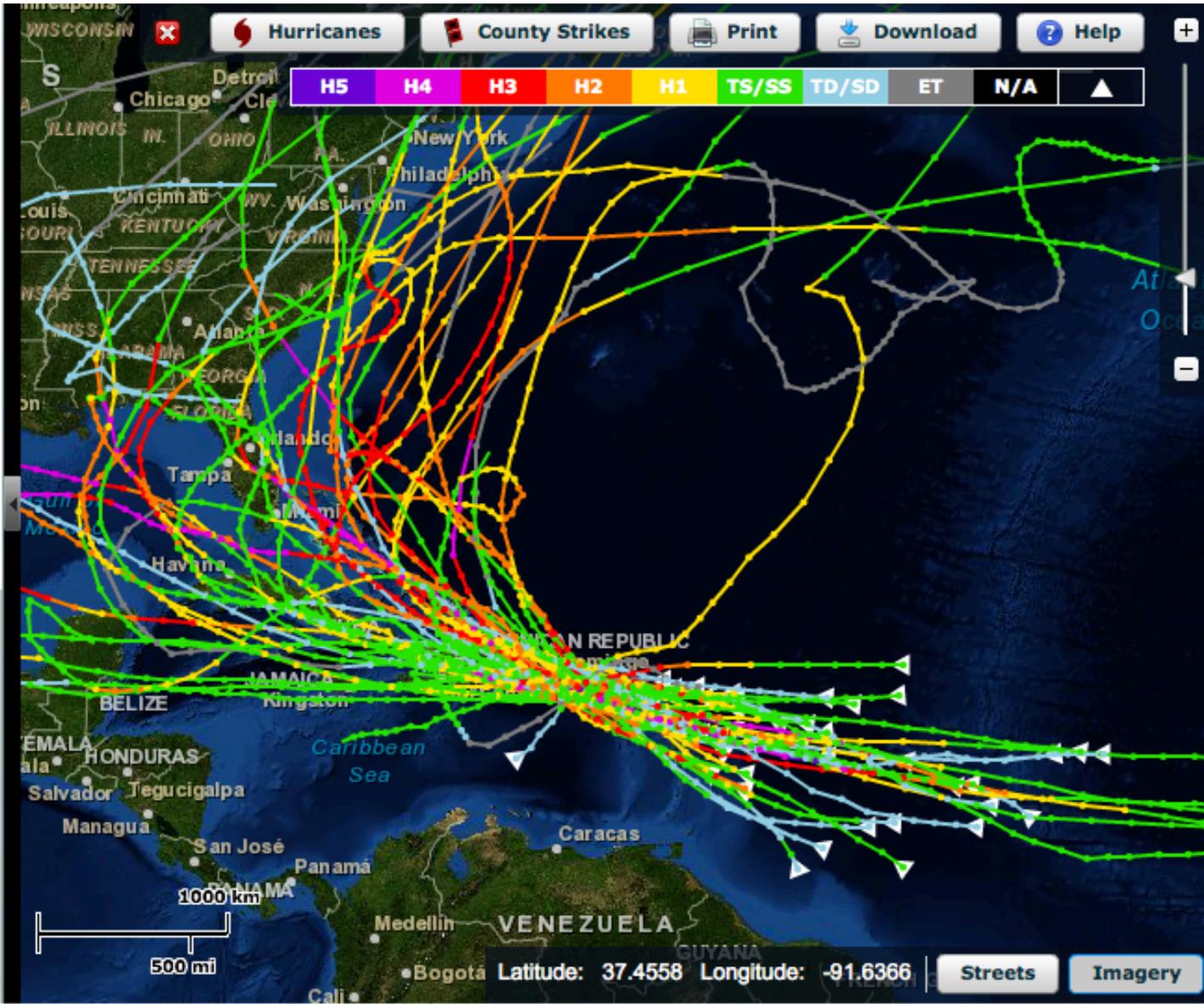
North Atlantic Storm Pathway: Hurricane Intensity Forecast Improvement Initiative

*5 regions: CARA, GCOOS,
MARACOOS, NERACOOS,
SECOORA*



- *Filling gaps in operational hurricane monitoring, including the National Glider Network and Depth-Resolving Ocean Buoy Network.*
- *Upgrade coastal observing networks.*
- *The development of improved regional-scale ocean forecast models.*
- *A suite of complementary, coupled, real-time, ocean-atmosphere, forecast models.*

Historical Hurricane Tracks within 65 nm of Puerto Rico



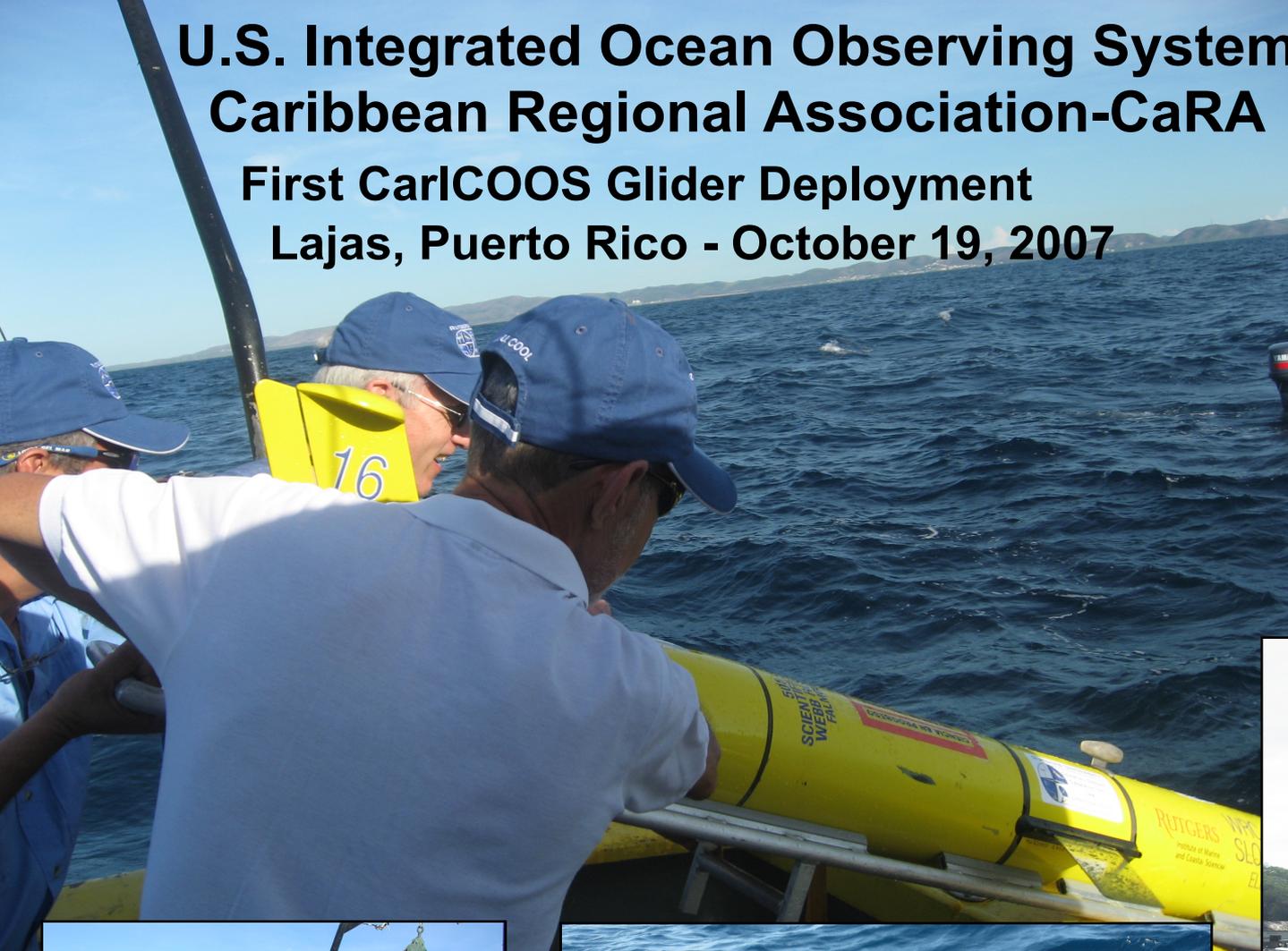
Primary
Approach:
From East

U.S. Integrated Ocean Observing System Caribbean Regional Association-CaRA

First CarlCOOS Glider Deployment Lajas, Puerto Rico - October 19, 2007



*PRM - Jorge Corredor
& Julio Morell
Rutgers – Lee Kerkhof,
Bob Chant, Hugh
Roarty & Scott Glenn
MACOORA –
Dave Chapman*



HFR emplacements on the Mona Passage



CLUB DEPORTIVO DEL OESTE, INC



Supported
by CSR &
CariCOOS



Mona Bistatic Experiment

November 7-9 2012



Field logistics,
computational and
communications support
provided by CariCOOS,
UPRM and RU COOL



DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY NATIONAL CENTER OF EXCELLENCE AT STEVENS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

PORT SECURITY

The National Center for Secure & Resilient Maritime Commerce

Global Challenger Glider Mission

