

HOT DAYS ALONG IN ANTARCTICA

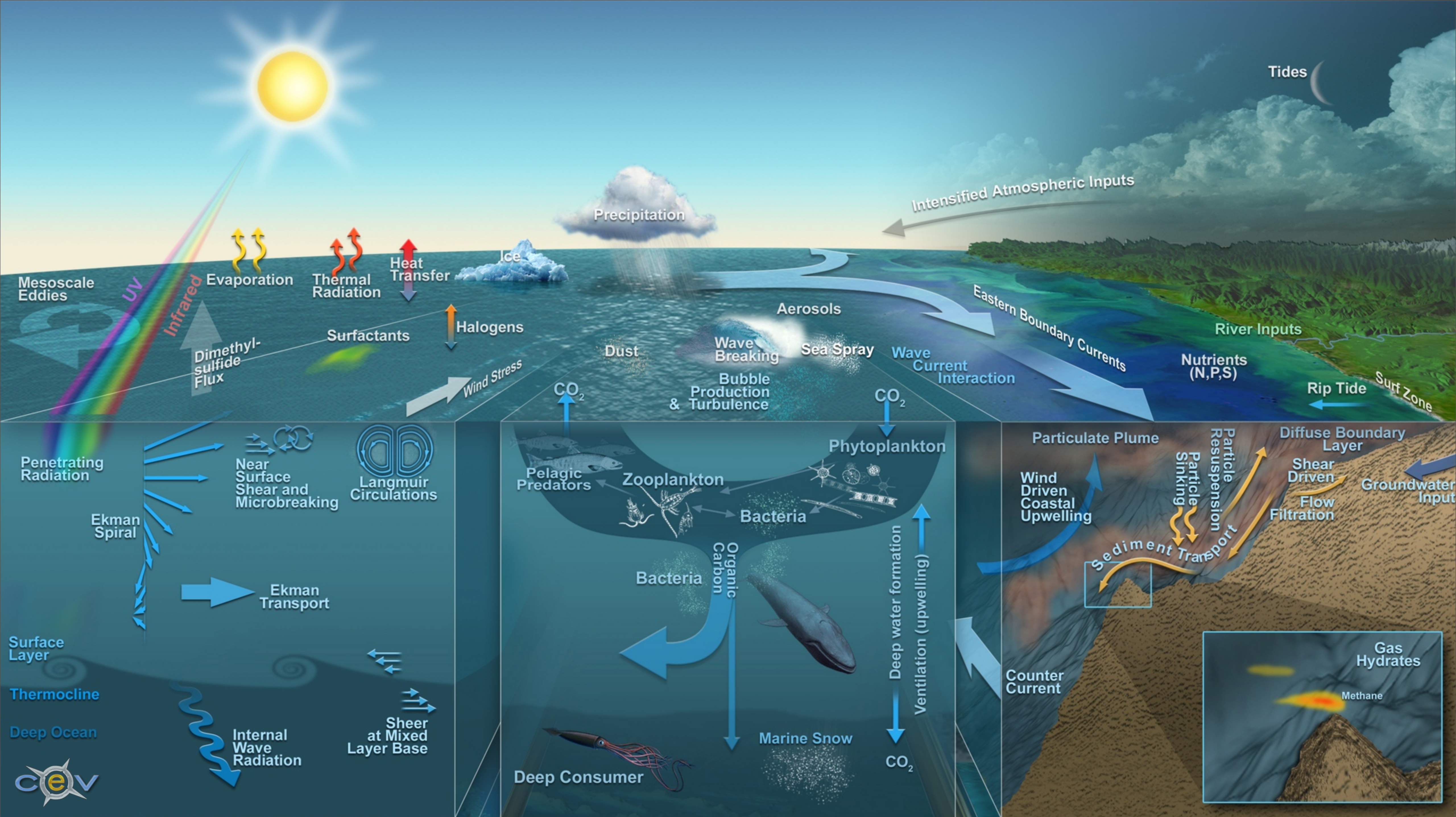


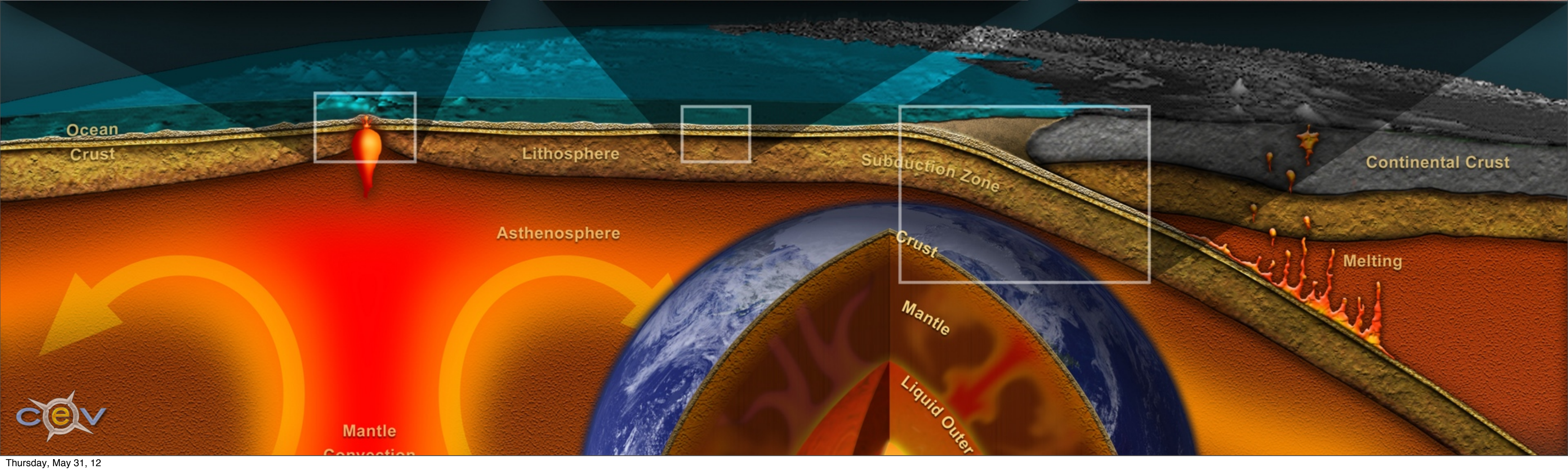
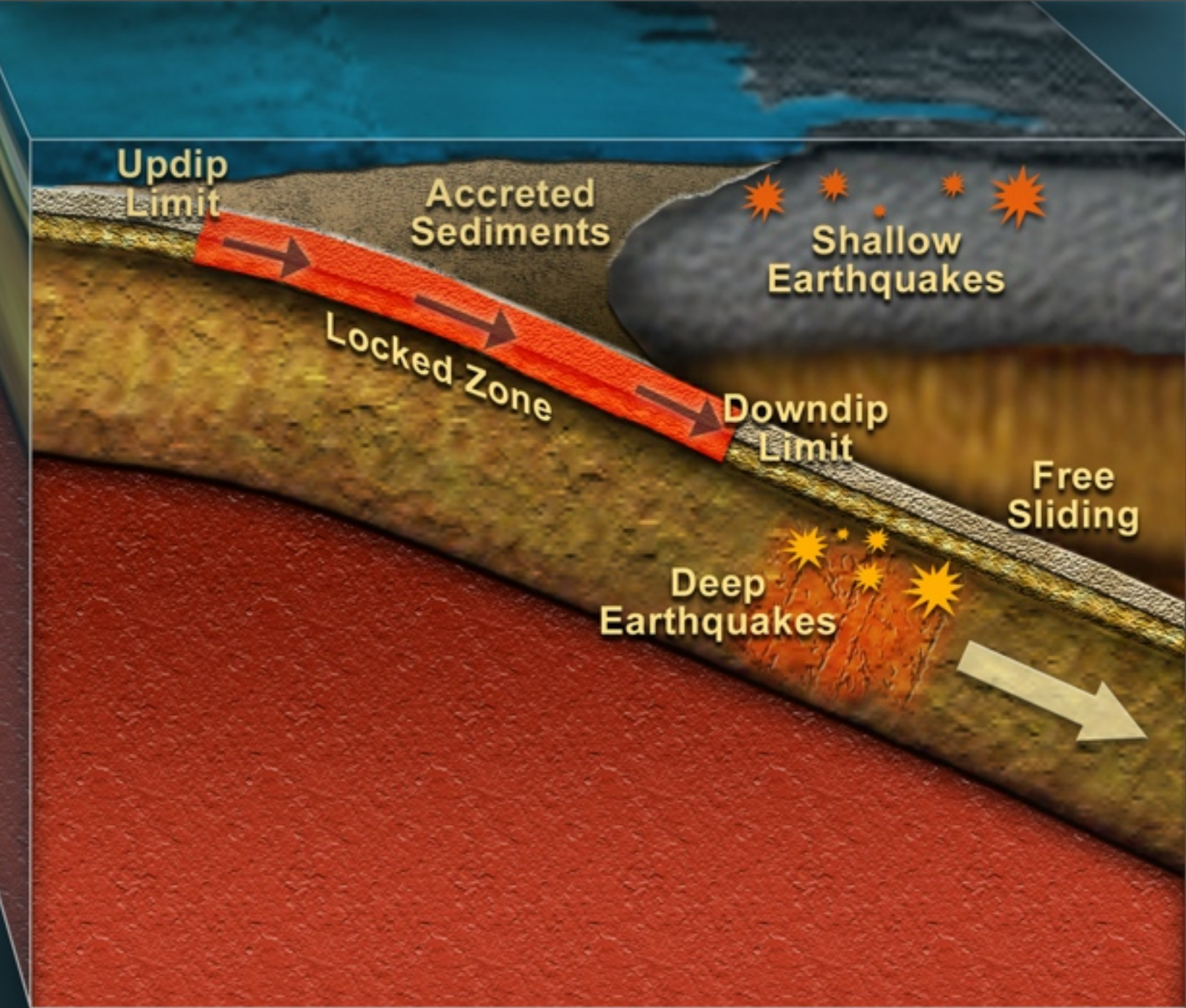
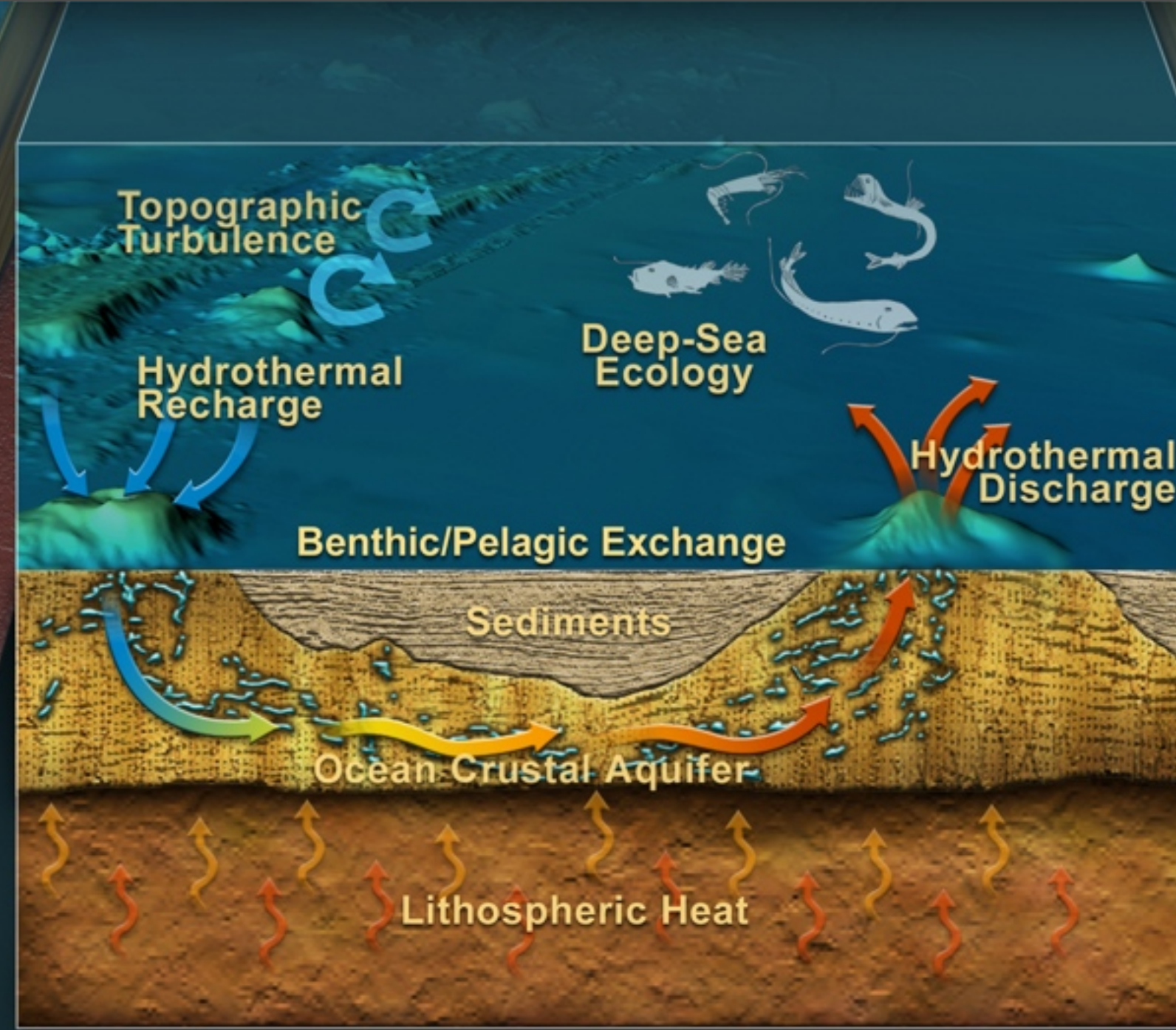
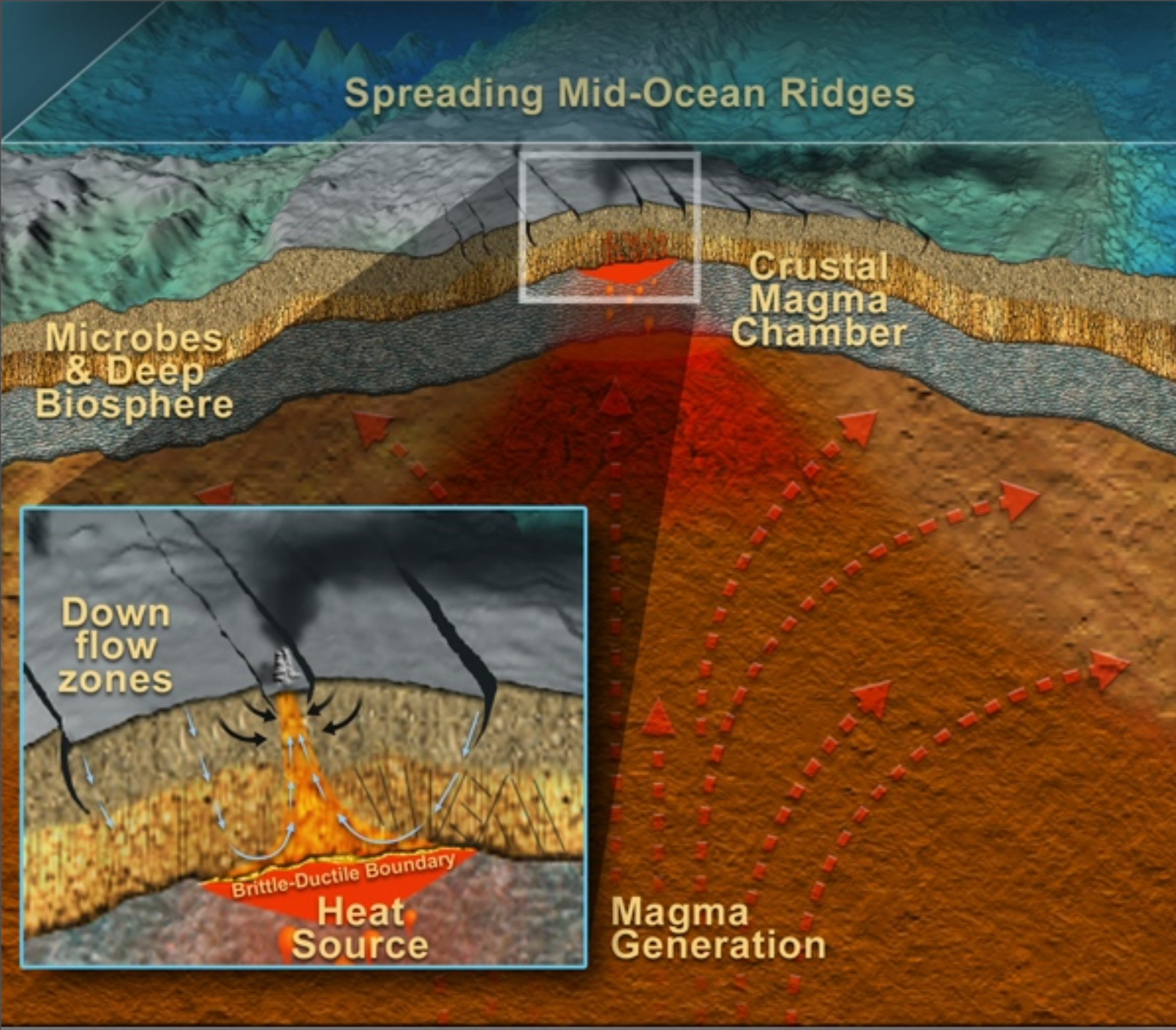
Why did I become an oceanographer? I grew up in the ocean, swimming, fishing, surfing, skin diving. I love the ocean. The ocean has changed significantly in my lifetime.



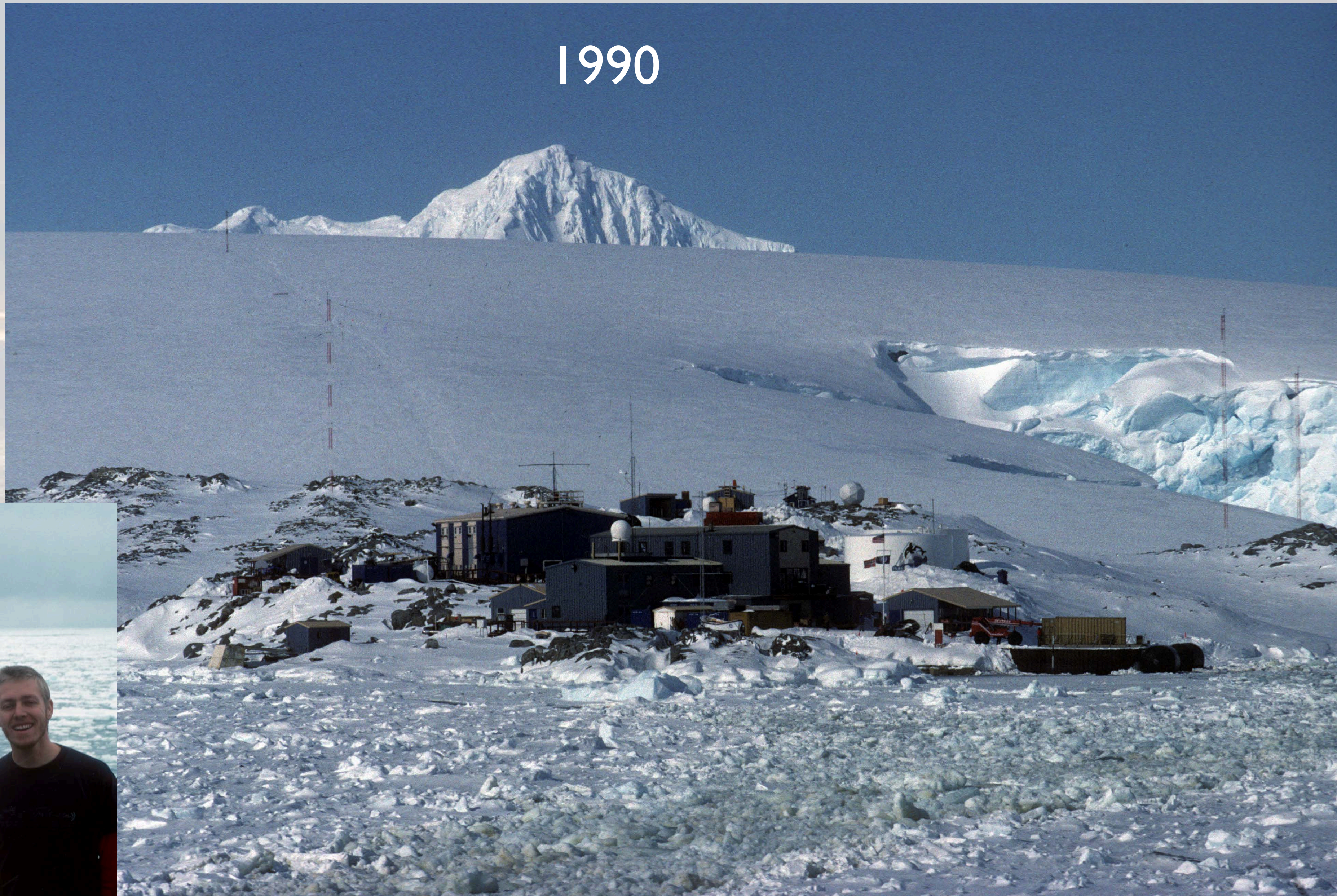


I also found being a scientist is the COOLEST JOB!!! I get paid to explore and understand the world





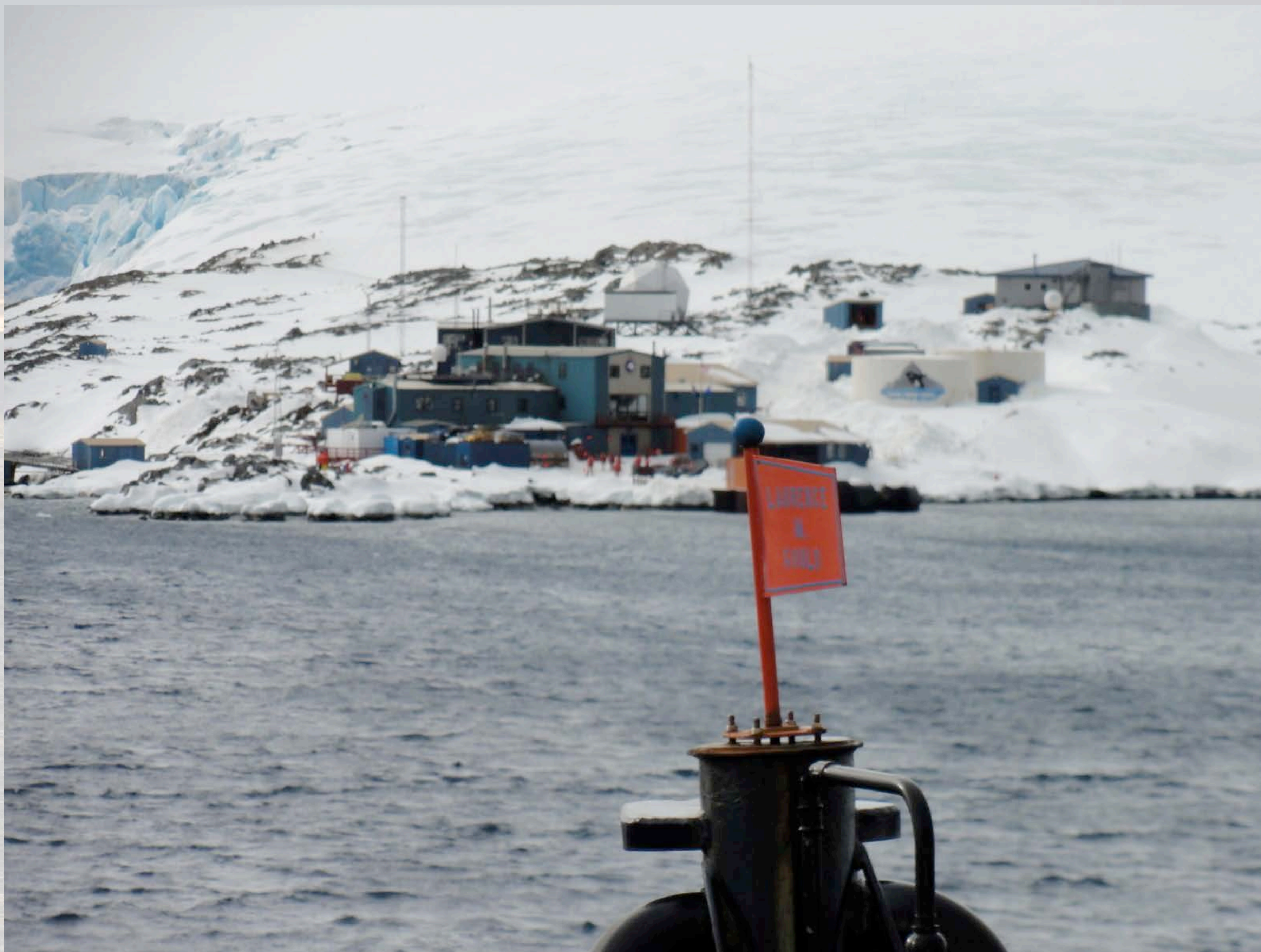
1990

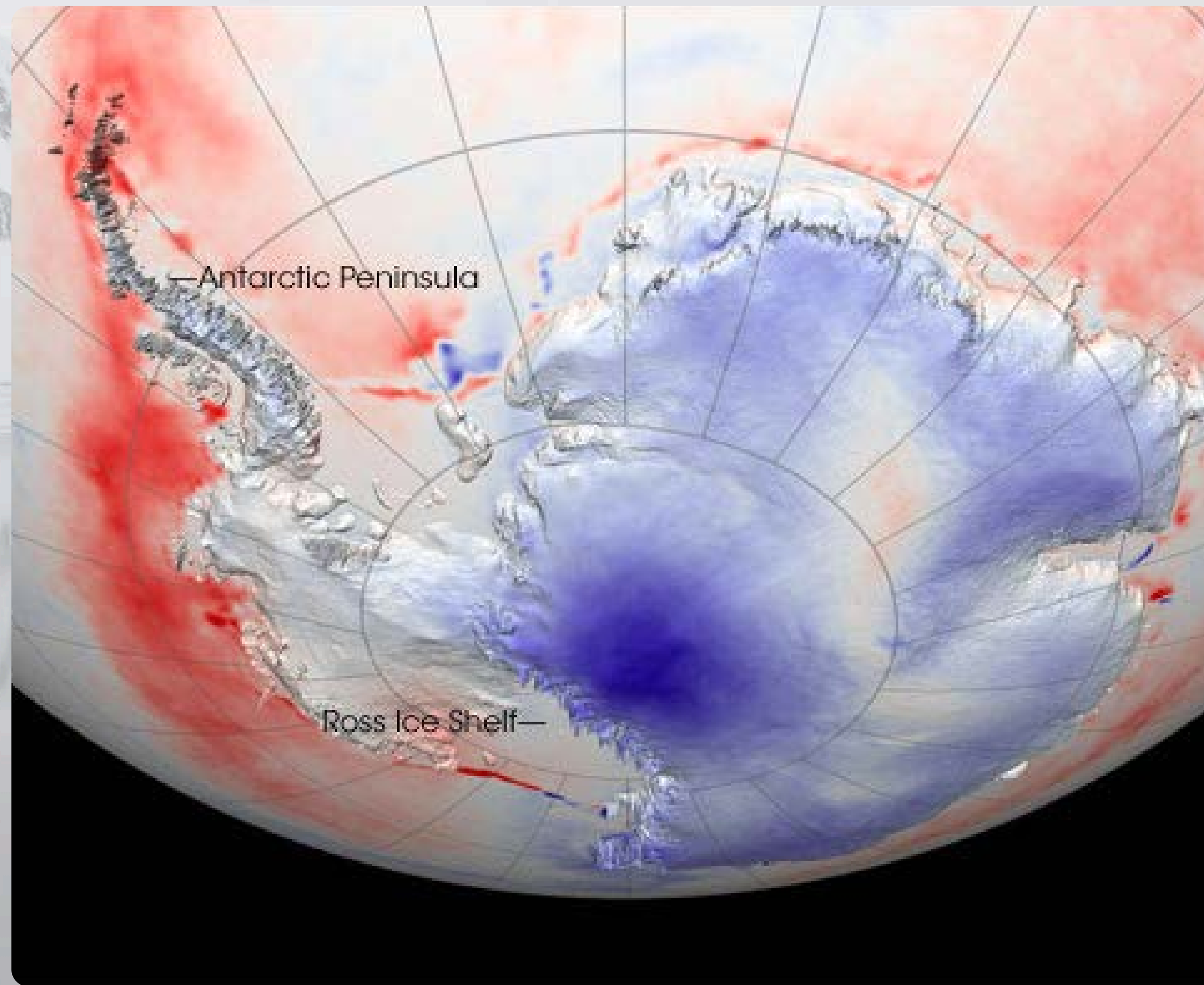


As a grad student

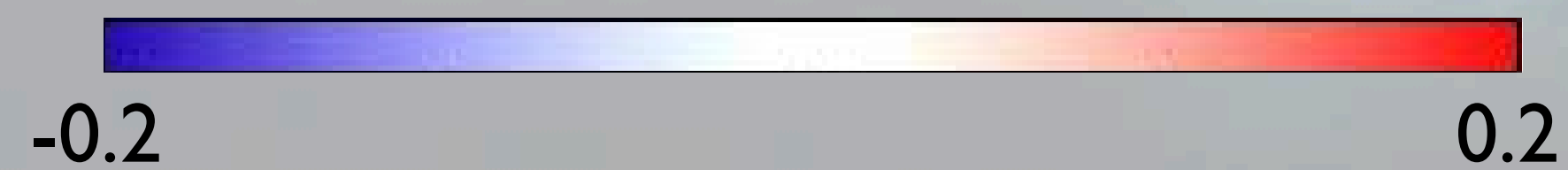


2010

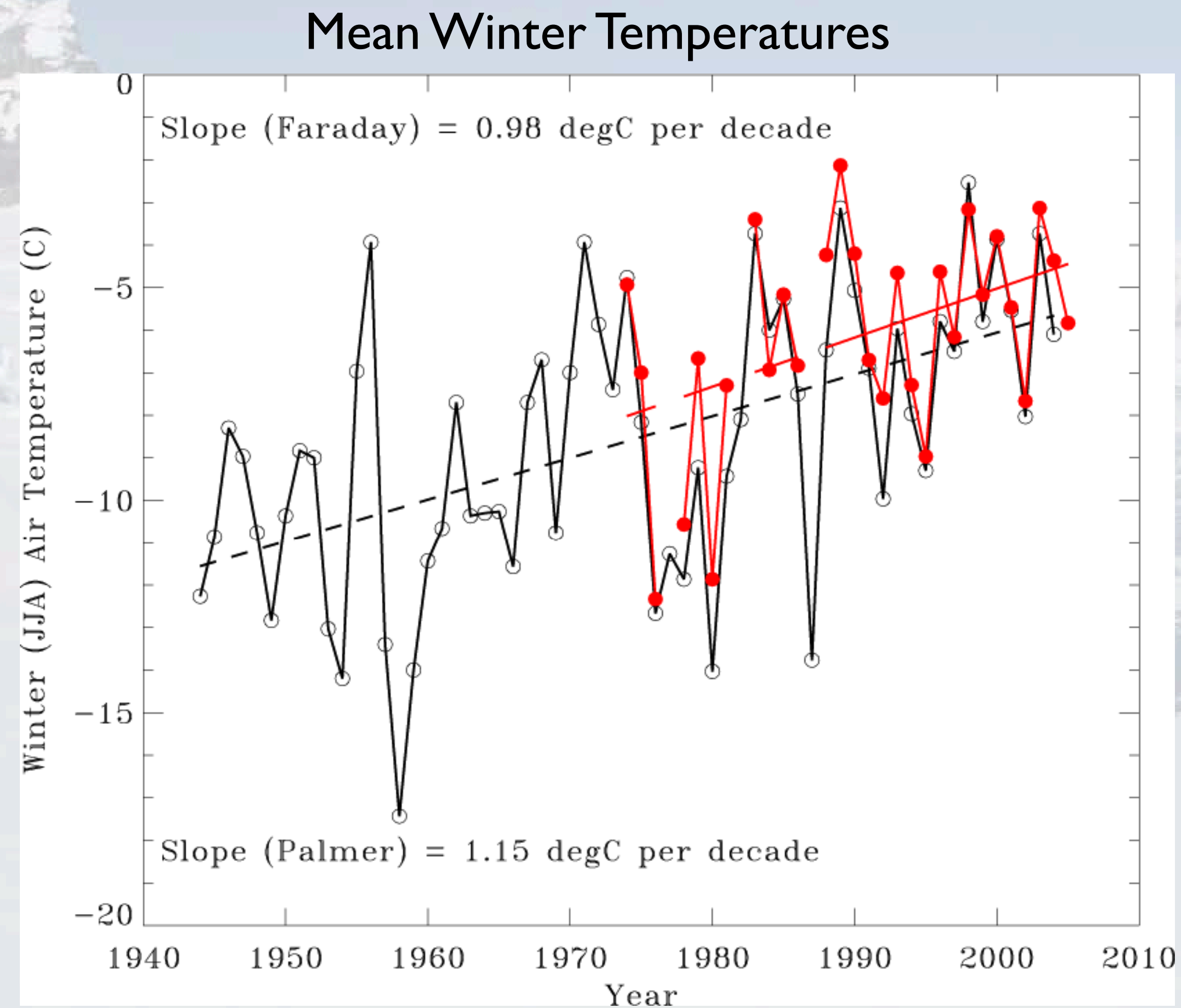




Temperature Trends (degrees C per year)



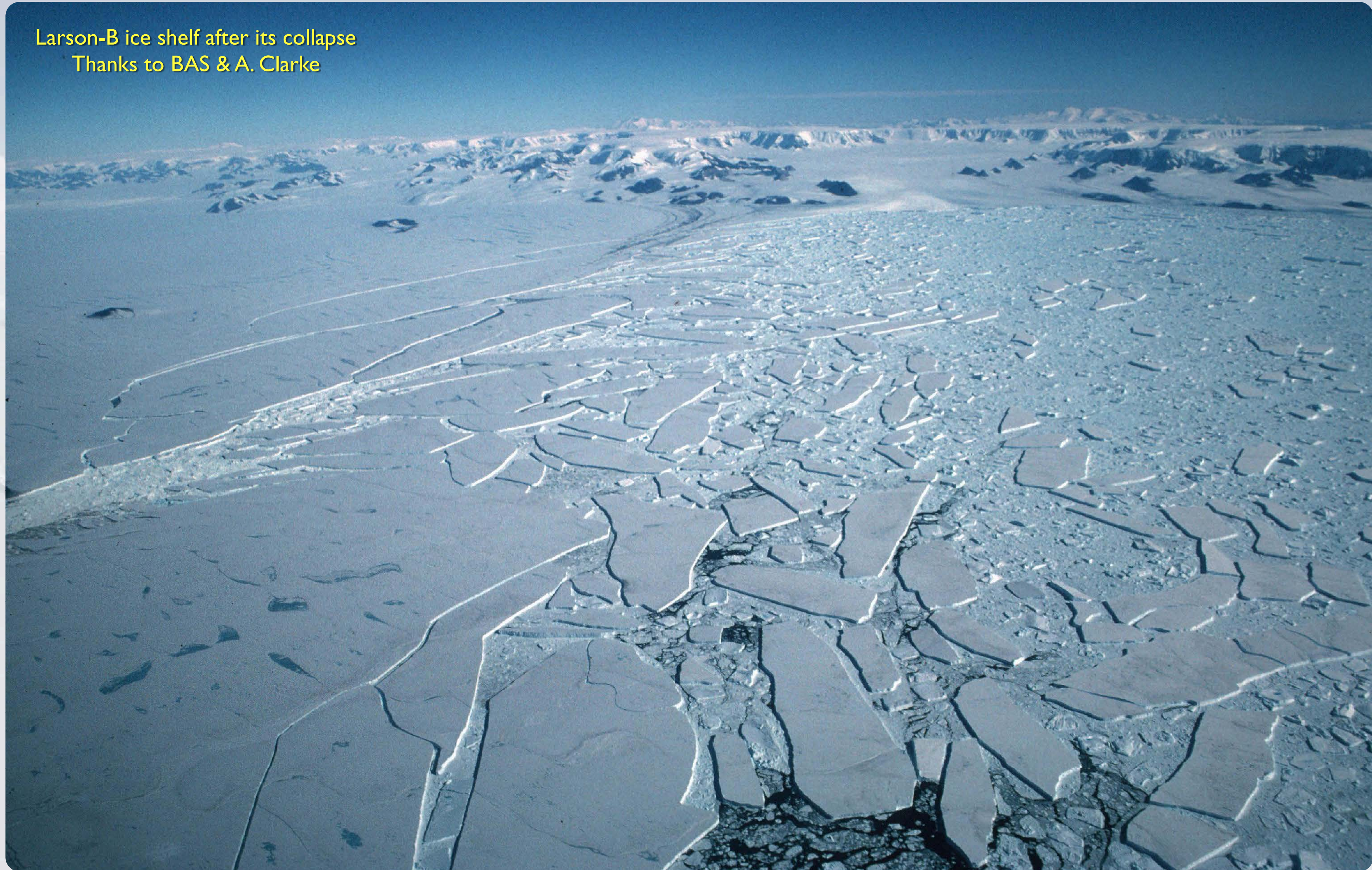
The WAP peninsula is experiencing the largest winter warming on Earth



Black is British Faraday & Ukraine Vernadsky Station
Red is US Palmer Station

The WAP peninsula is experiencing the largest winter warming on Earth

Larson-B ice shelf after its collapse
Thanks to BAS & A. Clarke



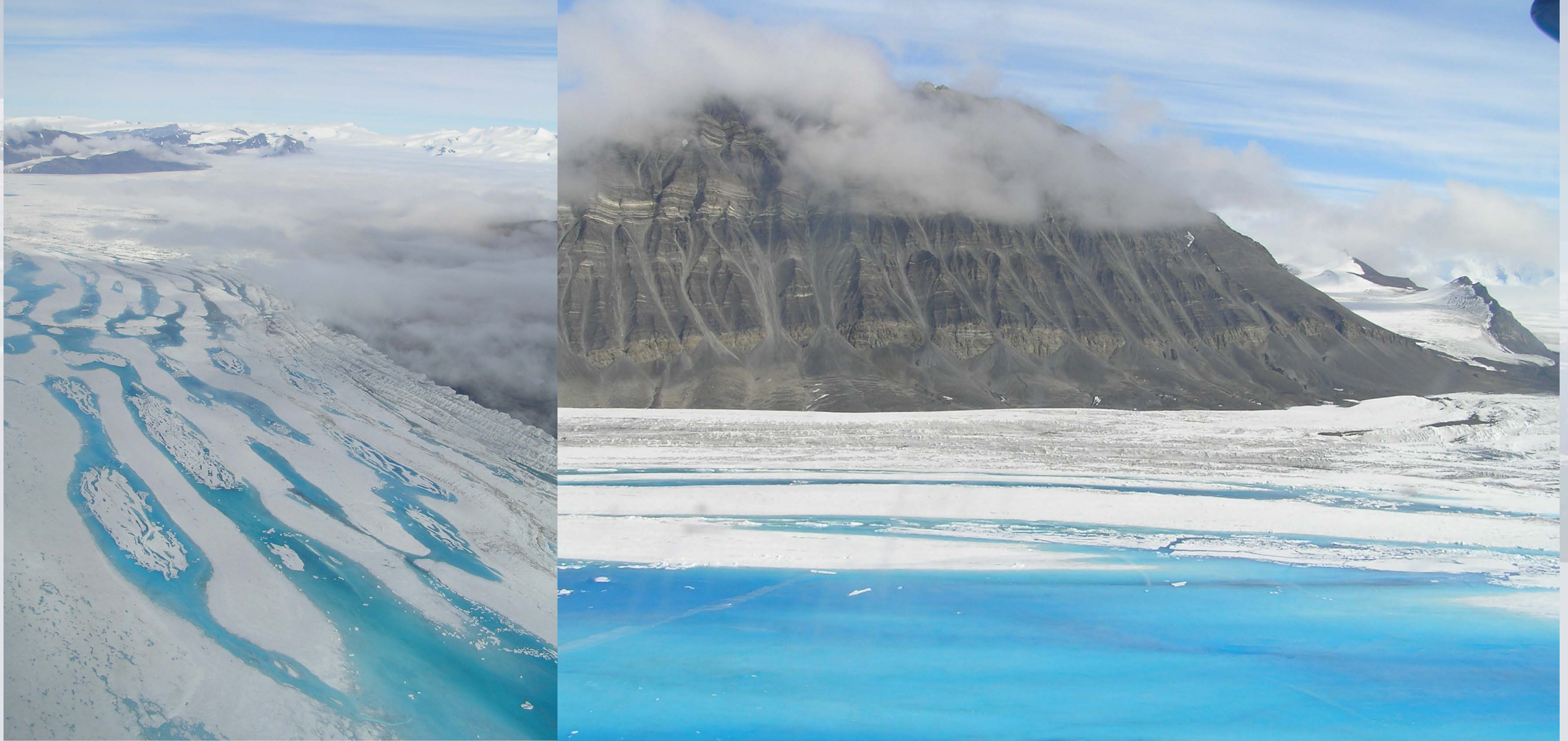


In 2008 the Wilkes Ice Sheet followed the Larson Ice Shelf and began to collapse



Melt pools on surface of King George VI Sound

(from a BAS twin otter, January 2004)





Palmer Station in the present

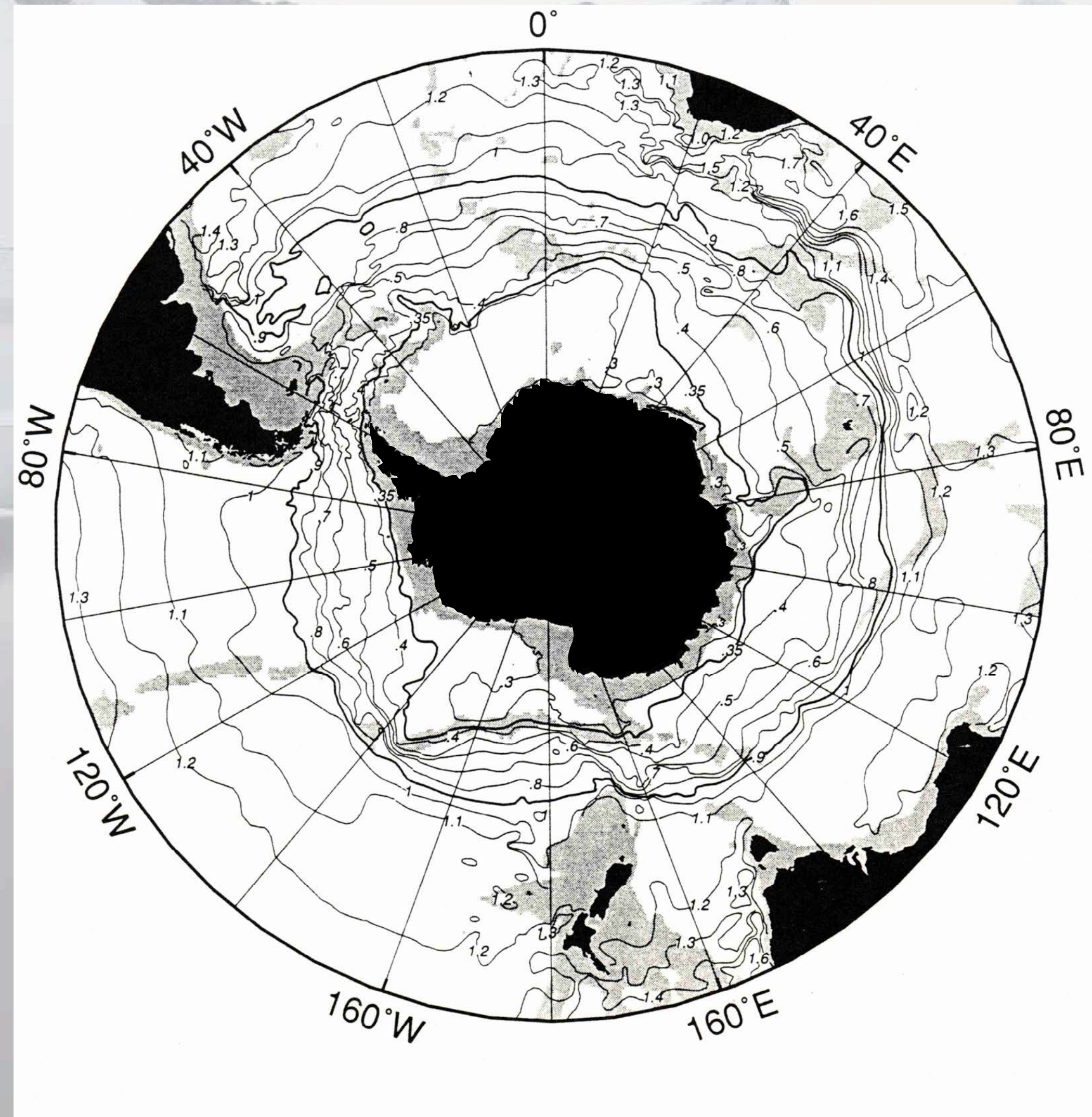


photo by Bill Fraser

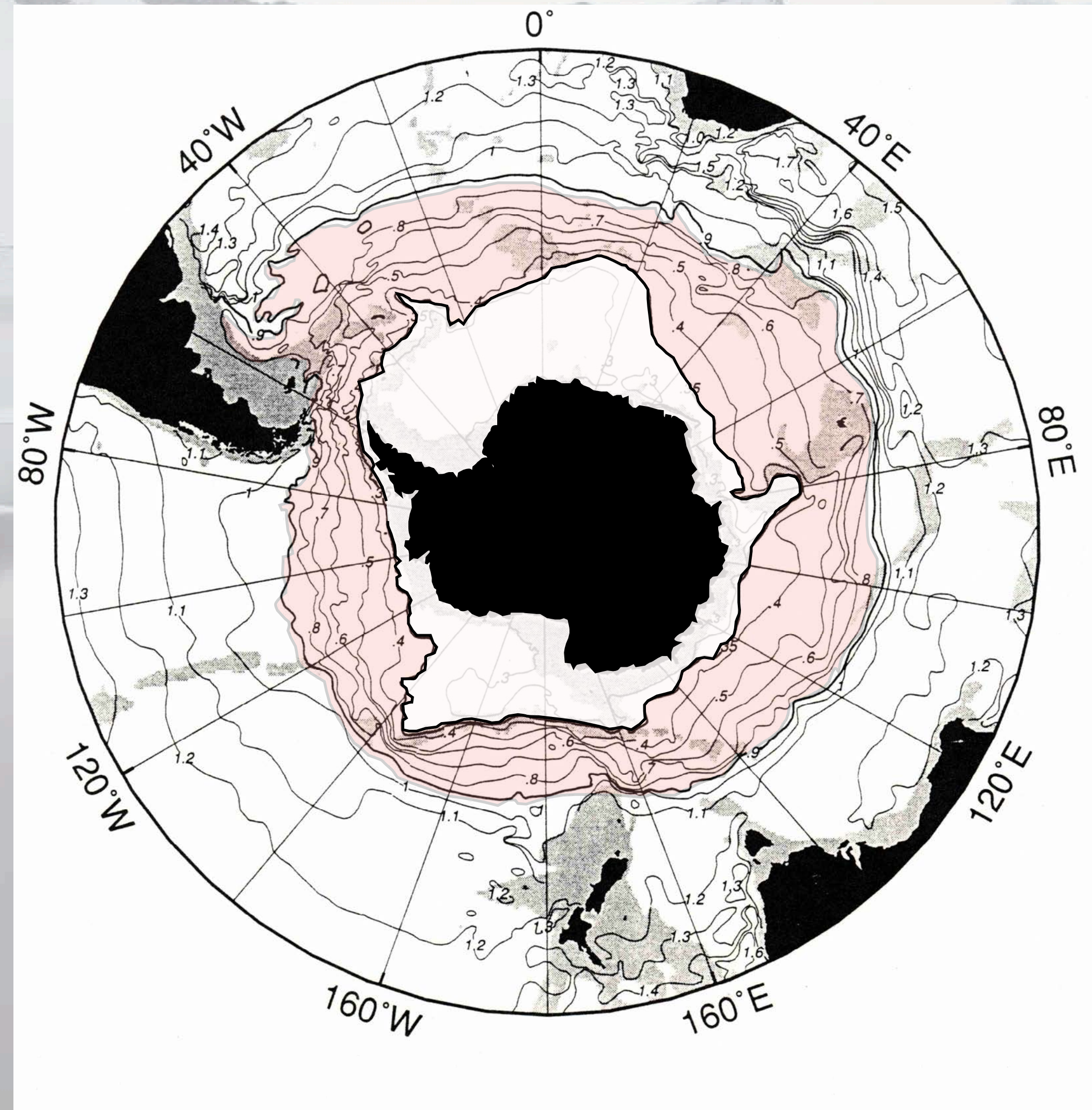
Plants at Palmer Station, the greening of Antarctica



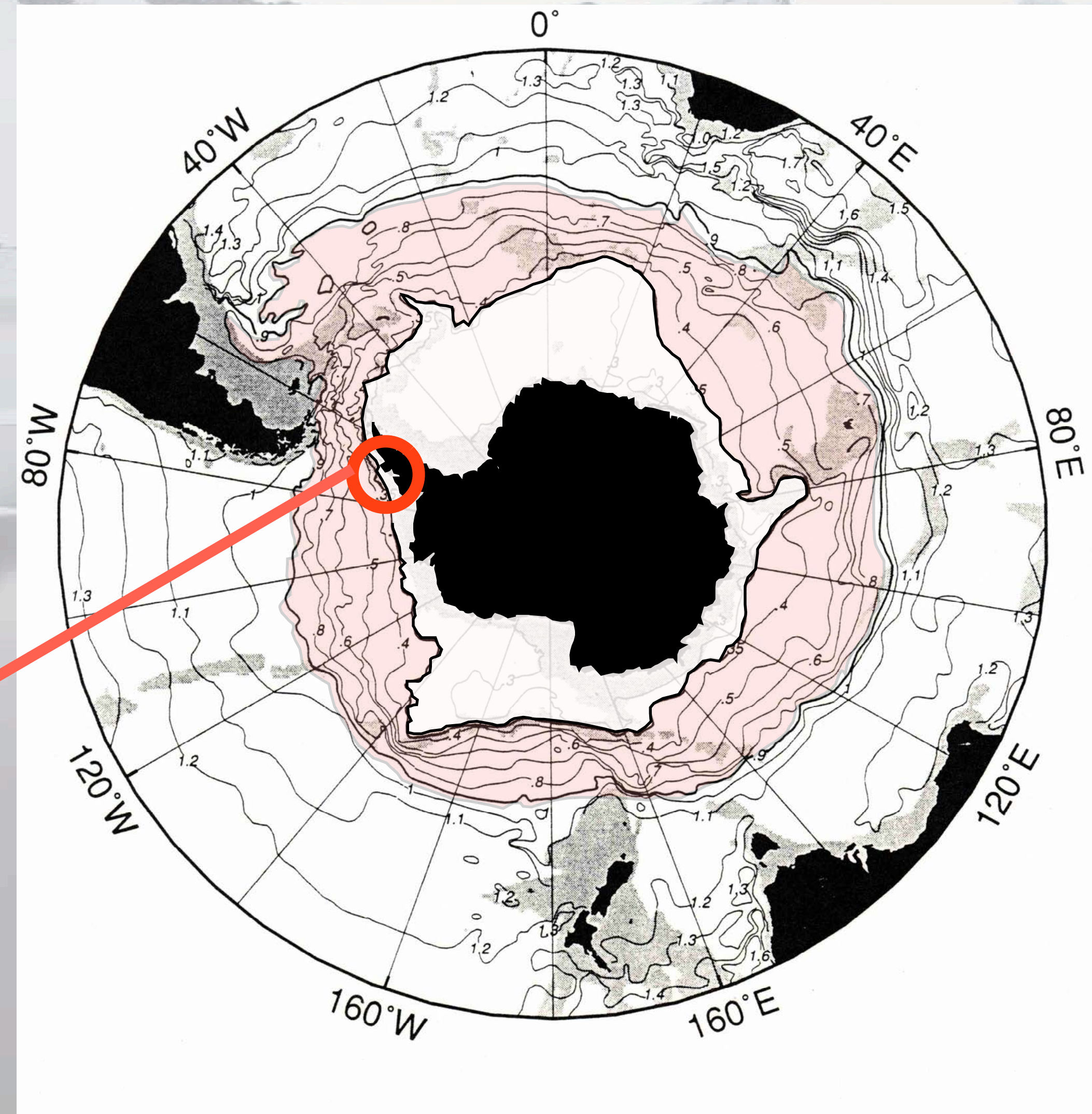
Heat input from Antarctic Circumpolar Current (ACC - world's largest ocean current = ~30,000 Niagara Falls). The heat is driven onto the shelf by intensification of upwelling-favorable winds.



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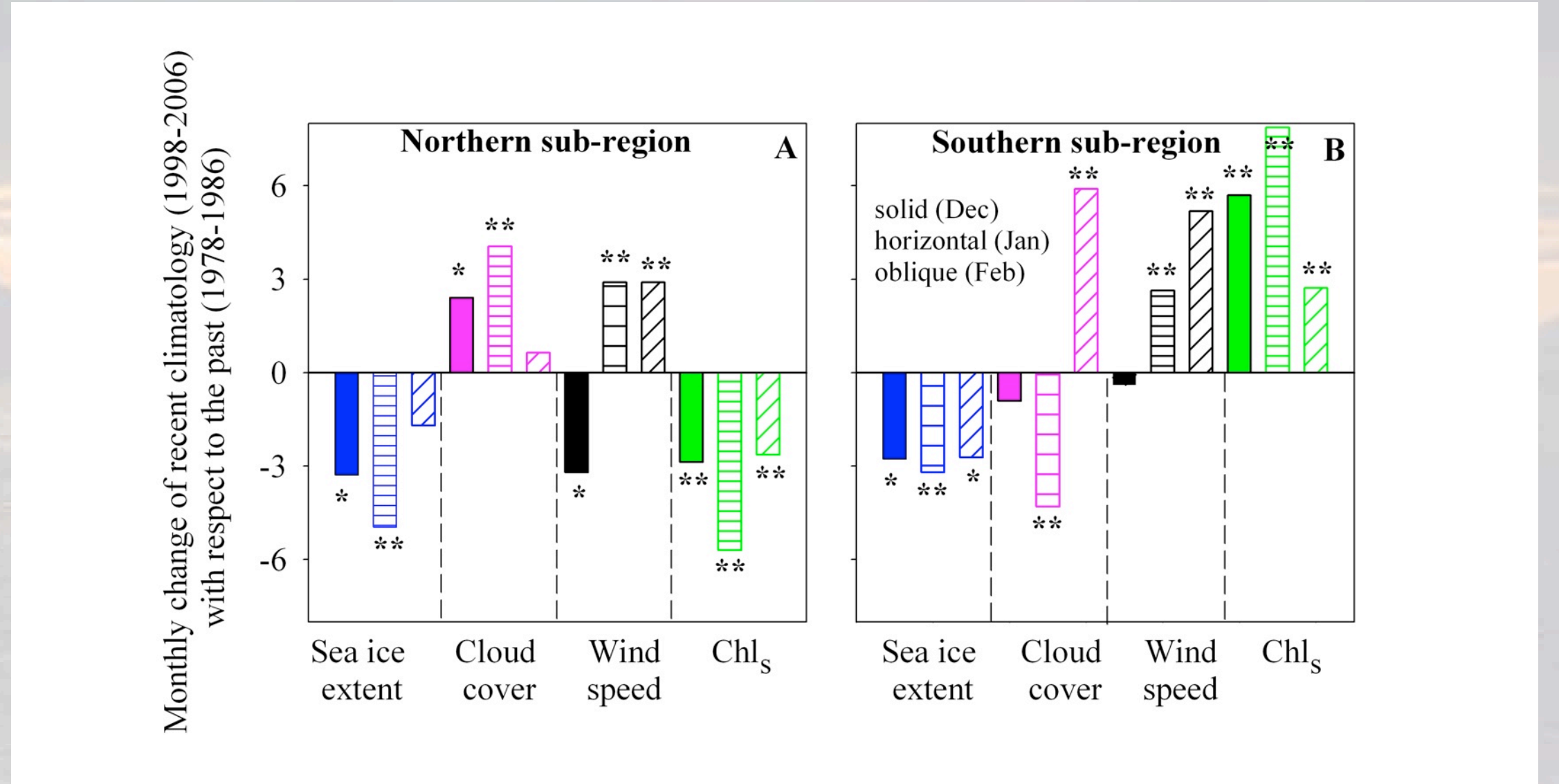
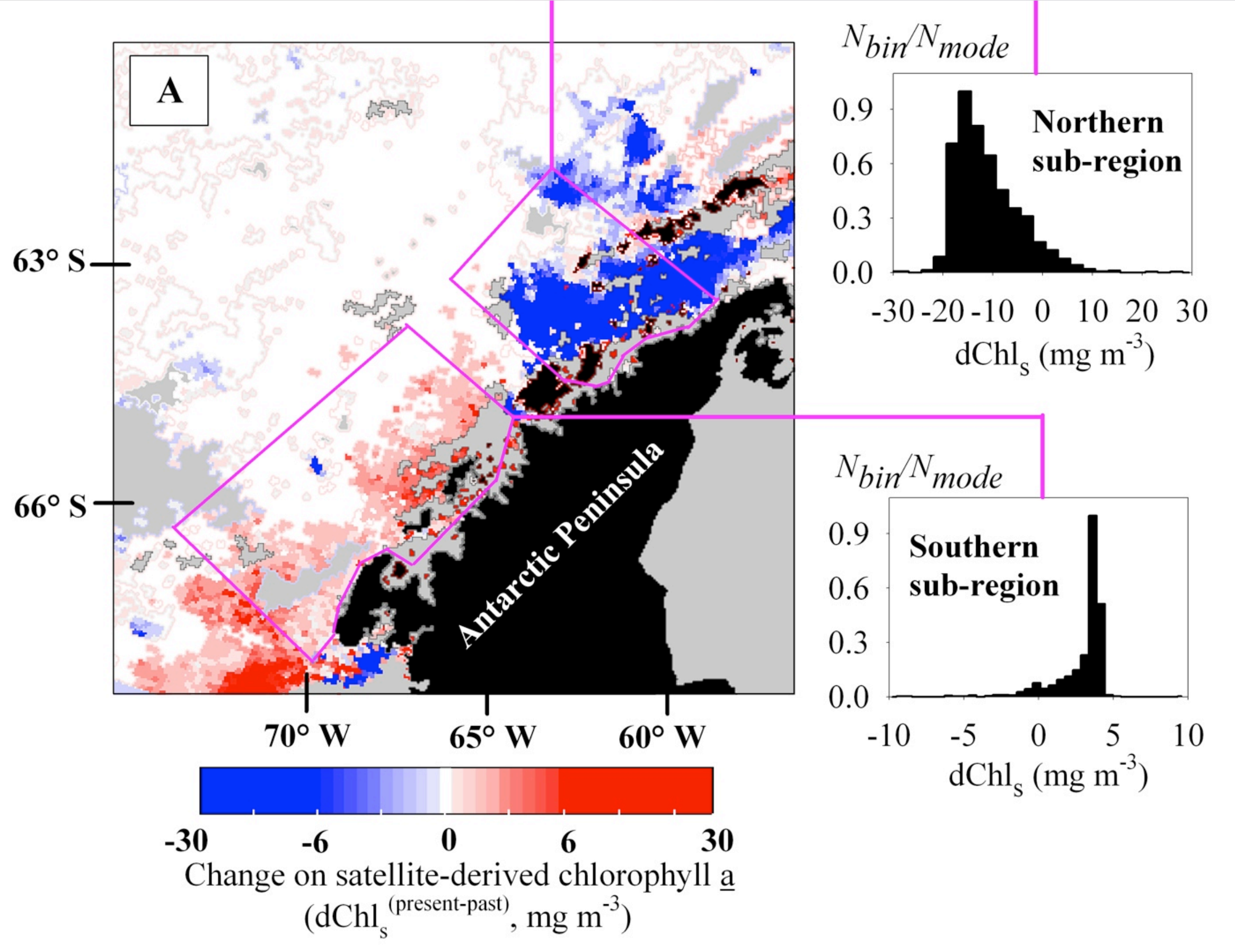


The WAP is the only location in the Antarctic where the ACC is adjacent to the shelf break. The ACC is Antarctica's warmest water



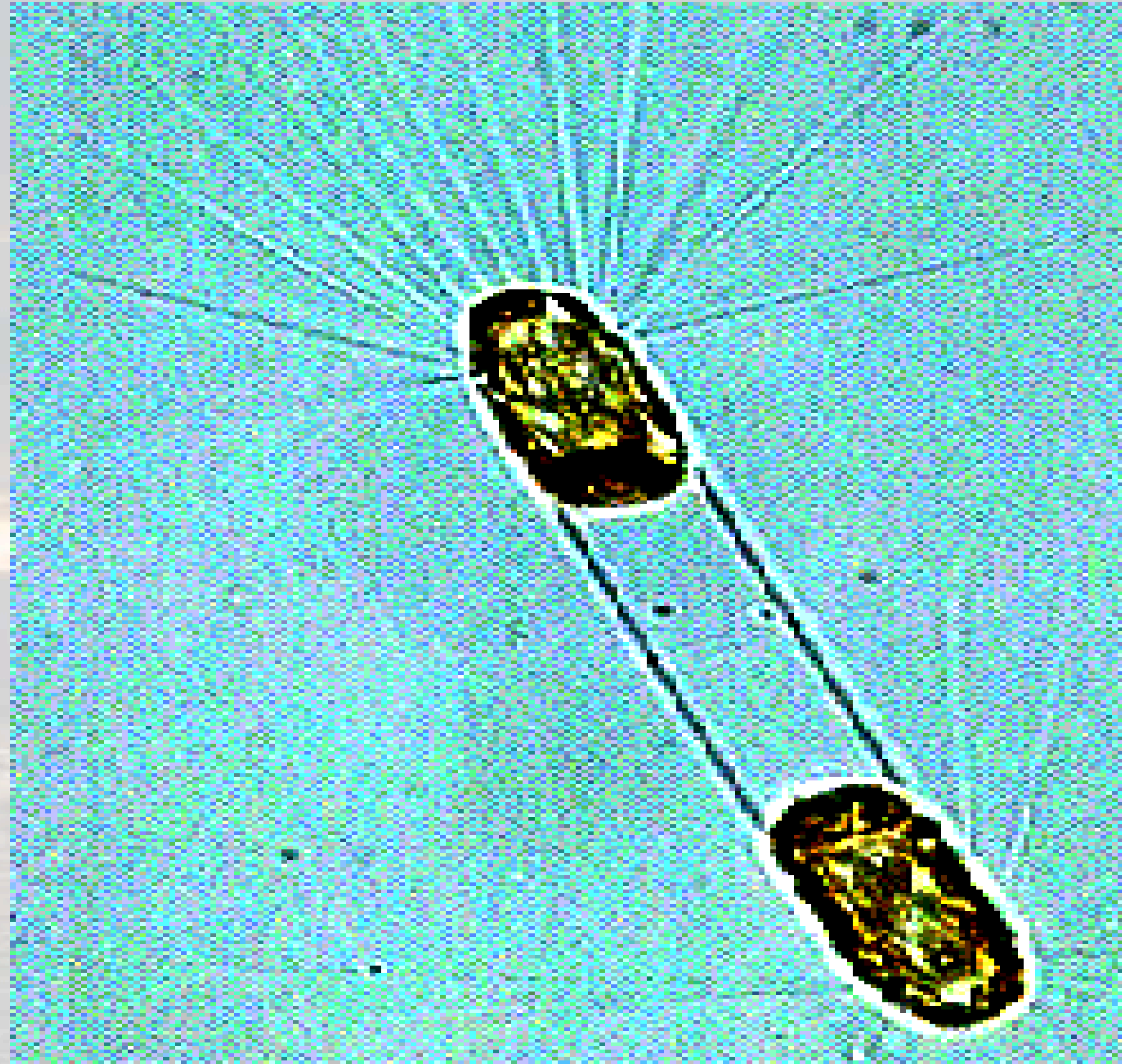


The decadal changes have resulted changes in the phytoplankton



The changes driven by a decline in sea ice, wind and sun

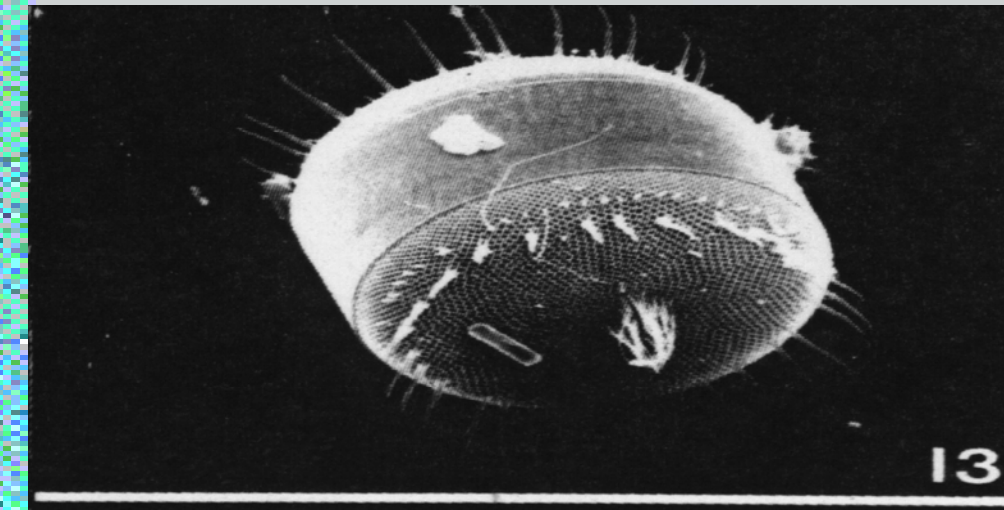
Montes Hugo et al. Science 2009



Corethron criophilum

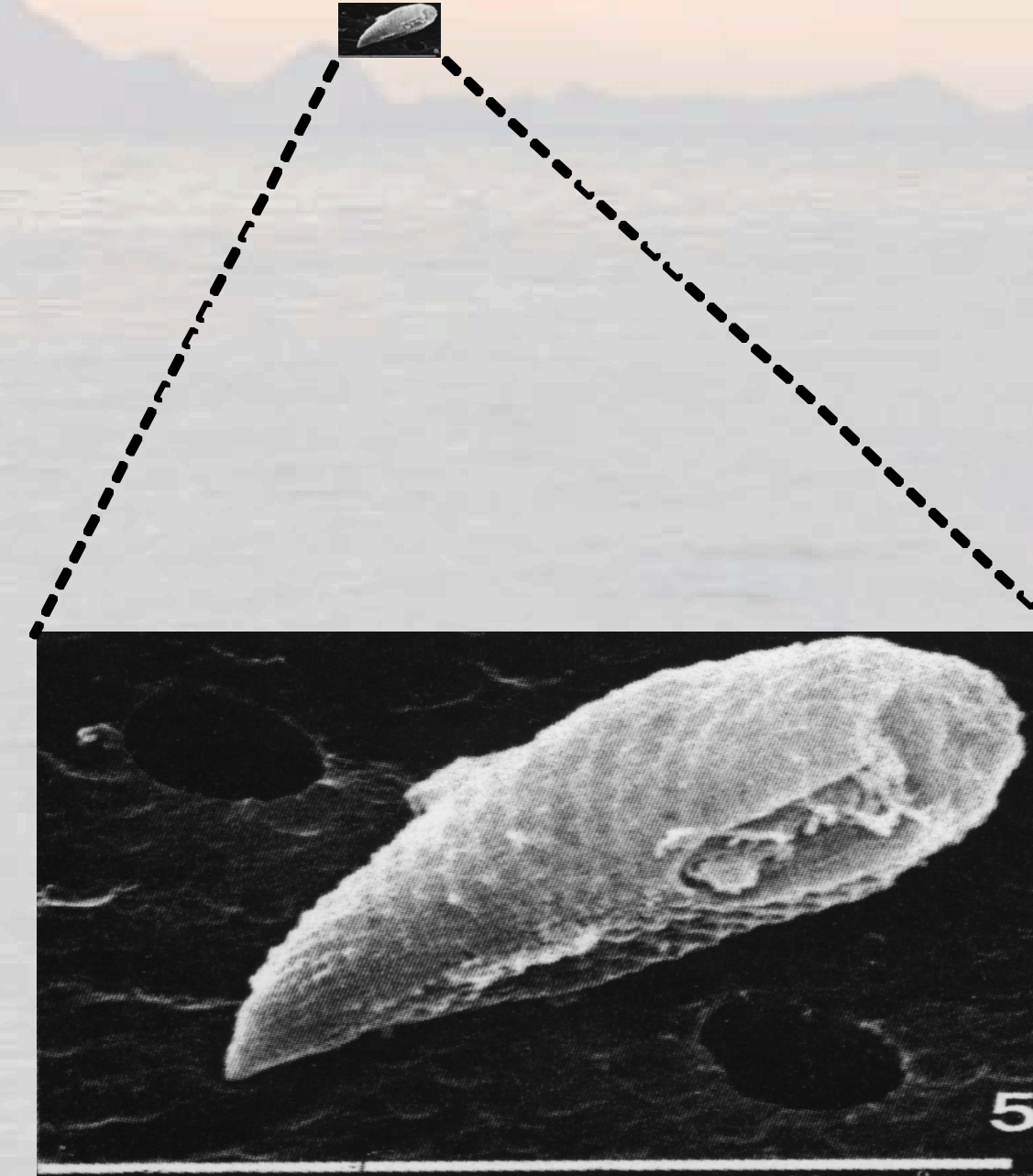
Palmer Cryptophytes --> $8 \pm 2\mu\text{m}$

SEM Micrographs from McMinn and Hodgson 1993



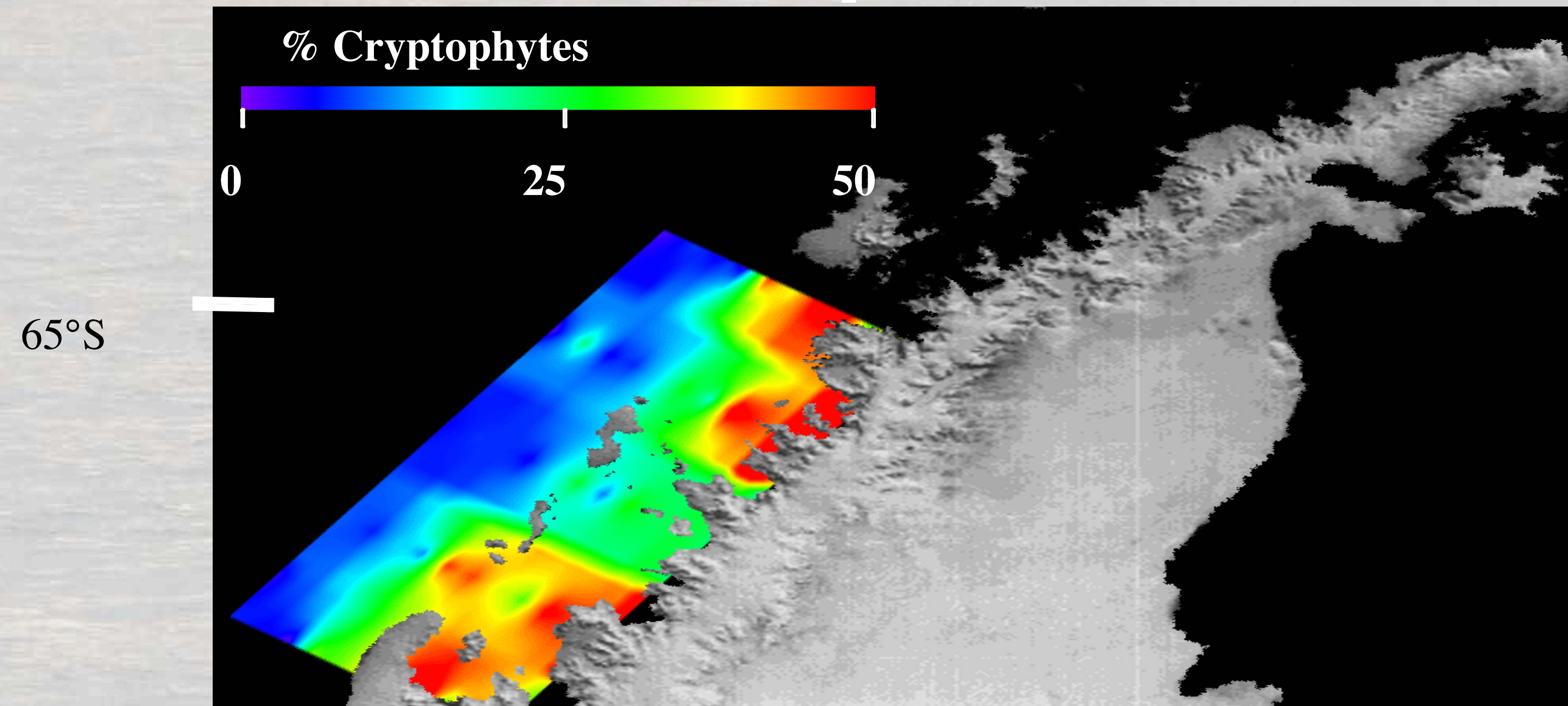
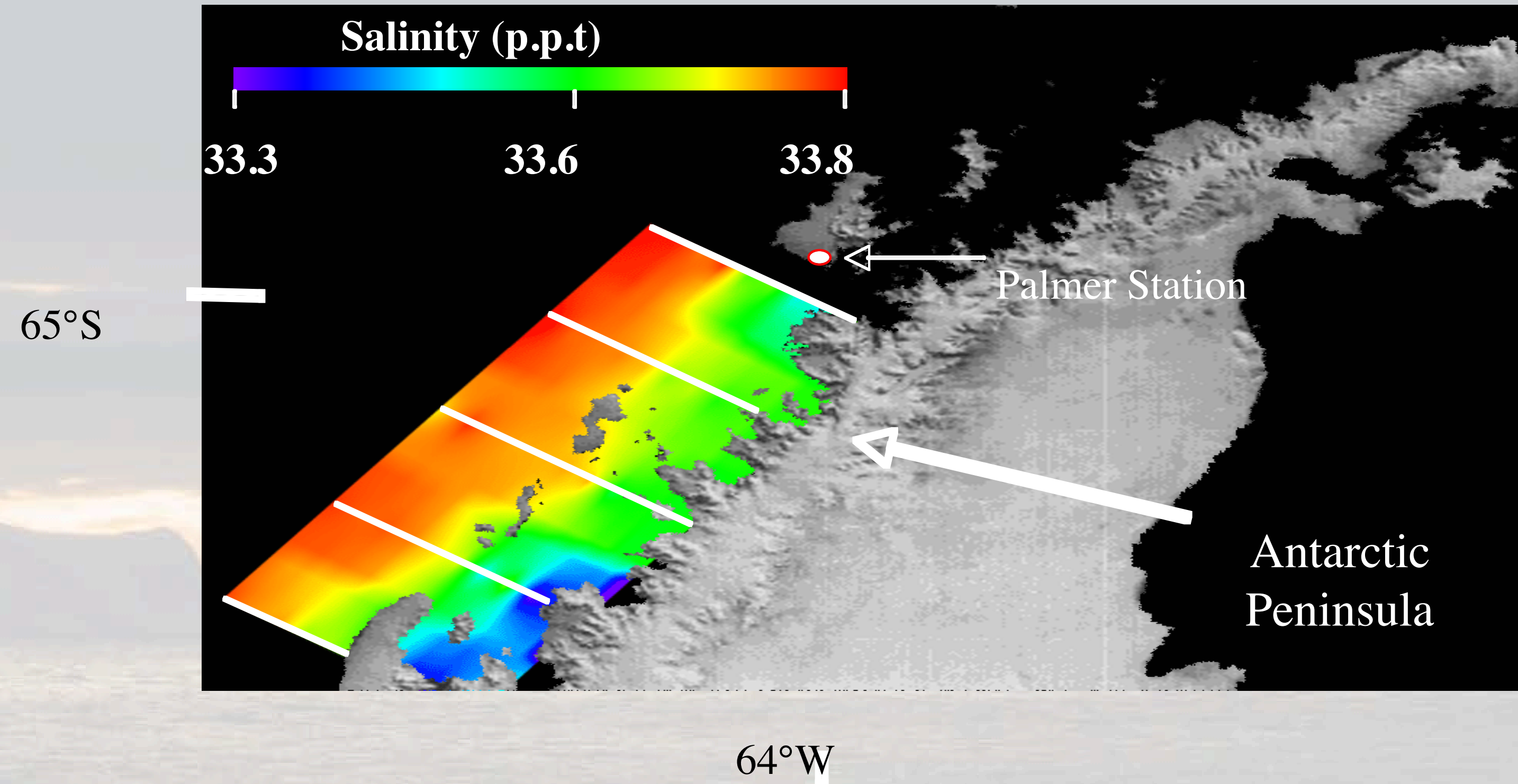
100 μm

Thalassiosira antarctica



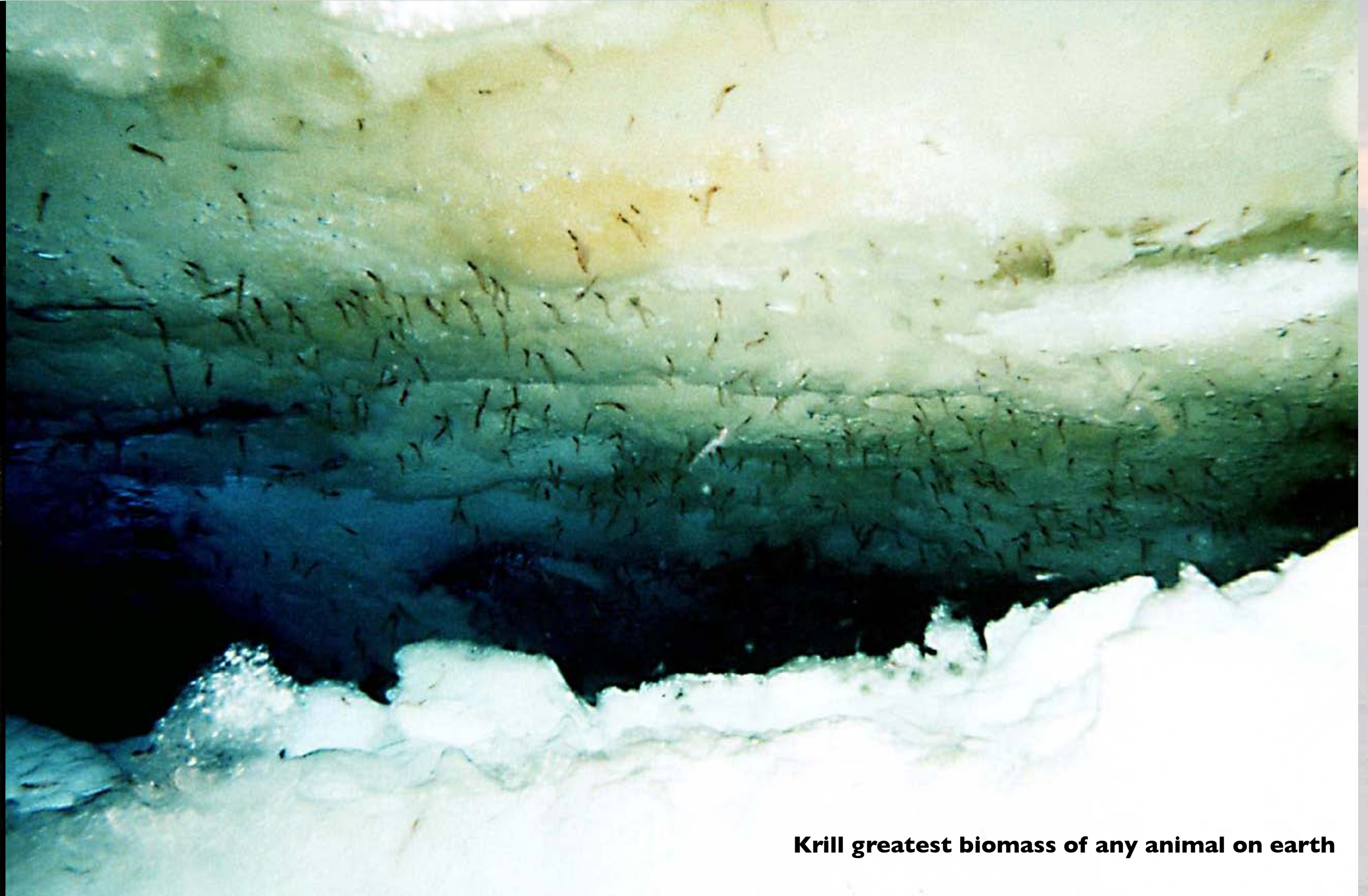
10 μm

Cryptomonas cryophila



Moline et al.
GBC 2004

Zooplankton are dominated by krill or salps



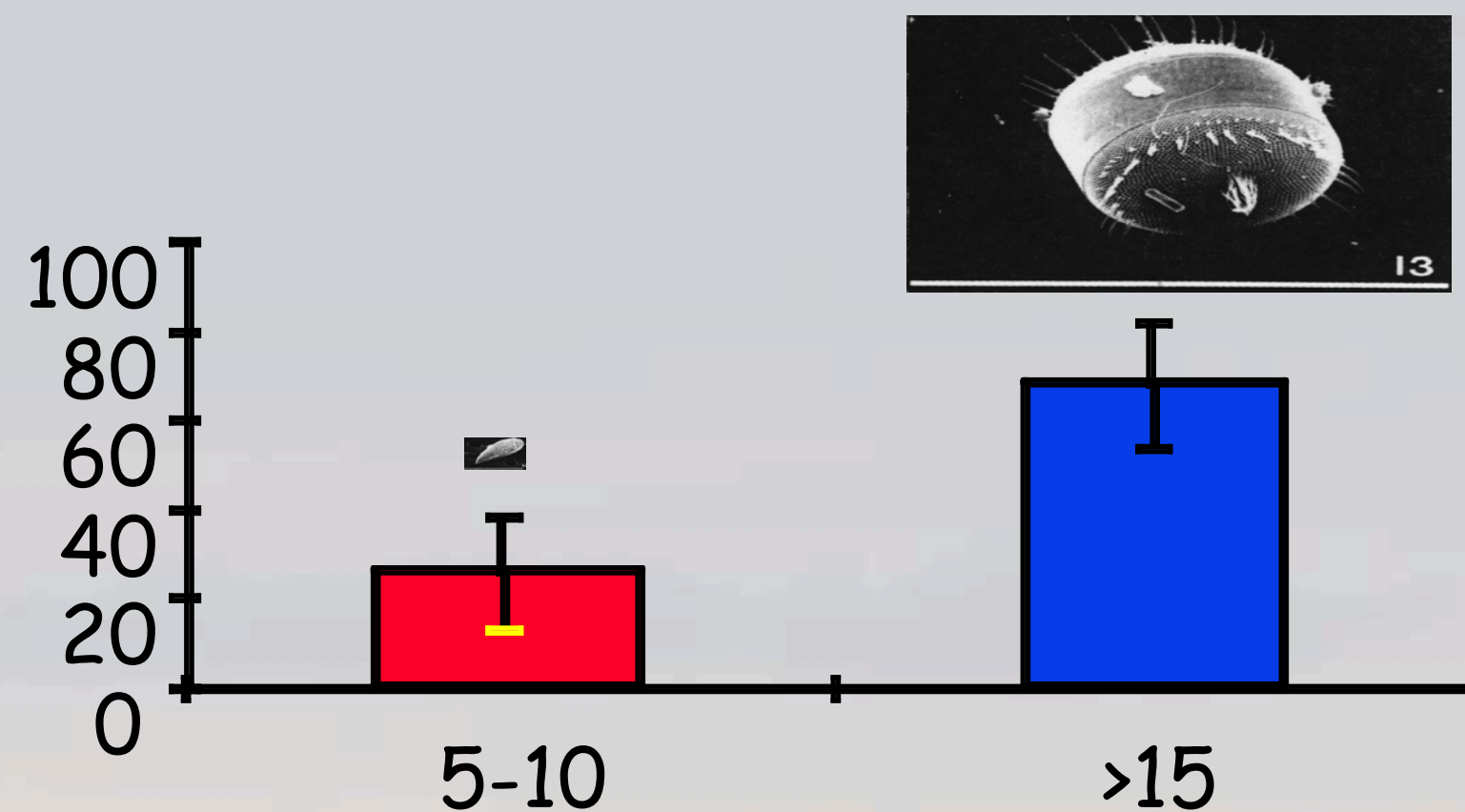
Krill greatest biomass of any animal on earth



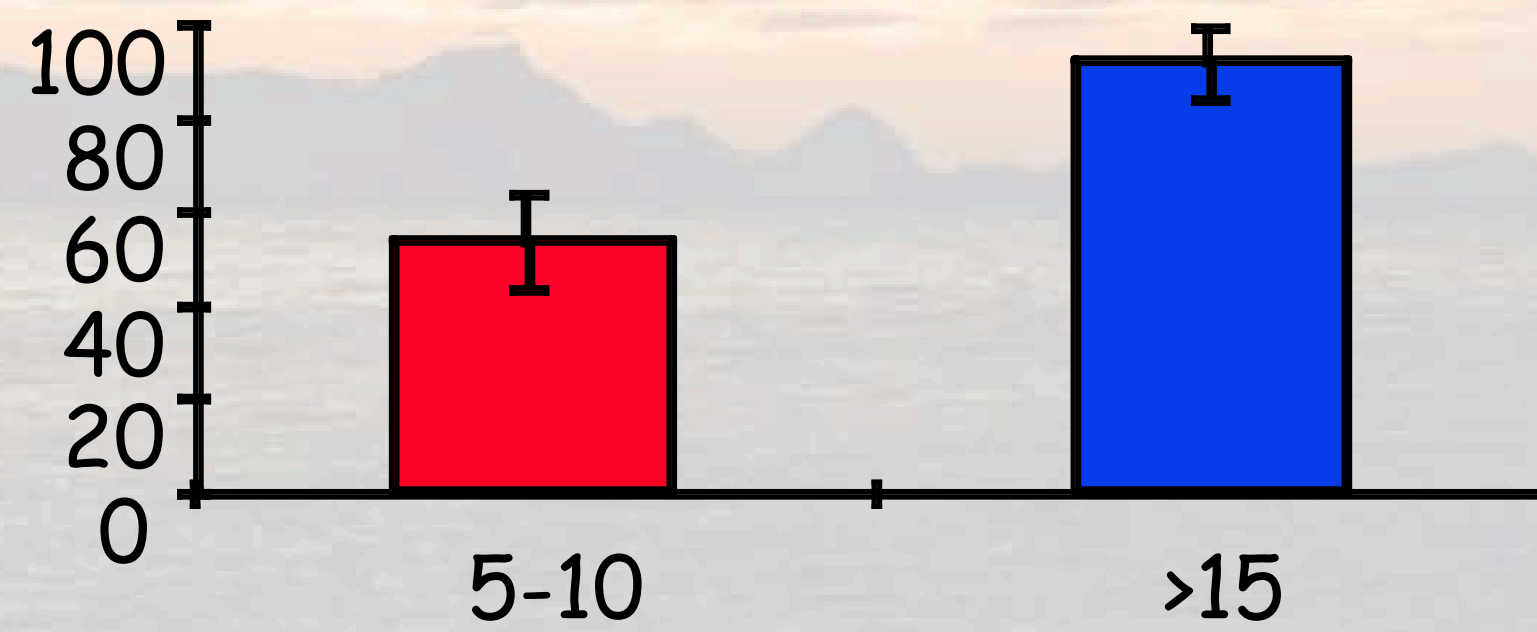
What does a krill
want to eat?



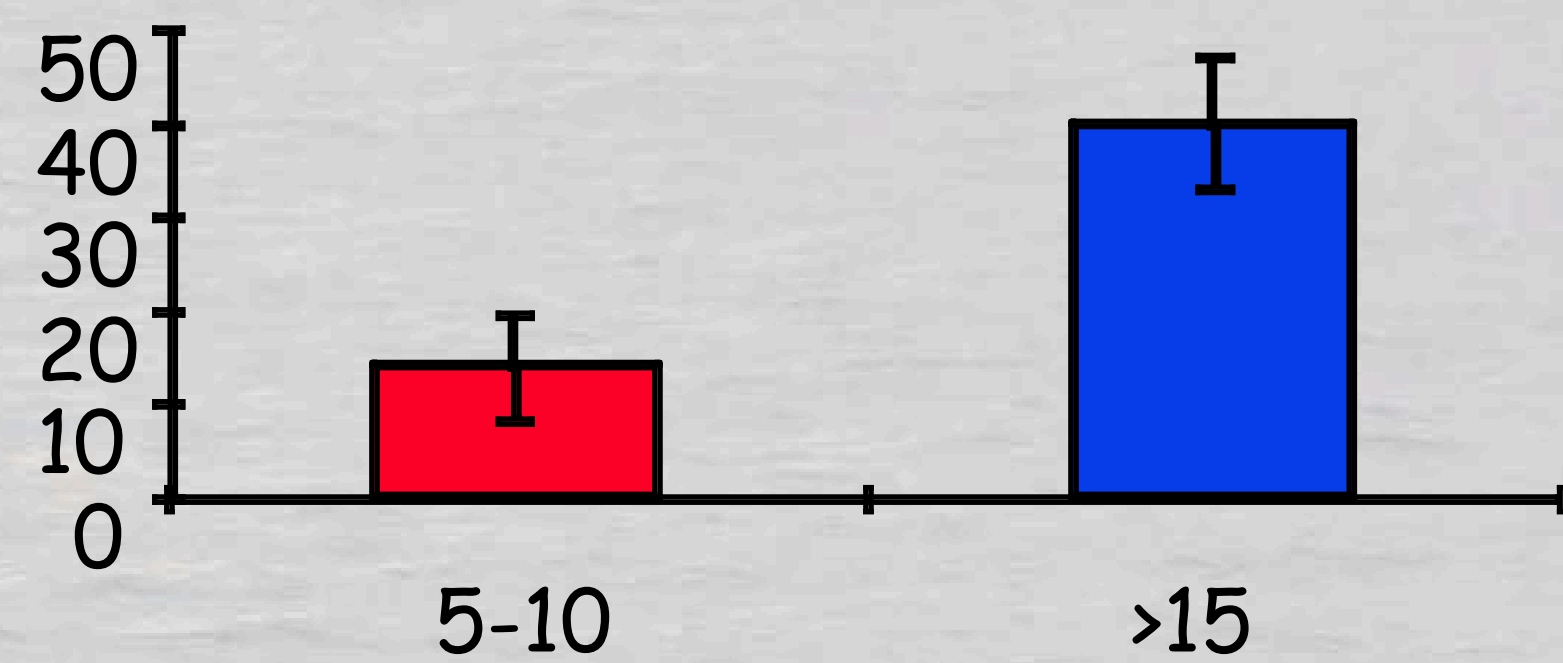
% Retention by Krill



McClatchie and Boyd 1983



Boyd *et al.* 1984



Quetin and Ross 1985

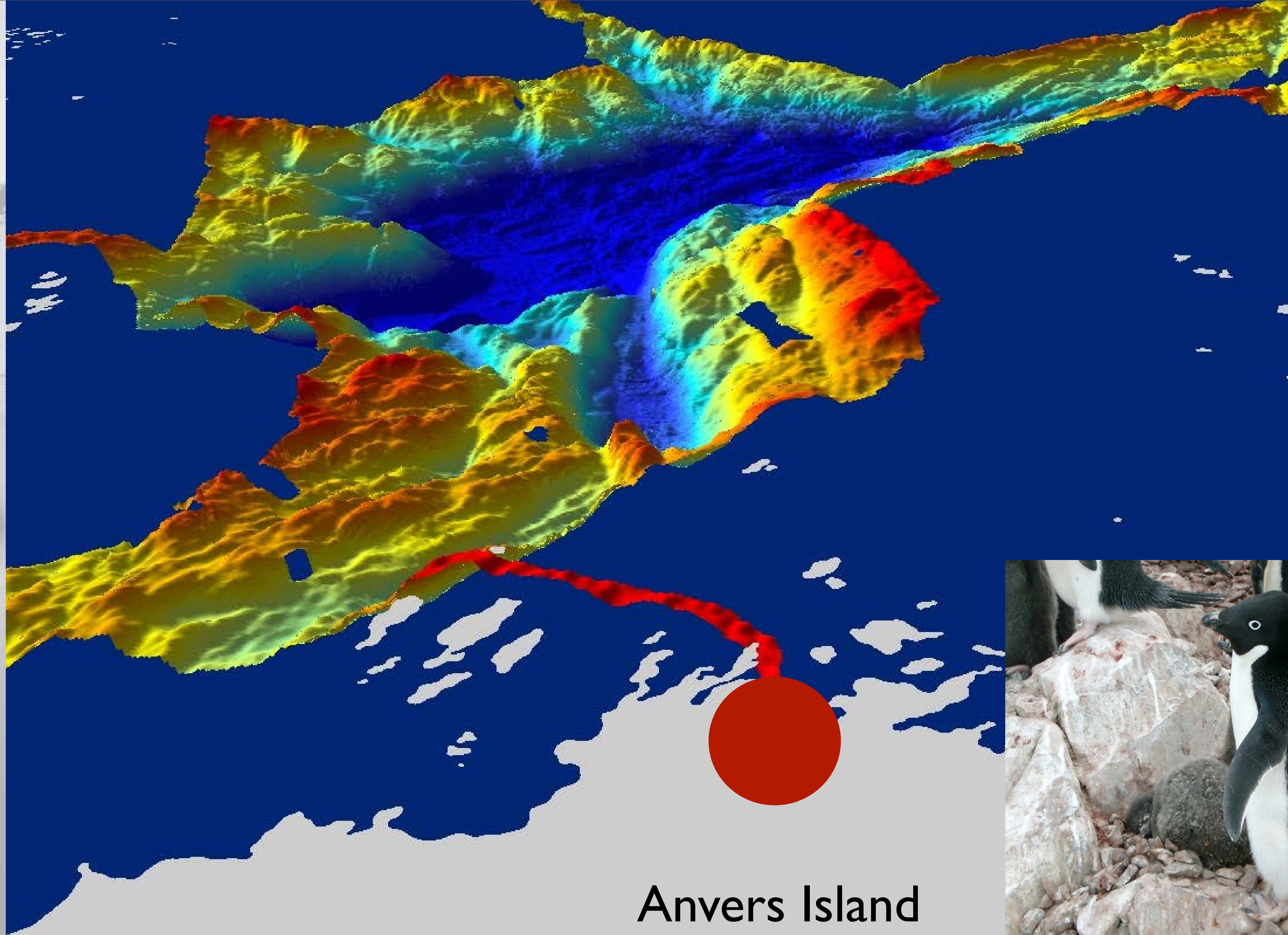
Phytoplankton Size (μm)



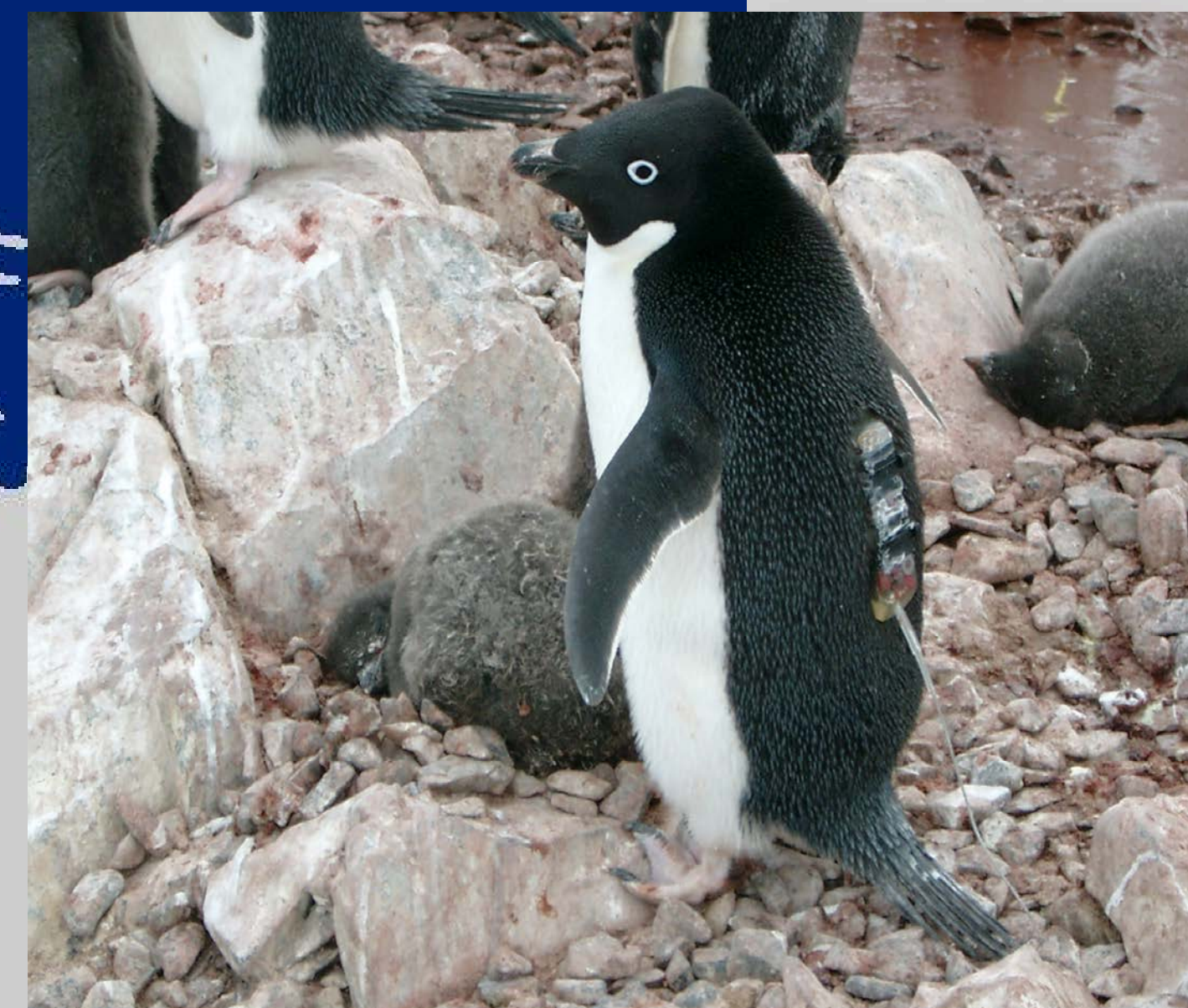
Is there an impact on higher trophic levels?

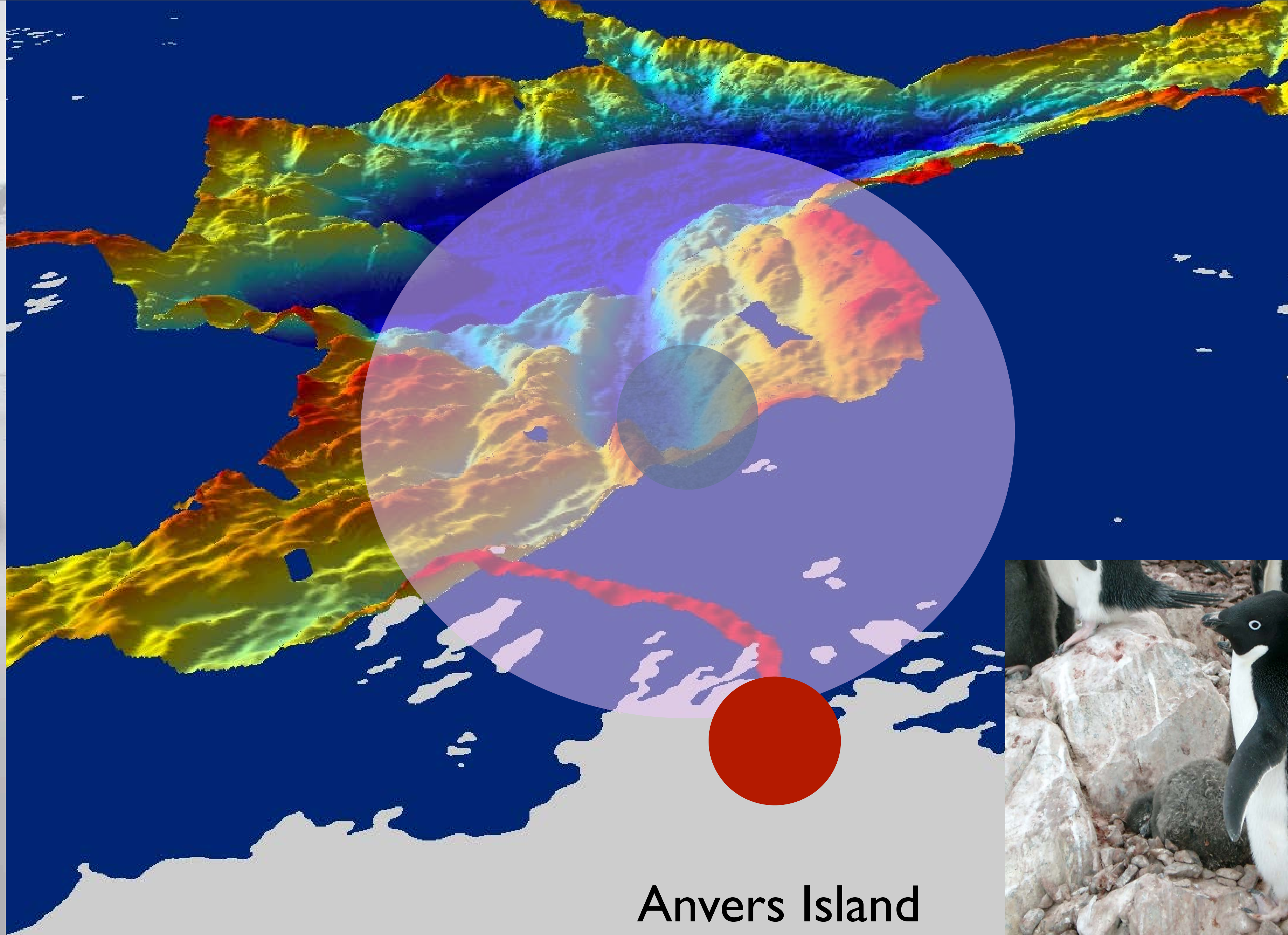






Anvers Island

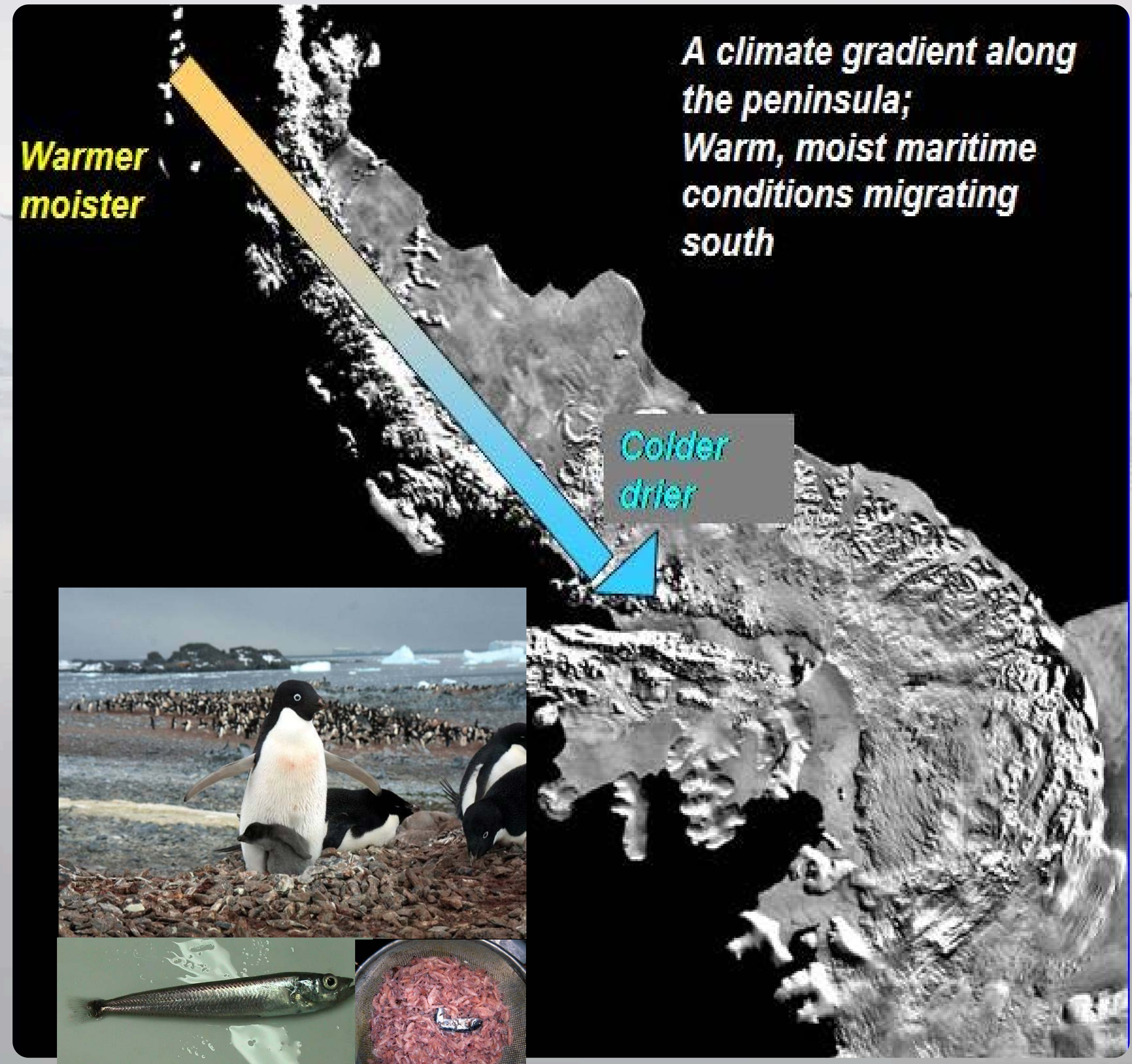




Anvers Island

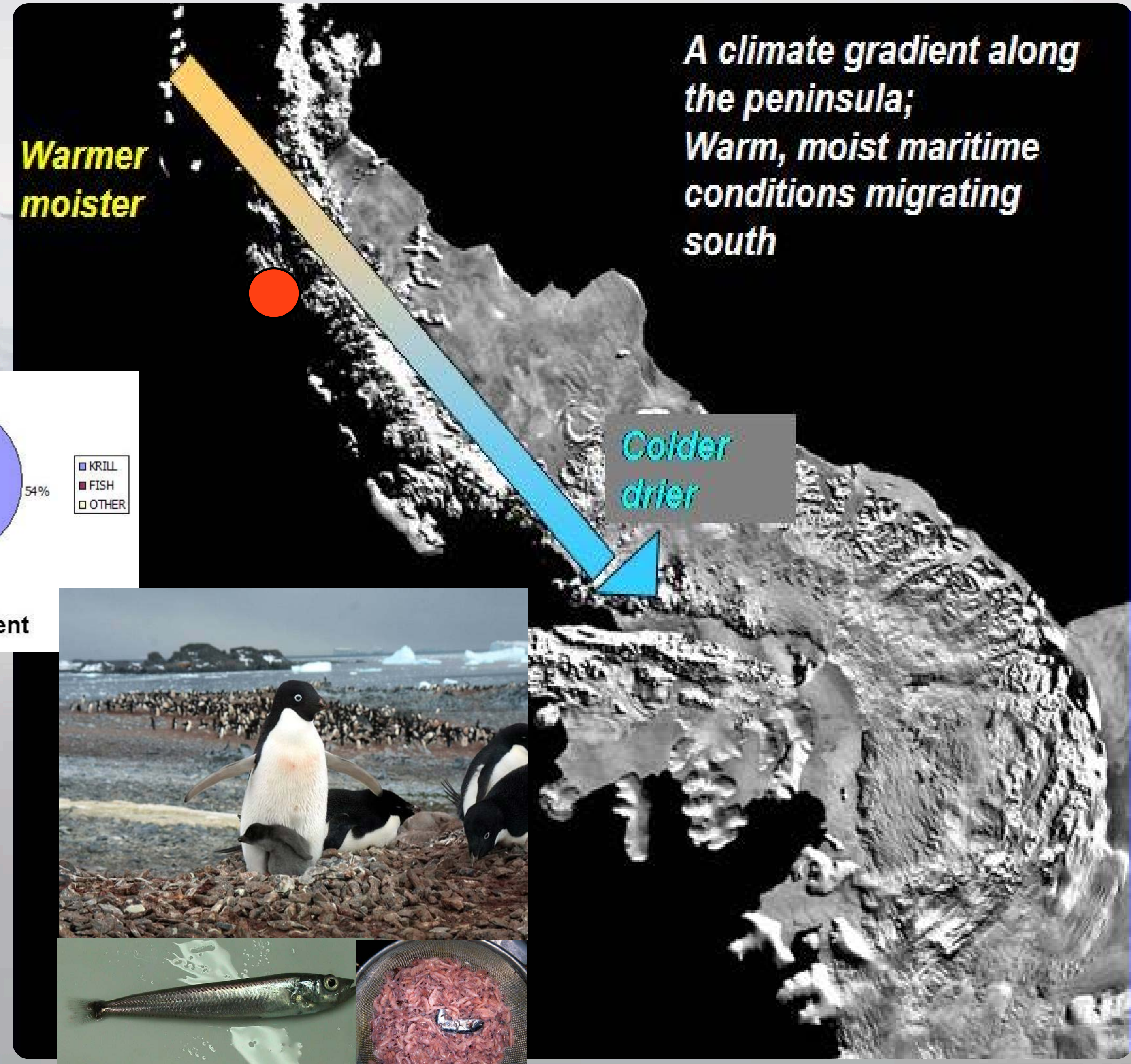
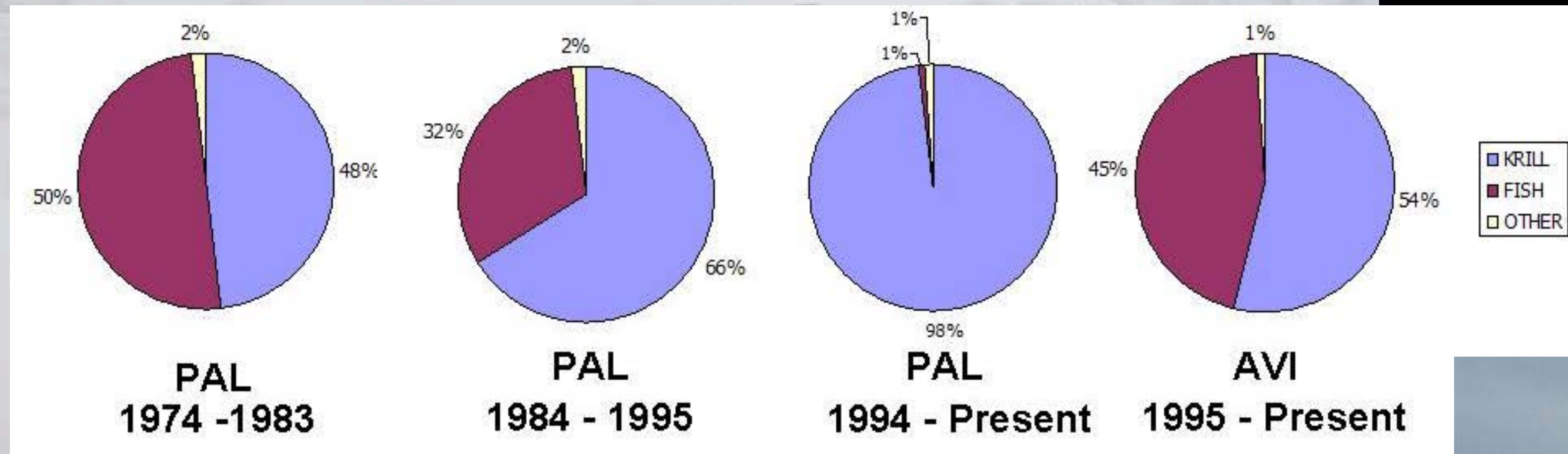
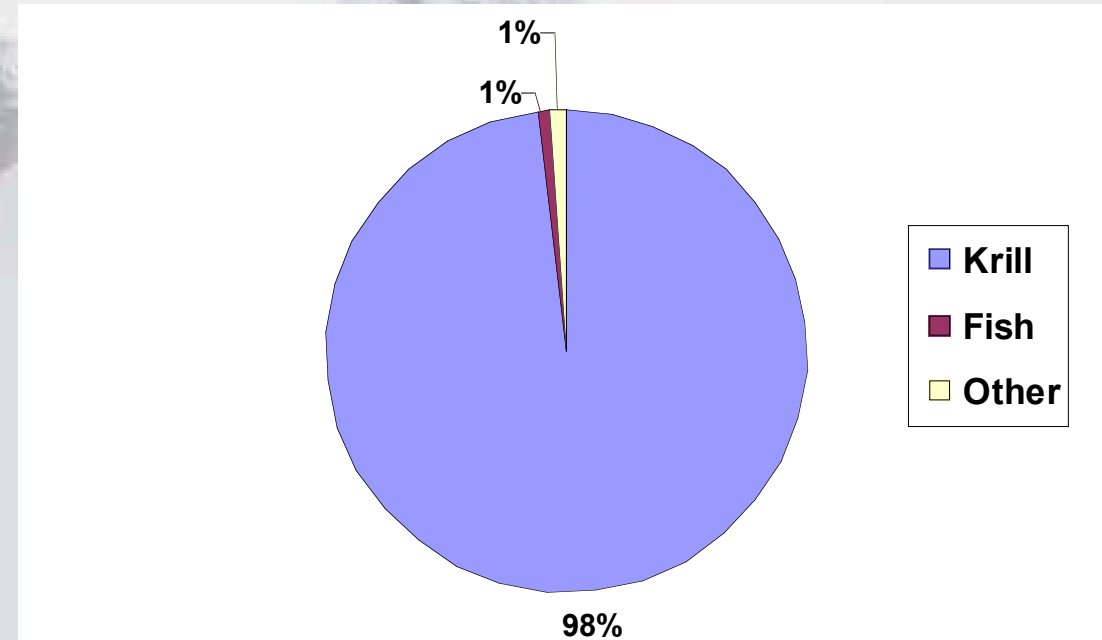


Changing diets for the Adelie penguins



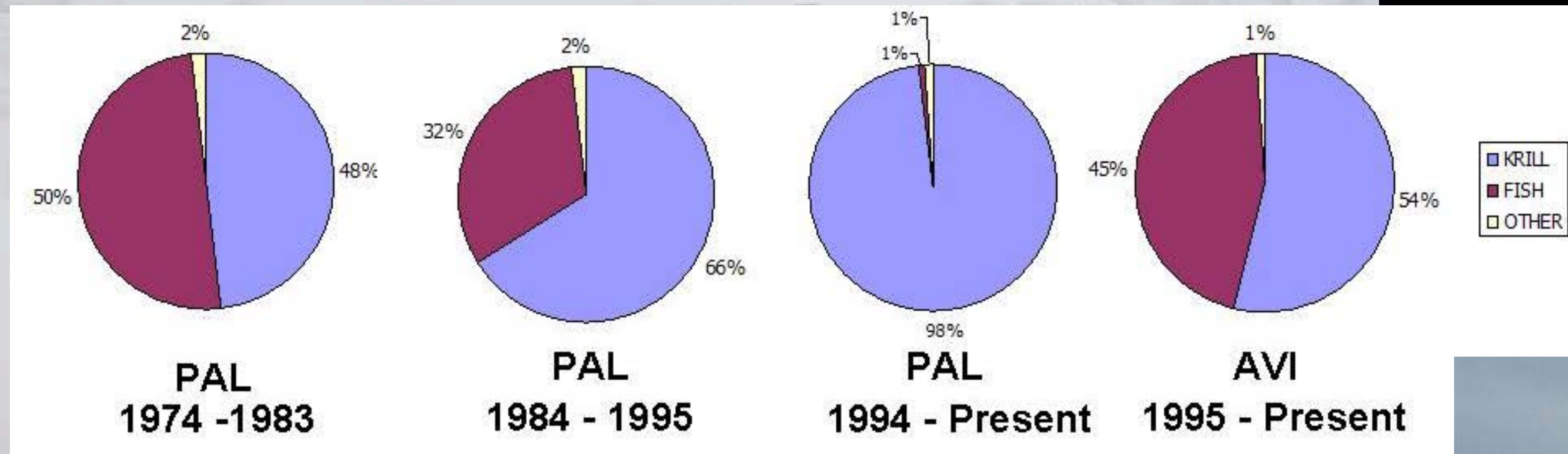
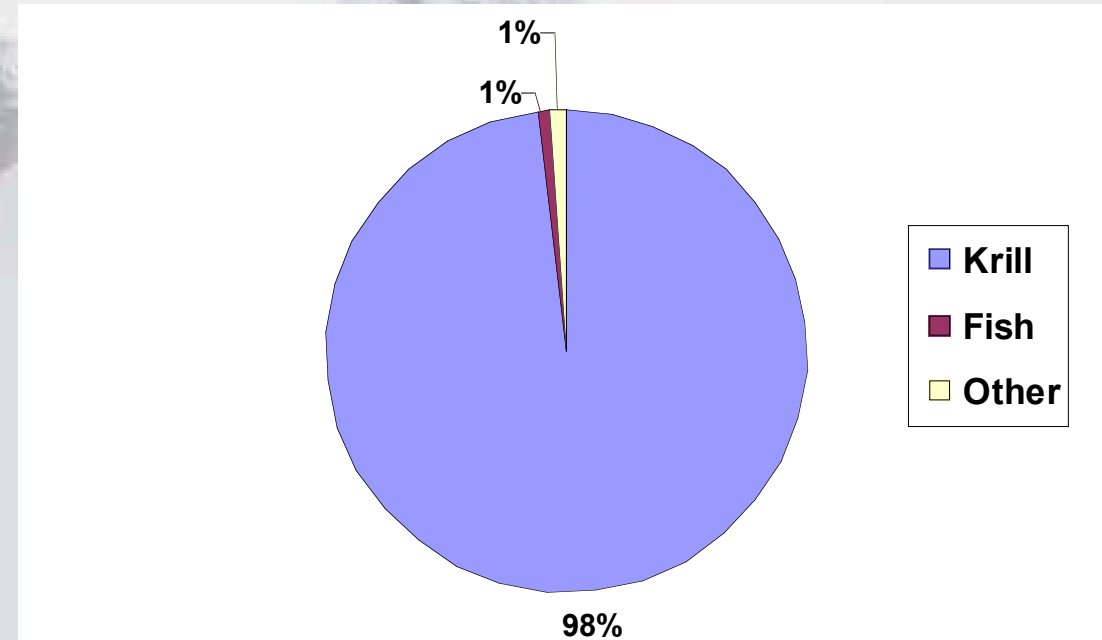
Changing diets for the Adelie penguins

1994-present

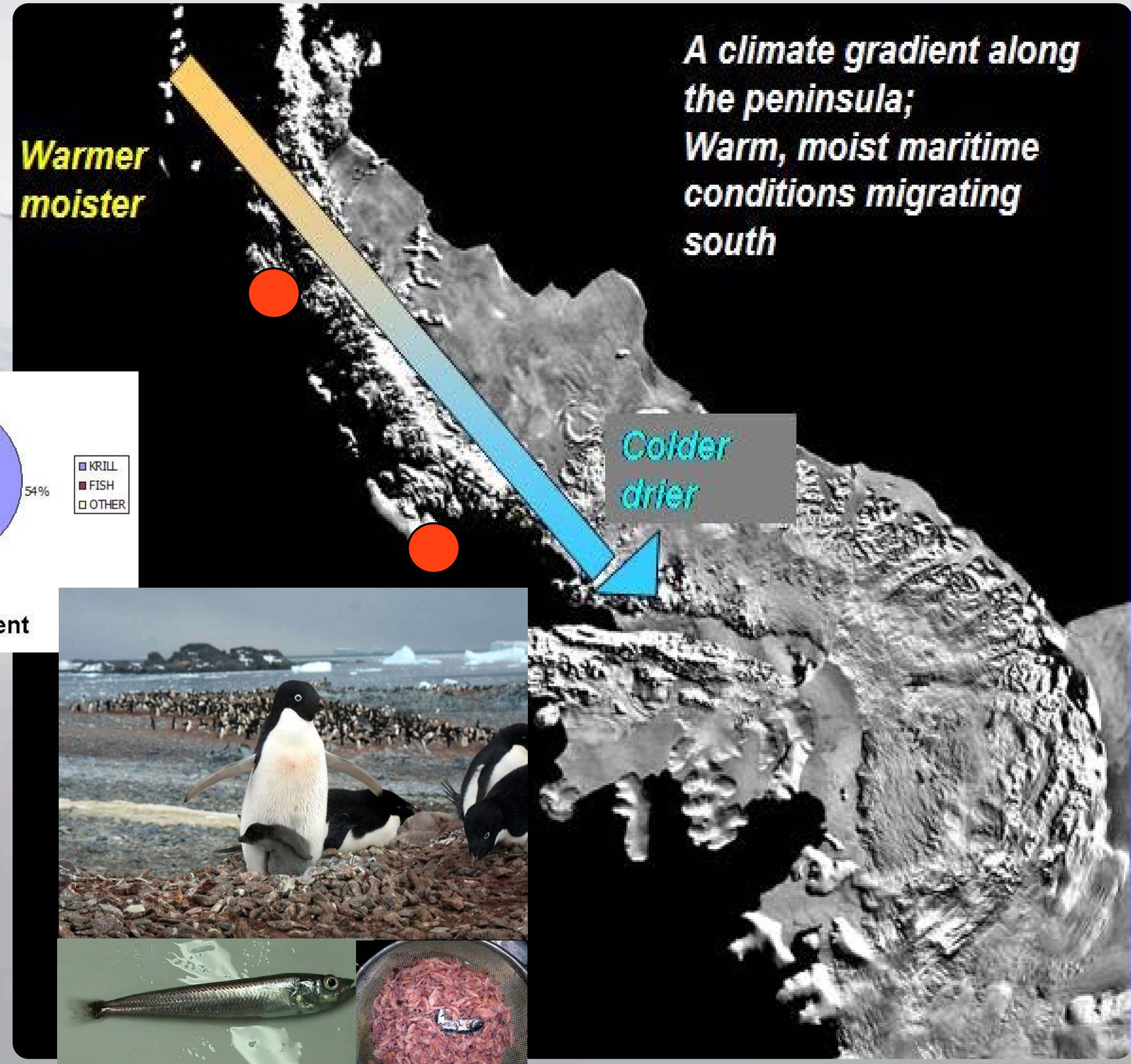
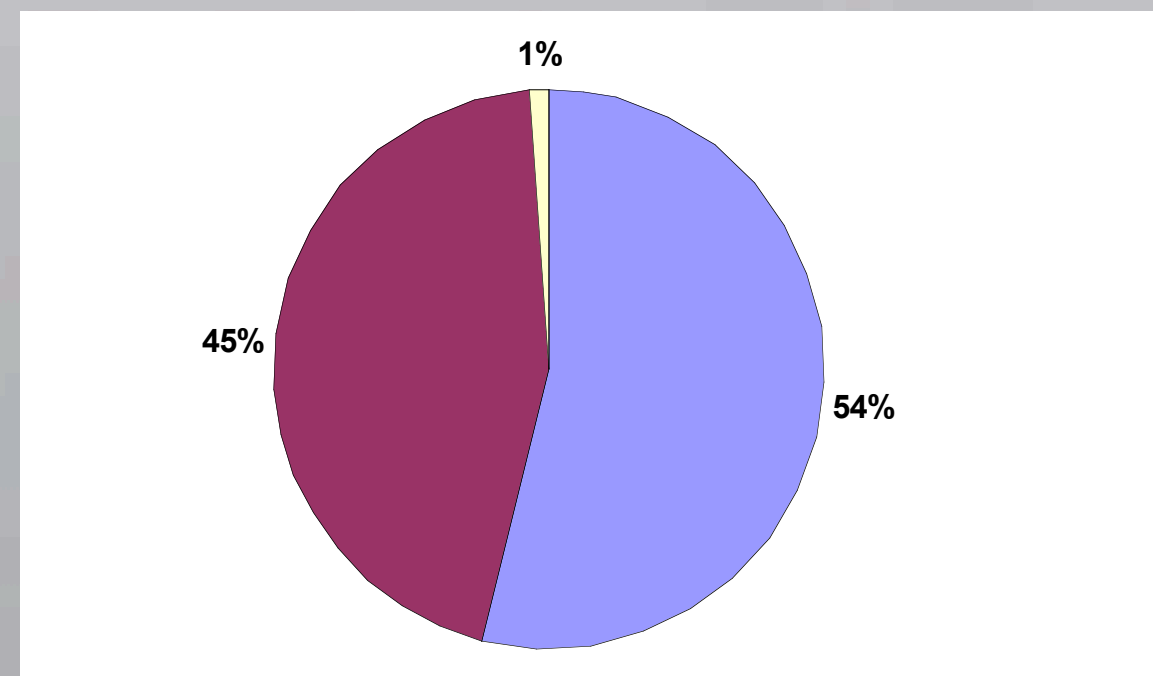


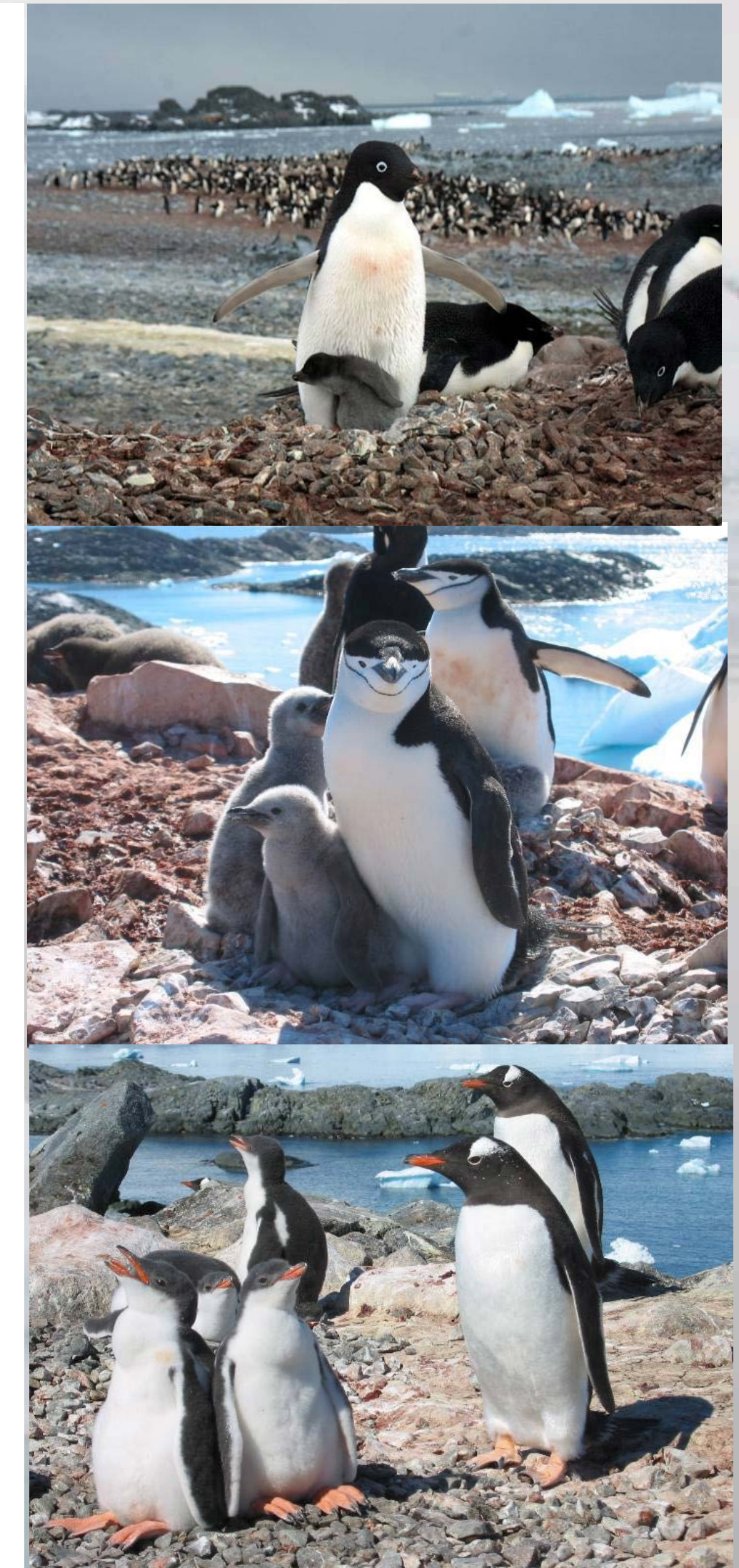
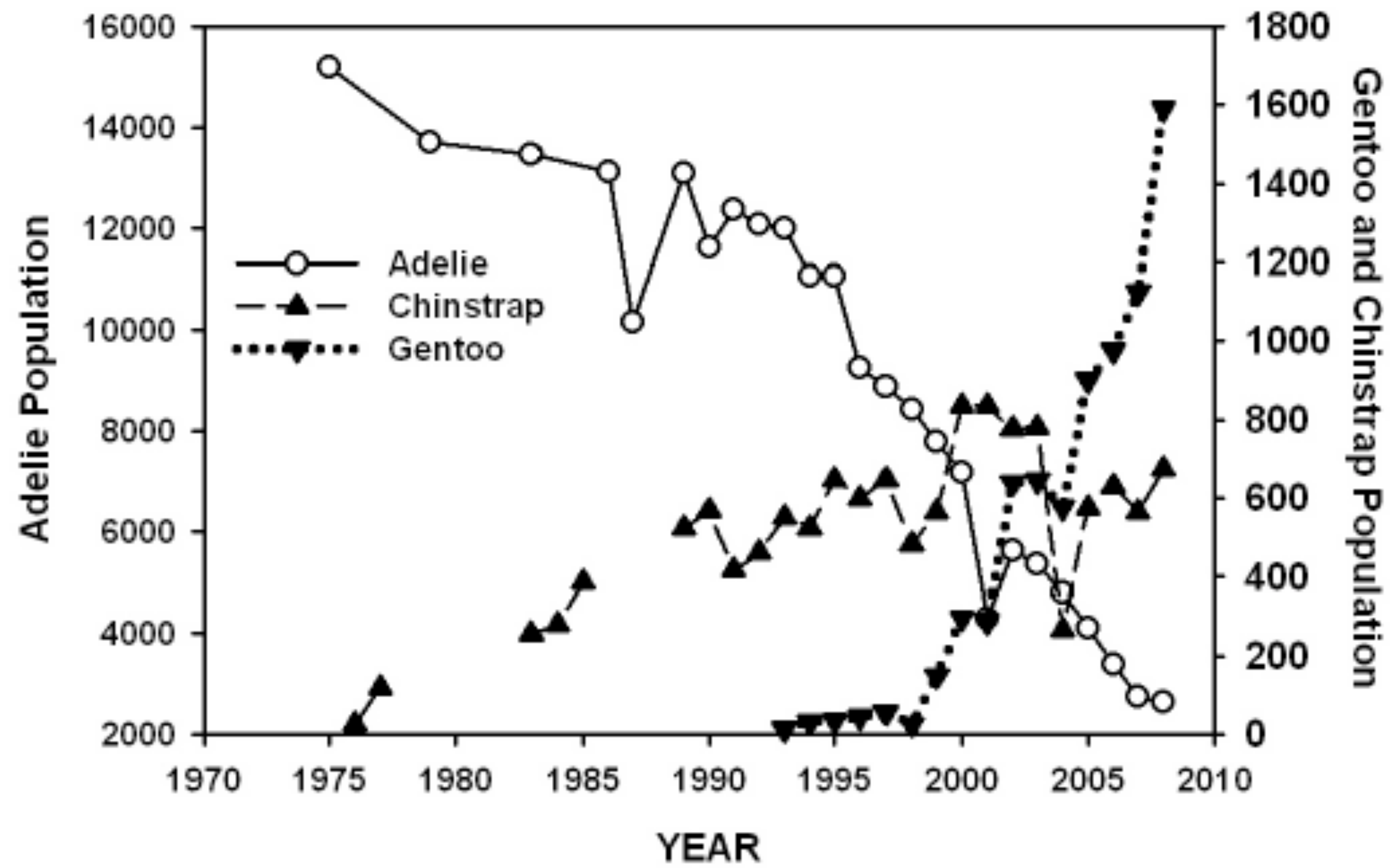
Changing diets for the Adelie penguins

1994-present



1995-present





In Situ Research- 'The Early Years'





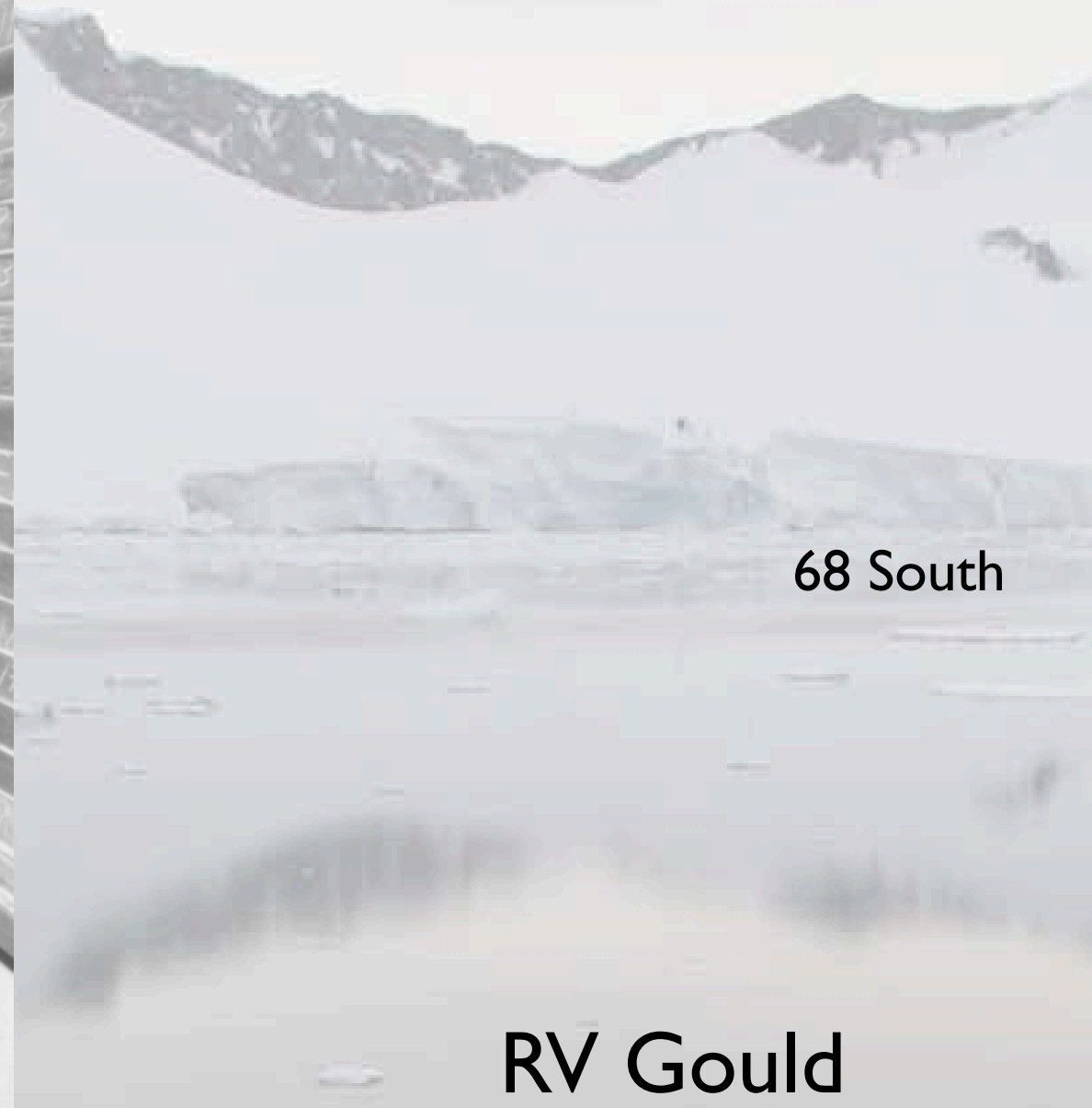


Old Day Communication



HAM Operator Coms Palmer Station 1988

Brave New Day



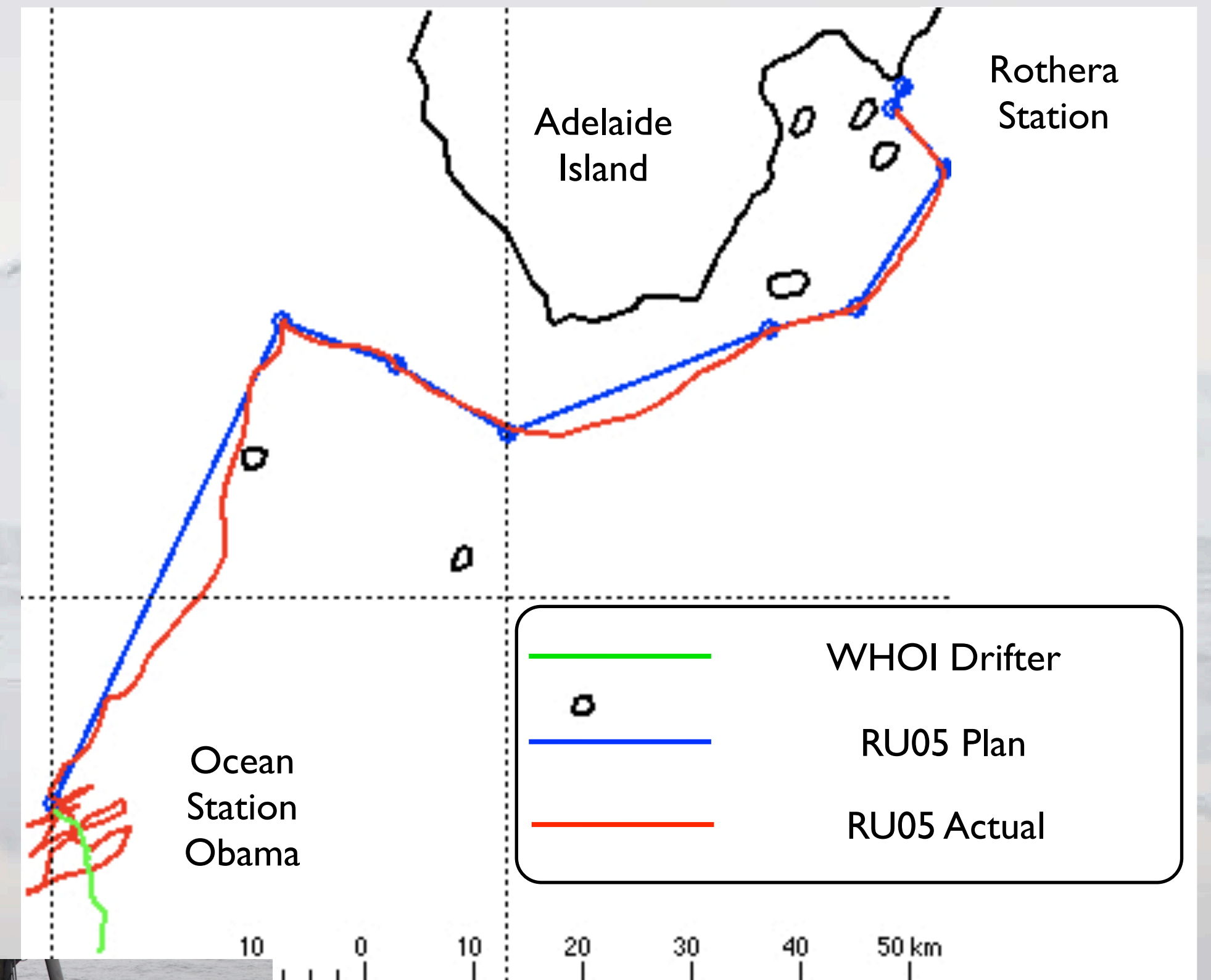
RV Gould



Rutgers
COOLroom

70 West

69 West

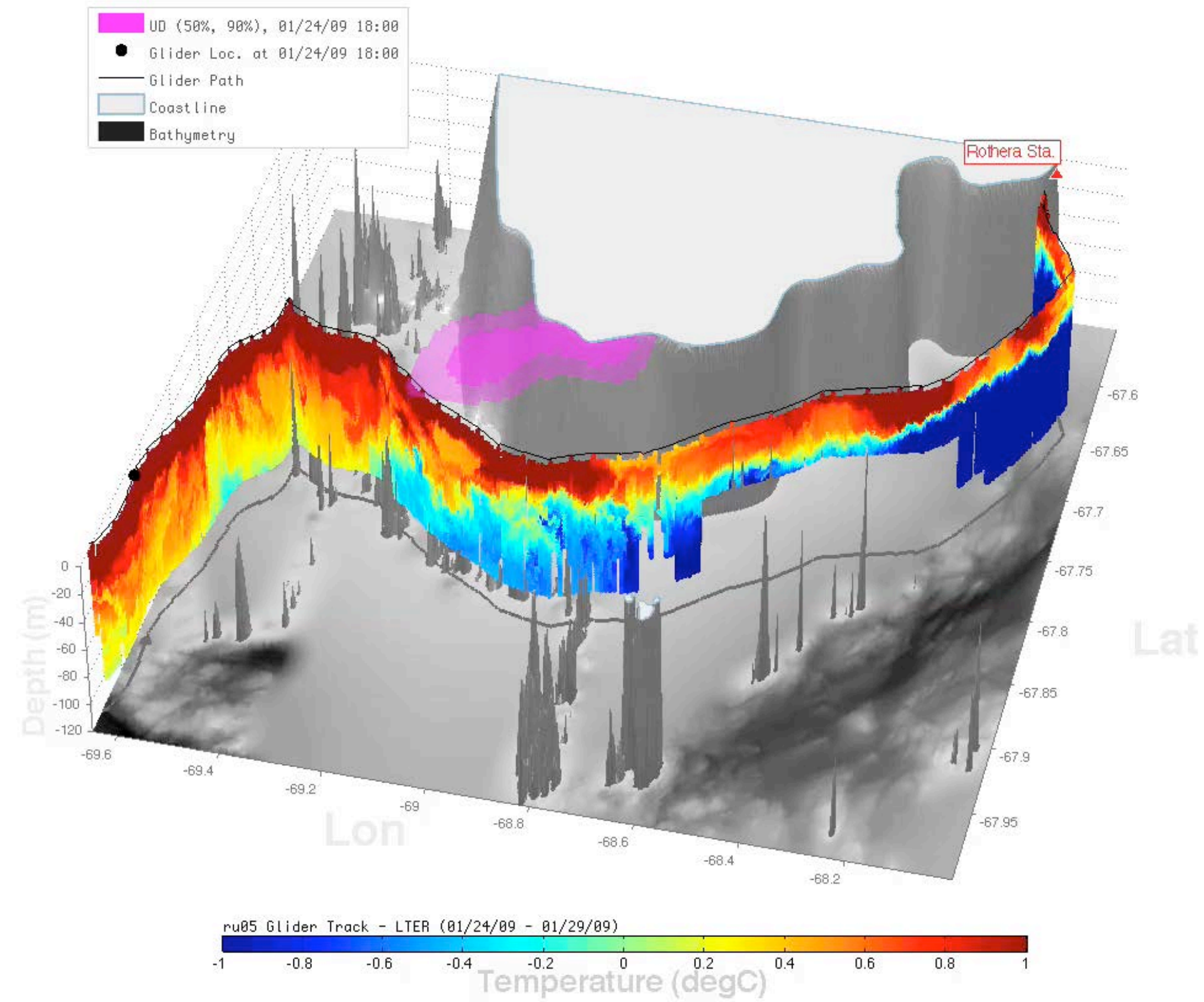


Rothera
Base

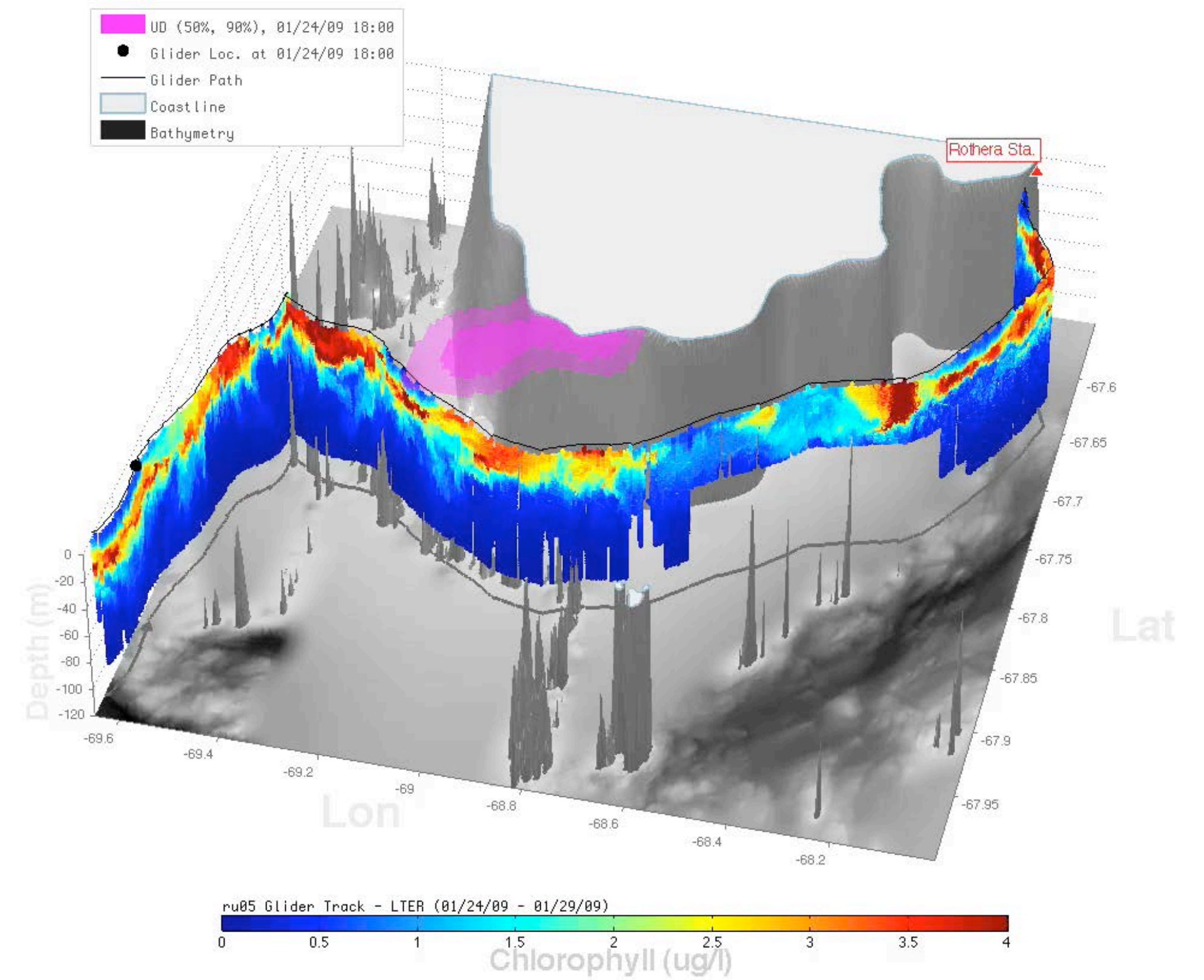
Real time
comms



Temperature from ru05's 01/24/09 - 01/29/09 deployment with overlay of 2009 penguin UD shown at 50% and 90% confidence intervals



Chlorophyll from ru05's 01/24/09 - 01/29/09 deployment with overlay of 2009 penguin UD shown at 50% and 90% confidence intervals



Conclusions:

The oceans are changing in our lifetimes.

A changing ocean will impact human society

It will be your generation that will meet the challenges, you will be at the front lines of exploration, discovery, and the leaders of living on changing power.



